

# **GCSE**

## **Additional Science B**

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Unit B721/01: Modules B3, C3, P3 (Foundation Tier)

## Mark Scheme for June 2012

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All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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Any enquiries about publications should be addressed to:

OCR Publications PO Box 5050 Annesley NOTTINGHAM NG15 0DL

Telephone: 0870 770 6622 Facsimile: 01223 552610

E-mail: publications@ocr.org.uk

For answers marked by levels of response:

- a. Read through the whole answer from start to finish
- b. **Decide the level** that **best fits** the answer match the quality of the answer to the closest level descriptor
- c. To determine the mark within the level, consider the following:

Descriptor	Award mark
A good match to the level descriptor	The higher mark in the level
Just matches the level descriptor	The lower mark in the level

- d. Use the **L1**, **L2**, **L3** annotations in Scoris to show your decision; do not use ticks. Quality of Written Communication skills assessed in 6-mark extended writing questions include:
  - appropriate use of correct scientific terms
  - spelling, punctuation and grammar
  - developing a structured, persuasive argument
  - selecting and using evidence to support an argument
  - considering different sides of a debate in a balanced way
  - logical sequencing.

#### **Annotations**

Annotation	Meaning
<b>✓</b>	correct response
×	incorrect response
110	benefit of the doubt
2.00	benefit of the doubt <u>not</u> given
THE	error carried forward
<b>A</b>	information omitted
<b></b>	ignore
<b>I</b>	reject
[40][	contradiction
L1	Level 1
L2	Level 2
L3	Level 3

#### Abbreviations, annotations and conventions used in the detailed Mark Scheme.

= alternative and acceptable answers for the same marking point

(1) separates marking points

= answers that can be accepted allow

not answers which are not worthy of credit answers which are not worthy of credit reject = statements which are irrelevant ignore

words which are not essential to gain credit

= underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark (although not correctly spelt unless otherwise stated)

= error carried forward ecf = alternative wording ΑW or reverse argument ora

Q	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
1	(a)		fertilisation (1)	1	
	(b)		replacement of worn out cells (1) repair (of damaged tissue) (1)	2	allow asexual reproduction / cloning (1)
					ignore growth / replication
	(c)		any two from: there are no flowers / fruit (1) so only one parent (1) with the plantlets growing on extensions / AW (1) idea of extensions being runners (1)	2	allow with the young plants / offspring growing on extensions (1)
					allow offspring growing on runners (2)
			Total	5	

Q	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
2	(a)		50 (1)	1	If answer line is blank look for answer in table
	(b)		bar drawn at 38, 52 and 50 (2)	2	all three bars correct (2) one or two bars correct (1)
					allow error carried forward / if a not answered assume step ups are 50
	(c)		star jumps changes his pulse rate the most (1)	1	allow highest pulse rate (1)
	(d)	(i)	This is because my muscles need more carbon dioxide (1)	1	
		(ii)	This is because my muscles need more <b>oxygen</b> (1)	1	allow This is because my muscles produce more carbon dioxide (1) ignore more glucose ignore reference to lactic acid
			Total	6	

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Q	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
3	(a)		any three from: Sara used the whole leaf or not just the lower surface used or / AW (1)  (this made) leaf too thick (1)  (so that) light could not get through (1)  she used too much stain or the wrong stain (which made it dark) (1)  idea of not enough light source or light setting is wrong or mirror is pointing the wrong way (1)	3	allow she did not use only the lower surface (1)  but not just no light source ignore dirty lens ignore reference to incorrect focus or incorrect microscope
	(b)		platelet clot blood  white blood cell transport oxygen  red blood cell defend against disease	2	all correct (2) one or two correct (1)
			Total	5	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
4 (a)	[Level 3] Describes the structure of DNA in detail and relates this to function. Includes ideas about DNA contains a base sequence coding enzymes or attempts higher level e.g. ideas of complementary base pairs. Quality of written communication does not impede communication of the science at this level.  (5 – 6 marks)  [Level 2] Describes more than one structure of DNA and links the idea that DNA codes for proteins or states that that enzymes are proteins. Quality of written communication partly impedes communication of the science at this level.  (3 – 4 marks)  [Level 1] Describes more than one simple structural feature or mentions double helix or one function in simple terms.  Quality of written communication impedes communication of the science at this level.  (1 – 2 marks)  [Level 0] Insufficient or irrelevant science. Answer not worthy of credit.	6	This question is targeted at grades up to C  Indicative scientific points at Level 3 may include:

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Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
(b)	(i)	idea that <b>resistance</b> is caused by a gene / DNA (1)  DNA / gene is moved from the wild plant to the crop plant (1)	2	not immune ignore chromosomes allow the resistance gene is moved from wild to crop plant (2)
	(ii)	any one from: potato might be poisonous / might change taste / might not get as high a yield (1)	1	ignore may have side / harmful effects allow some people may have allergies / makes people ill (1) allow might spread to weeds etc (1) allow might be less nutritious (1)
		Total	9	

