

# GCSE

# **Additional Science B**

Unit B721/01: Modules B3, C3, P3 (Foundation Tier)

General Certificate of Secondary Education

### Mark Scheme for June 2014

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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#### Annotations used in scoris

Annotation	Meaning
BP	Blank Page – this annotation <b>must</b> be used on all blank pages within an answer booklet (structured or unstructured) and on each page of an additional object where there is no candidate response.
	correct response
×	incorrect response
BOD	benefit of the doubt
NBOD	benefit of the doubt <u><b>not</b></u> given
ECF	error carried forward
	information omitted
I	ignore
R	reject
CON	contradiction

Abbreviations, annotations and conventions used in the detailed Mark Scheme.

- = alternative and acceptable answers for the same marking point
- (1) = separates marking points
- **allow** = answers that can be accepted
- **not** = answers which are not worthy of credit
- **reject** = answers which are not worthy of credit
- **ignore** = statements which are irrelevant
- () = words which are not essential to gain credit
- = underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark (although not correctly spelt unless otherwise stated)
- ecf = error carried forward
- AW = alternative wording
- ora = or reverse argument

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### MARK SCHEME

Question	An	swer	Marks	Guidance
1 a i	Job transports food clots blood carry oxygen	Part of the blood plasma platelets red blood cells	2	<b>allow</b> plasma for clots blood <b>allow</b> erythrocytes/rbc/haemoglobin for carry oxygen
a ii	any two marks from make skin (cells to repair t make (red) blood (cells) (1 make white cells to fight in	he cut) (1) )	2	allow repair/replaced (damaged) cells/tissues
bi	A tricuspid (valve) (1) B left atrium (1)		2	allow phonetic spelling allow atrio-ventricular (valve) allow left atria / left auricle
b ii	right side pumps blood to the left side pumps blood to the (1)	the lungs (1) le organs/rest of the body	2	<b>allow</b> left side pumps blood to named organ except lungs <b>allow</b> left side pumps blood around the body <b>allow</b> to the body and lungs (1)
	Total		8	

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Que	estion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
2	а	amino acid	2	each incorrect tick loses a mark
		cellulose		
		glucose		
		haemoglobin		
		insulin		
		lactic acid		
	b	respiration (1)	1	<b>allow</b> higher level answer referring to type of respiration (aerobic or anaerobic respiration)
	С	any three from: pepsin does not work at pH levels greater than 3.5 / only works at pH below 3.5 (1)	3	<b>allow</b> the pH peak of pepsin is within the range 1.5 – 2.0 / pepsin only work in low(er) pH / pepsin only works in (strongly) acidic conditions <b>allow</b> pepsin doesn't work at pH 7 or 8
		intestine pH is outside this range (at 7 to 8) (1)		<b>allow</b> (idea that) intestine pH is too high / intestine is neutral / intestine is too alkaline
		trypsin does not work at pH less than 5.5 / only works between 5.5 and 10 (1)		<b>allow</b> the pH peak of trypsin is within the range 7.5 – 8.0 / trypsin works in high <b>er</b> pH <b>allow</b> trypsin doesn't work at pH 1 or 2
		stomach pH is outside this range (at 1 to 2) (1)		<b>allow</b> (idea that) stomach pH is (too) low / stomach is (too) acidic

