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...day June 20XX – Morning/Afternoon

**GCSE (9–1) Combined Science (Physics) A (Gateway Science)
J250/05 Paper 5 (Foundation Tier)**

SAMPLE MARK SCHEME

Duration: 1 hour 10 minutes

MAXIMUM MARK 60

DRAFT

This document consists of 12 pages

MARKING INSTRUCTIONS**PREPARATION FOR MARKING****SCORIS**

1. Make sure that you have accessed and completed the relevant training packages for on-screen marking: *scoris assessor Online Training*; *OCR Essential Guide to Marking*.
2. Make sure that you have read and understood the mark scheme and the question paper for this unit. These are posted on the RM Cambridge Assessment Support Portal <http://www.rm.com/support/ca>
3. Log-in to scoris and mark the **required number** of practice responses (“scripts”) and the **required number** of standardisation responses.

YOU MUST MARK 10 PRACTICE AND 10 STANDARDISATION RESPONSES BEFORE YOU CAN BE APPROVED TO MARK LIVE SCRIPTS.

MARKING

1. Mark strictly to the mark scheme.
2. Marks awarded must relate directly to the marking criteria.
3. The schedule of dates is very important. It is essential that you meet the scoris 50% and 100% (traditional 50% Batch 1 and 100% Batch 2) deadlines. If you experience problems, you must contact your Team Leader (Supervisor) without delay.
4. If you are in any doubt about applying the mark scheme, consult your Team Leader by telephone, email or via the scoris messaging system.
5. Work crossed out:
 - a. where a candidate crosses out an answer and provides an alternative response, the crossed out response is not marked and gains no marks
 - b. if a candidate crosses out an answer to a whole question and makes no second attempt, and if the inclusion of the answer does not cause a rubric infringement, the assessor should attempt to mark the crossed out answer and award marks appropriately.
6. Always check the pages (and additional objects if present) at the end of the response in case any answers have been continued there. If

the candidate has continued an answer there then add a tick to confirm that the work has been seen.

7. There is a NR (No Response) option. Award NR (No Response)
 - if there is nothing written at all in the answer space
 - OR if there is a comment which does not in any way relate to the question (e.g. 'can't do', 'don't know')
 - OR if there is a mark (e.g. a dash, a question mark) which isn't an attempt at the question.

Note: Award 0 marks – for an attempt that earns no credit (including copying out the question).
8. The scoris **comments box** is used by your Team Leader to explain the marking of the practice responses. Please refer to these comments when checking your practice responses. **Do not use the comments box for any other reason.** If you have any questions or comments for your Team Leader, use the phone, the scoris messaging system, or email.
9. Assistant Examiners will send a brief report on the performance of candidates to their Team Leader (Supervisor) via email by the end of the marking period. The report should contain notes on particular strengths displayed as well as common errors or weaknesses. Constructive criticism of the question paper/mark scheme is also appreciated.
10. For answers marked by levels of response:

Read through the whole answer from start to finish, using the Level descriptors to help you decide whether it is a strong or weak answer. The indicative scientific content in the Guidance column indicates the expected parameters for candidates' answers, but be prepared to recognise and credit unexpected approaches where they show relevance. Using a 'best-fit' approach based on the skills and science content evidenced within the answer, first decide which set of level descriptors, Level 1, Level 2 or Level 3, best describes the overall quality of the answer. Once the level is located, award the higher or lower mark:

The higher mark should be awarded where the level descriptor has been evidenced and all aspects of the communication statement (in italics) have been met.

The lower mark should be awarded where the level descriptor has been evidenced but aspects of the communication statement (in italics) are missing.

In summary:

The skills and science content determines the level.

The communication statement determines the mark within a level.

11. Annotations

Annotation	Meaning
DO NOT ALLOW	Answers which are not worthy of credit
IGNORE	Statements which are irrelevant
ALLOW	Answers that can be accepted
()	Words which are not essential to gain credit
—	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
ECF	Error carried forward
AW	Alternative wording
ORA	Or reverse argument

12. Subject-specific Marking Instructions

INTRODUCTION

Your first task as an Examiner is to become thoroughly familiar with the material on which the examination depends. This material includes:

- the specification, especially the assessment objectives
- the question paper
- the mark scheme.

You should ensure that you have copies of these materials.

You should ensure also that you are familiar with the administrative procedures related to the marking process. These are set out in the OCR booklet **Instructions for Examiners**. If you are examining for the first time, please read carefully **Appendix 5 Introduction to Script Marking: Notes for New Examiners**.

Please ask for help or guidance whenever you need it. Your first point of contact is your Team Leader.

The breakdown of Assessment Objectives for GCSE (9–1) in Combined Science A (Gateway Science):

	Assessment Objective
AO1	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas and scientific techniques and procedures.
AO1.1	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas.
AO1.2	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific techniques and procedures.
AO2	Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas and scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures.
AO2.1	Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas.
AO2.2	Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures.
AO3	Analyse information and ideas to interpret and evaluate, make judgements and draw conclusions and develop and improve experimental procedures.
AO3.1	Analyse information and ideas to interpret and evaluate.
AO3.1a	Analyse information and ideas to interpret.
AO3.1b	Analyse information and ideas to evaluate.
AO3.2	Analyse information and ideas to make judgements and draw conclusions.
AO3.2a	Analyse information and ideas to make judgements.
AO3.2b	Analyse information and ideas to draw conclusions.
AO3.3	Analyse information and ideas to develop and improve experimental procedures.
AO3.3a	Analyse information and ideas to develop experimental procedures.
AO3.3b	Analyse information and ideas to improve experimental procedures.