Q	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
5	(a)		semiconductors (1)	1	
	(b)		strong (1)	1	
			Total	2	

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5.2.70.	Mark Contino	<b>0</b> 4110 <b>2</b> 012

Questi	ion Answer	Marks	Guidance
6	B because it conducts electricity/ good conductor (1)	2	no mark for <b>B</b> on its own
	has a melting point above 950°C (1)		<b>allow B</b> has a high melting point / will not melt in the liquid its melting point is 3652°C (1)
			allow A has a high melting point / will not melt in the liquid (1) but A has a high melting point and does not conduct (0)
			allow C is a good conductor (1) but C is a good conductor and has a low melting point (0)
			ignore reference to hardness
	Tota	2	

Question Answer	Marks	Guidance
Describes at least two costs and explain at least one of these costs involved and explains why drugs need to be tested before they are used.  Quality of written communication does not impede communication of the science at this level.  (5 – 6 marks)  [Level 2]  Describes at least two costs involved and explains why drugs need to be tested before they are used or Describes at least two costs involved and explains one of them Quality of written communication partly impedes communication of the science at this level.  (3 – 4 marks)  [Level 1] Describes at least two costs involved or begins to explain why drugs need to be tested before they are used. Quality of written communication impedes communication of the science at this level.  (1 – 2 marks)  [Level 0] Insufficient or irrelevant science such as repeating the question. Answer not worthy of credit.	6	This question is targeted at grades up to E explanations that may be included  raw materials can be expensive as harvests can fail / large amount have to be grown / difficult to find  secure conditions needed in factory as drugs can be used as an illegal drug  testing / development is time consuming therefore expensive  batch process used which is more expensive than continuous / labour intensive  extraction / production expensive as need to be pure  expensive transport as raw materials may be imported to UK / transport needs to be secure (if drugs are dangerous)  marketing expensive as you have to pay for advertising reasons for testing that may be included  drugs need to be tested to ensure they are safe tested to make sure they work descriptions that may be included  labour costs energy costs cost of raw materials cost of extraction of raw material cost of manufacturing equipment / uses batch process cost of transport marketing time needed to research or development cost of testing

B721/01	Mark Scheme	June 2012
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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
(b)	any two from: so others can test to see if it works (1) so others can show it is safe (1)	2	
	so others can develop the drug further / modify the drug (1)		
	lets doctors / patients / pharmacists know about the drug (1)		ignore let other people know about the drug
	Total	8	

B721/01	Mark Scheme	June 2012
5.2.70.	Mark Contino	<b>0</b> 4110 <b>2</b> 012

Q	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
8	(a)	(i)	15 (cm <sup>3</sup> ) (1)	1	<b>allow</b> 15 – 15.5
		(ii)	slows down then (reaction) stops (1)	2	ignore starts fast not rate increases rapidly / rate goes up
			gradient of graph becomes less steep / AW (1)		allow by looking at the gradient (1) allow line levels off / line steeper at start (1)
	(b)		any two from: powder the zinc / make the zinc into smaller lumps (1)	2	allow she can increase the surface area (1)
			increase the temperature (of the reaction) (1)		
			increase the concentration of the hydrochloric <b>acid</b> (1)		ignore strength of acid
					allow stir the reaction (1)
					ignore changes in volumes or amounts ignore references to pressure
	(c)		A slow reaction producing a small volume of gas	1	more than one tick scores zero
			A slow reaction producing a large volume of gas		
			A fast reaction producing a small volume of gas		
			A fast reaction producing a large volume of gas ✓		
			(1)		
			Total	6	

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Question		on	Answer		Guidance	
9	(a)		125 (1)	1		
	(b)	(i)	$ZnCO_3 \rightarrow ZnO + CO_2 (1)$	1	allow = instead of → allow multiples not and or & instead of + not ZNCo <sub>3</sub> or Zno or Co <sub>2</sub>	
		(ii)	1.32 (g) (1)	1		
		(iii)	3.24 (g) (1)	1	If no answer look in table	
			Total	4		

C	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
10	(a)		7560(J) (2)	2	mark answer line first
			100 x 4.2 x 18 (1)		allow 151.2 (1)
	(b)		C because it releases or transfers the most energy (1)	1	no mark for <b>C</b> on its own allow ecf from (a) allow has the highest energy (1)
			Total	3	