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
			<b>allow</b> as one extra marking point, higher level responses e.g. correct mention of active site / denaturing / optimum pH (1)
	Total	6	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
3	[Level 3] identifies one feature suitable for genetic engineering AND gives one advantage of genetically engineered corn. Quality of written communication does not impede communication of the science at this level. (5 – 6 marks) [Level 2] identifies one feature suitable for genetic engineering AND gives one advantage of genetically engineered corn. Quality of written communication partly impedes communication of the science at this level. (3 – 4 marks) [Level 1] identifies one feature suitable for genetic engineering OR gives one advantage of genetically engineered corn. Quality of written communication partly impedes communication of the science at this level. (3 – 4 marks) [Level 1] identifies one feature suitable for genetic engineering OR gives one advantage of genetically engineered corn. Quality of written communication impedes communication of the science at this level. (1 – 2 marks) [Level 0] Insufficient or irrelevant science. Answer not worthy of credit. (0 marks)	6	<ul> <li>This question is targeted at grades up to C.</li> <li>Indicative scientific points at level 1, 2 and 3 may include: <ul> <li>could select (genes) for resistance to insects</li> <li>could select (genes) for resistance to disease/rotting (on stem) /frost damage/grow in different climates/altitudes</li> <li>select (genes) that enhance growth / increase photosynthesis (ability to use light / water and carbon dioxide)</li> </ul> </li> <li>advantages of genetically engineered corn <ul> <li>will get larger yield/ get more crop / harvest more</li> <li>corn not physically damaged by insects / more attractive to buy</li> <li>corn not physically damaged by pesticides / herbicides / selective weed killers</li> <li>corn produced more quickly</li> <li>improve texture/taste</li> </ul> </li> <li>risks of genetically engineered corn <ul> <li>genes put into corn may have unexpected harmful effects to animals/humans</li> <li>may pass on insect resistance to other plants/weeds</li> <li>may pass on herbicide resistance to other plants/weeds</li> <li>allow under risks idea of against moral/religious/ethical views</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	Total	6	

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Que	estion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
4	а	any <b>two</b> from:	2	
		idea of rapid increase at first (0 to 2 years) (1) idea of smooth increase / steady rise / steady growth (to about 12 to 14 years) (1) idea of growth spurt from 13 to 16 years (1)		<b>allow</b> any range or age within 13 to 16 years
		levels of at 10 - 17 years / plateau 17 - 10 years (1)		allow any year within the ranges
	b	20 (cm)(at 18) (1)	1	
	C	any two from: females are growing more/ faster/growth spurt (1) for menstrual cycle/periods (1) more breast growth (1) males and females enter puberty at different ages (1)	2	<b>allow</b> girls are bigger than boys
		Total	5	

Que	stion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
5	а	any two from:	2	
		lustrous / shiny (1) clear / transparent (1) hard (1) high melting point (1) insoluble in water (1) does not conduct (electricity) (1)		allow reflects/refracts light/sparkle ignore to break
	b	(graphite is) black / (graphite is) slippery (1)	1	allow layers can slide over each other easily allow layers can slide off onto paper allow it can leave marks on the paper allow it's a dark colour
	C	Buckminster fullerene	1	allow phonetic spelling allow buckyball not Buckminster or fullerene on their own
		Total	4	

Qu	estion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
6	а	any two from:	2	
		same mass or volume or amount of water (in copper can) (1) same mass of fuel (1) same distance between spirit burner and (copper) can (1)		allow same level of water ignore same amount of fuel allow same distance between flame and can
		use same burner each time (1) use same copper can/calorimeter each time (1) use same (size) flame or wick (1) use same temperature of water at start (1)		<b>allow</b> same beaker (as diagram in question resembles a beaker)
	b	exothermic (1)	1	<b>allow</b> correct answer ticked circled or underlined in list if answer line is blank
	c i	butanol (1)	2	
		(because) largest temperature rise / aw (1)		<b>allow</b> lowest at beginning highest at the end <b>allow</b> temperature rise/change is 21( <sup>0</sup> C) <b>ignore</b> highest temperature at the end
	ii	7600 (J) (2) BUT	2	answer must have <b>two sig figs</b> unit not needed – ignore incorrect units, unless a con, e.g. 7600 kJ
		energy released = 100 x 4.2 x 18 (1)		<ul> <li>allow 7560 (J)</li> <li>look for correct answer first, 7600 (J) on own scores 2 marks despite any other working out</li> <li>allow 7.6 kJ for two marks but 7.56 kJ is one mark</li> </ul>
		Total	7	

Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
7	а	calcium carbonate + hydrochloric acid → calcium chloride + water + carbon dioxide (1)	1	allow = instead of $\rightarrow$ not and / & / instead of + allow correct formulae but equation does not need to balance e.g. CaCO <sub>3</sub> + HCl $\rightarrow$ CaCl <sub>2</sub> + H <sub>2</sub> O + CO <sub>2</sub> allow mix of correct formulae and words
	b i	all (indigestion) tablet is used up / all calcium carbonate is used up / all hydrochloric acid is used up (1)	1	allow all reactant used up allow higher level responses to limiting reactant allow nothing left to react ignore all the tablet has dissolved
	ii	(different volumes of acid give) same reaction time / aw	1	<b>allow</b> both experiments take 68 seconds <b>allow</b> both give the same result <b>ignore</b> both give the same answer