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Mark Scheme

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SECTION A

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
1	D	1	1.1	
2	D	1	2.1	
3	D	1	1.2	
4	D	1	2.1	
5	B	1	2.1	
6	B	1	1.2	
7	B	1	2.1	
8	B	1	1.1	
9	D	1	1.1	
10	C	1	2.1	

SECTION B

Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
11	(a)	35 (1)	1	3.1b	
	(b)	Rearrange given formula: speed = distance ÷ time (1) Substitute values: 34/0.6 (1) Answer: 56.7 (1) Units: cm/s (1)	4	1.2 2.1 2.1 1.1	ALLOW 0.567 m/s or 0.57 m/s with correct units for full marks
12	(a)	Higher temperature means lower resistance / ORA (1)	1	3.1a	
	(b)	Correct substitution: $P = (2^2) \times 10$ (1) 40 (W) (1)	2	2 x 2.1	
13	(a)	(length) 11.8 (1) (extension) 1.2 (1)	2	2 x 3.1b	
	(b)	points – accurate plotting of all points (1) best fit line – straight line through all points (1)	2	2 x 1.2	
	(c)	best fit line is straight / extension increases by same amount per N (1)	1	3.2b	
	(d)	Rearrange formula to give: spring constant = force ÷ extension (1) Substitute values: $k = 15.0/3.0$ (1) Answer: 5.0 (1)	3	1.2 2.1 2.1	

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Question			Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
14	(a)		<p>Upthrust (1)</p> <p>Drag (1)</p> <p>Weight (1)</p>	3	3 x 1.1	IGNORE annotations about water pressure
	(b)		<p>Rearrange given formula:</p> <p>Power = work done / time (1)</p> <p>Convert 0.18kJ to 180J</p> <p>Use of formula, substituting values: 180/4 (1)</p> <p>Answer: 45 (W) (1)</p>	4	1.2 1.2 2.1 2.1	
15	(a)	(i)	<p>180 seconds (1)</p> <p>Horizontal line from 200 °C intersecting line at 180 (1)</p>	2	3.1b	
		(ii)	Any number between 375 and 400 (1)	1	3.2a	
	(b)		<p>$E = 0.4 \times 2\,260\,000$ (1)</p> <p>904 300 (1)</p> <p>J/Joules (1)</p>	3	2.1 2.1 1.1	ALLOW 904.3 kJ or 0.9043 MJ with correct units for full marks

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Question			Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
16	(a)		measure: time and distance along ramp (1) Use of: average speed = distance \div time (1) Prediction: the greater the distance travelled along the ramp the greater the average speed (1)	3	2.2 2.2 3.1a	ALLOW use of light gates to measure time at 2 points a set distance apart (2) ALLOW use of light gate with interrupt card
	(b)		Any two from: Height of ramp (1) Angle of slope (1) How much friction there was between the wheels and surface (1)	2	2 x 3.3a	
17	(a)		2 (1)	1	1.2	
	(b)		Use of $V = I \times R$ (1) Re-arrange $6/2000$ (1) 0.003 (1) A / Amps (1)	4	1.1 2.1 2.1 1.1	ALLOW 3 (with correctly prefixed unit) mA
18	(a)	(i)	Gain of electrons to become negative (1)	1	1.1	
		(ii)	The charge cannot flow / the charge is static (1)	1	1.1	
		(iii)	Rod induces charge onto paper (1) Charge at the top of the paper is opposite in charge to the rod (1) They attract one another as they have opposite charges(1)	3	3 x 2.1	

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
19*	<p>Please refer to the marking instructions on page 3 of this mark scheme for guidance on how to mark this question.</p> <p>Level 3 (5–6 marks)</p> <p>Complete explanation of how an electromagnet works AND suggestions of multiple improvements to the design with reasons.</p> <p><i>There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically structured. The information presented is relevant and substantiated.</i></p> <p>Level 2 (3–4 marks)</p> <p>Explanation for why the steel is attracted AND a suggestion of an improvement.</p> <p><i>There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The information presented is relevant and supported by some evidence.</i></p> <p>Level 1 (1–2 marks)</p> <p>Simple description of how a magnetic field is induced in an electromagnet.</p> <p><i>The information is basic and communicated in an unstructured way. The information is supported by limited evidence and the relationship to the evidence may not be clear.</i></p> <p>0 marks</p> <p><i>No response or no response worthy of credit.</i></p>	6	2 x 3.3b 2.2 3 x 1.2	<p>AO3.3b: Suggestions of improvements to the design</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • improvements to include iron core/more coils/more current through the wire/ greater surface area of plate • idea of how these improvements increase the strength of the electromagnet <p>AO2.2: Explanation of how this electromagnet works</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • plate acts as a magnet • scrap-steel lost quickly when the switch is opened as the electromagnet is only a temporary magnet • links loss of current and magnetic field and loss of induced magnetism in coil <p>AO1.2: Simple description of how a magnetic field is induced in an electromagnet</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • closed switch allows current to flow / ORA • current so magnetic field formed around wire/ solenoid • magnetic field so attraction between core and steel • core acts as a magnet • induced magnetism in core