Q	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
11	(a)		speed calculation 32.1 (2) but if answer is incorrect 17.68 ÷ 0.55 (1)	2	if answer space is blank <b>allow</b> correct answer (2) or correct division (1) in the table <b>allow</b> 32 / 32.15 / 32.145455 / 32.145 (2) <b>but</b> 32.2 / 32.0 / 32.14(1)
	(b)		first ball is fastest delivery / AW (1)	2	assume answer is referring to first ball unless stated differently  allow bowled the ball faster(1)
			reason released with greatest force or acceleration (from hand) / AW (1)		allow bowled the ball harder or ran up faster or has greater thrust (1)  allow ecf from 11(a) e.g. (28.0) is the slowest (1) so released with less force (1) allow reverse argument
			Total	4	

Q	uestio	n Answer	Marks	Guidance
12	(a)	0.13 (2) <b>but if answer is incorrect</b> 5.1 ÷ 40 (1)	3	allow 0.1275 (2) but 0.12 / 0.127 (1)
		unit m/s² or m/metres per second² or m/metres per second squared		allow ms <sup>-2</sup> allow metres per second per second or m per s per s
	(b)	any two from: (X) no acceleration (1)	3	assume it refers to acceleration e.g. it stays the same in X (0) allow steady speed / constant speed(1) not acceleration stays the same ignore cruising speed
		(Y) deceleration or negative acceleration (1)		allow slows down (1) not acceleration goes down
		(Z) idea that here there is <b>greater</b> deceleration or negative acceleration (compared to Y) / AW (1)		allow same time as Y but bigger speed change (1) allow slows down if not mentioned for Y (1)
		AND correctly links the shape of the graph to at least one description of X, Y or Z (1)		e.g. no acceleration at X as line is horizontal (2) e.g. deceleration at y as line goes down (2) ignore just 'straight line' unless qualified
				maximum of 2 marks if no mention of the gradient
				e.g. X has no change in speed then they slow down then they slow down but with greater deceleration (2)
				e.g. X has no change in speed as the line is flat then they slow down then they slow down but with greater deceleration (3)
		Total	6	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
13	[Level 3] Describes at least one advantage and one disadvantage with detailed explanation e.g. specific reference to effects of named pollutants and describes one way effect of cars can be monitored or tested  Quality of written communication does not impede communication of the science at this level. (5 – 6 marks)  [Level 2] Describes at least one advantage and one disadvantage with explanations or Describes at least one advantage and one disadvantage without explanation and describes one way cars can be monitored or tested  Quality of written communication partly impedes communication of the science at this level. (3 – 4 marks)  [Level 1] Describes one way cars can be monitored or tested.  Quality of written communication impedes communication of the science at this level. (1 – 2 marks)  [Level 0] Insufficient or irrelevant science. Answer not worthy of credit. (0 marks)	6	This question is targeted at grades up to C advantages may include:  lower noise levels / quieter cars  less pollution  less petrol or diesel / oil reserves / fossil fuels used  lower noise levels linked to benefit to society / environment  lower / less CO <sub>2</sub> emissions so less effect on global warming  could improve road safety due to generally lower speeds.  petrol or diesel / oil reserves / fossil fuels which are needed for other things or are fast running out  lower / CO <sub>2</sub> emissions / less greenhouse gases  disadvantages may include:  pedestrians can't hear cars  power stations still need to produce electricity  cars can't travel as far / fast  quiet(er) cars could be a danger to pedestrians  electricity produced at a power station and power stations release greenhouse gases  construction of charging points / batteries could add to pollution  electricity production needs fossil fuels  not enough power points to recharge  monitoring point may include:  monitoring CO <sub>2</sub> levels to look for a reduction  monitoring results to assess any real benefit check / monitor accident figures for any change.
	Total	6	

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
14	Matthew (1) and Miriam (1)	2	any order if answer line is blank <b>allow</b> answers ticked, ringed beside the talking heads if more than two names reduce by (1) for each additional name to a minimum of zero
	Total	2	

Q	uesti	on	Answer		Marks	Guidance
15	(a)	(i)	18.0 56.0		1	allow 18 and 56 all have to be correct for the mark
		(ii)	idea that as speed increases stopping <b>distance</b> increases (rapidly) (1)  increased stopping distance means more chance of collision / accident / harming a pedestrian (1)		2	allow the faster you are going the greater the breaking / thinking distance (1)
	(b)	(i)	all points correctly plotted and straight li	` ,	1	
	(c)	(ii)	idea that thinking distance shows a steady increase and braking distance increases more rapidly (1)		2	allow breaking distance becomes greater than thinking distance (as speed increases) /ora (1) but not breaking distance is always greater than thinking distance allow ecf if graph is plotted incorrectly all four correct = (2)
			safety prevents accidents  ABS ✓	protects car occupants		2 or 3 correct = (1) 1 correct = (0)
			crumple	✓		
			air	✓		
			electric ✓			
			traction (✓)			
			Tota		7	

**OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations)** 1 Hills Road Cambridge **CB1 2EU** 

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