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Question		n	Answer	Marks	Guidance
🥒 b iii		iii	[Level 3]	6	This question is targeted at grades up to C
			Identifies the two correct experiments		
			AND		Indicative scientific points may include:
			answer applies understanding of the reacting particle		• Experiments 1 and 3 support the conclusion and
			model to explain why increasing the temperature of		indicative points at level 2
			the acid will increase the rate of reaction and shorten		
			the reaction time		Indicative scientific points at level 2 may include:
			Quality of written communication does not impede		
			communication of the science at this level.		<ul> <li>At higher temperature acid particles move faster /</li> </ul>
			(5 – 6 marks)		particles have more energy
					<ul> <li>At higher temperature more (successful) collisions</li> </ul>
			[Level 2]		(between acid and tablets) / collisions (between tablets
			answer applies understanding of the reacting particle		and acid) are more energetic
			model to explain why increasing the temperature of		
			the acid will increase the rate of reaction and shorten		allow ora for reacting particle explanation
			the reaction time		
			Quality of written communication partly impedes		Indicative scientific points at level 1 may include:
			communication of the science at this level.		
			(3 - 4  marks)		<ul> <li>reaction is faster when temperature is increased</li> </ul>
					<ul> <li>Faster reaction gives a shorter reaction time</li> </ul>
			[Level 1]		
			the rate increases so the reaction time decreases		ignore faster collisions / quicker collisions
			Quality of written communication impedes		
			communication of the science at this level		
			(1 - 2  marks)		
			(1 2 marko)		
			[Level 0]		
			Insufficient or irrelevant science. Answer not worthv		
			of credit. (0 marks)		
					Use the L1, L2, L3 annotations in Scoris: do not use ticks
			Total	9	
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8 a

Question

b

С

Total

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Answer	Marks	Guidance
1.0 (g) (2)	2	
<b>BUT</b> idea that mass of reactants equals mass of products / 6.9 + 5.1 = 3.0 + mass of aspirin / 12.0 = 3.0 + mass of aspirin (1)		
30% (1)	1	<b>allow</b> correct answer ticked circled or underlined in list if answer line is blank
reaction 1 does not have 100% (atom economy) (1)	2	allow experiment 1 has got waste product
reaction 2 has 100% (atom economy) / no waste products in reaction 2 / all atoms in reactants converted into useful products (1)		
		allow reaction 2 has a higher atom economy than reaction 1 ora (1)

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Question		on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
9	а		thinking distance (1)	1	
	b	i	52 (m) (1)	1	
		ii	any one from:	1	ignore weather conditions
			alcohol (1)		
			drugs (1)		
			tiredness (1)		
			illness (1)		
			concentration (1)		
			distractions (1)		<b>allow</b> examples of distraction / no distraction e.g. children crying
			age (1)		
			reaction time(1)		
			Total	3	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
10	[Level 3]	6	This question is targeted at grades up to C.
	Describes simple changes in GPE using		Level 3 is only awarded when description includes
	equations to illustrate the answers		information about what happens when mass is doubled
	AND		
	Describes simple changes in KE using		descriptions of changes in GPE and KE when mass is
	equations to illustrate the answers		doubled may include:
	AND		<ul> <li>doubling the mass of the ball doubles the GPE</li> </ul>
	describes what happens to GPE when mass is		GPE is proportional to mass
	doubled		<ul> <li>doubling the mass of the ball doubles the KE</li> </ul>
	AND		<ul> <li>KE is proportional to mass</li> </ul>
	describes what happens to KE when mass is		<ul> <li>Idea that the energy transfers remain the same</li> </ul>
	doubled		
	quality of whiten communication does not impede		descriptions of changes in GPE and KE using equations
	(5 6 marks)		may include:
	(3 - 0  marks)		<ul> <li>equation for GPE = mgh</li> </ul>
	Describes simple changes in GPF		GPE depends on height
			<ul> <li>so the higher the ball the more GPE it has</li> </ul>
	Describes simple changes in KF		• equation for KE = $\frac{1}{2}$ mv <sup>2</sup>
	AND		<ul> <li>KE depends on velocity / KE depends on speed</li> </ul>
	Uses both equations to illustrate the answers		<ul> <li>so the faster the ball the more KE it has</li> </ul>
	Quality of written communication partly impedes		<ul> <li>when the ball is not moving (the v is 0 so) the KE is 0</li> </ul>
	communication of the science at this level		<ul> <li>the total KE + GPE is constant</li> </ul>
	(3 – 4 marks)		<ul> <li>the total KE + GPE is 100 J for any position</li> </ul>
	[Level 1]		
	Describes one simple change in GPE		descriptions of changes in GPE and KE as the ball falls
	AND		may include:
	Describes one simple change in KE		<ul> <li>GPE decreases / allow goes to 0 (J)</li> </ul>
	Quality of written communication impedes		<ul> <li>GPE decreases from 100 J to 20 J</li> </ul>
	communication of the science at this level		GPE decreases by 80 J
	(1 – 2 marks)		<ul> <li>KE increases / allow goes to 100J</li> </ul>
	[Level 0]		KE increases from 0J to 80J
	Insufficient or irrelevant science. Answer not worthy of		• KE increases by 80 J
	(0 marks)		
	(O marks)		

