Η

GCSE (9-1)

Combined Science A (Physics) A (Gateway Science)

J250/12: Paper 12 (Higher Tier)

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Mark Scheme for June 2019

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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Annotations available in RM Assessor

Annotation	Meaning
√	Correct response
×	Incorrect response
	Omission mark
BOD	Benefit of doubt given
CON	Contradiction
RE	Rounding error
SF	Error in number of significant figures
ECF	Error carried forward
11	Level 1
L2	Level 2
L3	Level 3
NBOD	Benefit of doubt not given
SEEN	Noted but no credit given
I	Ignore

Abbreviations, annotations and conventions used in the detailed Mark Scheme (to include abbreviations and subject-specific conventions).

Annotation	Meaning
1	alternative and acceptable answers for the same marking point
✓	Separates marking points
DO NOT ALLOW	Answers which are not worthy of credit
IGNORE	Statements which are irrelevant
ALLOW	Answers that can be accepted
()	Words which are not essential to gain credit
	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
ECF	Error carried forward
AW	Alternative wording
ORA	Or reverse argument

Mark scheme

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Subject-specific Marking Instructions

INTRODUCTION

Your first task as an Examiner is to become thoroughly familiar with the material on which the examination depends. This material includes:

- the specification, especially the assessment objectives
- the question paper
- the mark scheme.

You should ensure that you have copies of these materials.

You should ensure also that you are familiar with the administrative procedures related to the marking process. These are set out in the OCR booklet **Instructions for Examiners**. If you are examining for the first time, please read carefully **Appendix 5 Introduction to Script Marking: Notes for New Examiners**.

Please ask for help or guidance whenever you need it. Your first point of contact is your Team Leader.

The breakdown of Assessment Objectives for GCSE (9-1) in Combined Science A:

	Assessment Objective
AO1	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas and scientific techniques and procedures.
AO1.1	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas.
AO1.2	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific techniques and procedures.
AO2	Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas and scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures.
AO2.1	Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas.
AO2.2	Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures.
AO3	Analyse information and ideas to interpret and evaluate, make judgements and draw conclusions and develop and improve experimental procedures.
AO3.1	Analyse information and ideas to interpret and evaluate.
AO3.1a	Analyse information and ideas to interpret.
AO3.1b	Analyse information and ideas to evaluate.
AO3.2	Analyse information and ideas to make judgements and draw conclusions.
AO3.2a	Analyse information and ideas to make judgements.
AO3.2b	Analyse information and ideas to draw conclusions.
AO3.3	Analyse information and ideas to develop and improve experimental procedures.
AO3.3a	Analyse information and ideas to develop experimental procedures.
AO3.3b	Analyse information and ideas to improve experimental procedures.

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For answers to section A if an answer box is blank ALLOW correct indication of answer e.g. circled or underlined.

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
1	A✓	1	2.1	
2	B✓	1	2.1	
3	A✓	1	1.1	
4	D✓	1	2.2	
5	D✓	1	1.2	
6	B✓	1	1.1	
7	B✓	1	2.1	
8	D✓	1	2.1	
9	D✓	1	2.1	
10	Β ✓	1	2.1	

Q	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
11	(a)	(i)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 1.2 (ms) award 1 mark $t = 0.2 \times 6 = 1.2$ (ms) \checkmark	1	2.2	
		(ii)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 90 000 (m) award 2 marks $d = (3 \times 10^8 \times) 0.0003 \checkmark$ $d = 90 000 (m) \checkmark$ OR	2	2 × 2.1	
			d = $(3 \times 10^8 \times 0.0006 =) 180000 (\div 2) \checkmark$ d = $(180000 \div 2) = 90000 (m) \checkmark$			
		(iii)	energy lost (to the surroundings/air) / AW ✓	1	3.2b	ALLOW energy is dissipated / not all energy reflects / some energy is absorbed
	(b)		FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 1.5 (m) award 4 marks Recall and rearrange to give: $\lambda = v \div f \checkmark$ (Conversion 200(MHz) =) 2 × 10 ⁸ (Hz) \checkmark ($\lambda =$) 3 × 10 ⁸ ÷ 2 × 10 ⁸ \checkmark ($\lambda =$) 1.5 (m) \checkmark	4	1.1 1.2 2 × 2.1	ALLOW correct formula in words ALLOW $\lambda = 3 \times 10^8 \div 2 \times 10^n$ for two marks ALLOW 1.5 x 10 ⁿ for correct calculation but incorrect conversion of MHz to Hz for 3 marks