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
			At level 1 if no other marks awarded allow one mark for a correct equation Use the L1, L2, L3 annotations in scoris. Do not use ticks.
	Total	6	

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Question		on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
11	а		to measure distance / to see how far the car has travelled (1)	1	
	b	i	any two from to make sure the time interval is correct/accurate / 0.5 seconds / AW (1) time is needed to calculate speed (1)	2	assume: it = time since time is mentioned in the stem of the question
			<ul> <li>a (small) change (in the time) will change the speed reading / to make sure the correct speed is calculated (1)</li> <li>to be sure the speed reading is correct (to fine or prosecute the speeding motorist) (1)</li> </ul>		<b>allow</b> incorrect time will mean the car looks like it is going faster / slower than it actually is
		ii	(idea that ) the car would have passed the end of the lines / not be in photograph 2 (1)	1	<b>allow</b> car is out of view by then <b>allow</b> car has gone too far by then <b>allow</b> idea that cars speed may be changing so average value rather than accurate 'snapshot'
	C	i	no (no mark) speed of car is 8.8 (m/s) (which is below the speed limit) (2) <b>but</b> $\frac{4.4}{0.5}$ (1)	2	if yes then no marks
		ii	2 (cars) (1)	1	
			Total	7	

Question		on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
12	а		petrol (and) diesel (1)	1	both required either order allow gasoline for petrol allow LPG and diesel allow LPG and petrol ignore gas / oil
	b	i	(idea that) light (from the Sun goes onto the solar panels) (1)	1	<b>ignore</b> heat <b>allow</b> sunlight <b>ignore</b> sunshine
		ii	any two from (may travel at a) low speed (1) (not enough / less light) at night (1) (not enough / less light when) cloudy / rainy / dull / sun not out (1)	2	<b>allow</b> bad weather if clearly linked to lack of sun(light)
			only have small (capacity) batteries / AW (1)		<b>allow</b> they travel a large distance [1]
		iii	any two from make it streamlined / reduce air resistance / make it as light(weight) as possible / increase the size of the solar panels / increase the efficiency of the solar panels (1) if crash / flip over at high speeds the person inside may be injured more severely / AW (1) if moving at high speeds the person inside will need extra safety features / seatbelts / crumple zones / AW (1)	2	<b>allow</b> idea that car roof and sides are thin / car is light(weight) so little protection from crash [1]
			Total	6	

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
13	F	3	if Lift identified as either A, B, C, D or E then <b>max</b> 2 marks
	distance = 1.8 (m) / is the furthest distance (1)		if no other mark awarded then F can score 1 mark <b>allow</b> it's the highest one on the graph
	force / weight = 750 (N) / is the heaviest weight (1)		
	or		
	750 x 1.8 (2)		
	and		
	1350 (J) (1)		
	Total	3	

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