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Q	Question		Answer		AO element	Guidance
12	(a)		Mean is all the numbers added together and then divided by the total number \checkmark	3	3 × 1.2	ALLOW Mean is the average AND 14.3 / 14
			Mode is the number which occurs most often AND 14 \checkmark			ALLOW the number that occurs twice/most frequent/most popular / AW AND 14
			Median is the middle number AND 14 \checkmark			ALLOW method to find the median AND 14
						if no other marks awarded ALLOW correct values for mode AND median for one mark
	(b)		Half-life = 4 (throws) ✓	1	2.1	IGNORE decimal answers that round to 4

Q	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
13	(a)		use a Geiger counter / G-M tube (as detector) \checkmark	4	4x1.2	ALLOW answers from a labelled diagram
			use of paper AND a drop in count rate/no count rate means alpha / AW ✓			ALLOW paper stops alpha
			use of aluminium AND a drop in count rate/no count rate means beta / AW✓			ALLOW any appropriate material e.g. aluminium/thin metal/glass/wood stops beta
			use of lead AND a drop in count rate/no count rate means gamma / AW✓ OR			ALLOW lead/concrete stops gamma
			aluminium AND no drop/no change in count rate means gamma / AW✓			ALLOW any appropriate material e.g. aluminium/thin metal/glass/wood lets gamma through
	(b)	(i)	When an <u>electron</u> drops energy levels \checkmark	1	1.1	ALLOW <u>electron</u> from excited energy level to ground / <u>electron</u> from higher shell to lower shell
						IGNORE just when electrons move between energy levels
						DO NOT ALLOW ideas of ionisation / when an electron moves up and down
		(ii)	radio /microwave / infra-red / (visible) light / named coloured light e.g. red light / ultra-violet / X-rays √	1	1.1	DO NOT ALLOW gamma or γ

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Q	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
14	(a)		 Renewable (energy) can be regained in your lifetime / does not run out / infinite / sustainable OR Non-renewable (energy) will run out / cannot be regained in your lifetime / finite / cannot be replenished / used faster than it is made ✓ Renewable examples: wind / geothermal / tidal / wave / solar / biomass / wood / biofuel ✓ 	3	3× 1.1	ALLOW examples of use of renewable energy e.g. solar panels or solar cells / wind turbines / hydroelectric
			Non-renewable examples: fossil fuel / coal / oil / gas / nuclear \checkmark			IGNORE just power stations
	(b)		 (step up transformers) increases <u>voltage</u> / power transmitted at high <u>voltage</u> / (step up transformers) decreases <u>current</u> ✓ idea of less power wasted / less energy wasted / less heat in power lines / less thermal transfer ✓ 	2	2 × 1.1	ALLOW pd for voltage IGNORE just ideas about efficiency DO NOT ALLOW so no power wasted / no energy wasted (as heat in power lines) / no thermal transfer
	(c)		FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = in inclusive range 3600 to 3900 (A) award 3 marks	3		
			(secondary pd) in inclusive range 2.4 x 10 5 to 2.6 x 10 5 \checkmark		2.2	ALLOW vertical line in inclusive range 2.4 x 10^5 to 2.6 x 10^5 (V)
			answer to marking point one × 2400 = current in primary coil × 160 000 \checkmark		2 × 2.1	ALLOW ECF from their reading of secondary pd
			(Current in primary coil =) in inclusive range 3600 to 3900 (A) \checkmark			

Mark scheme

Question		on	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
15	(a)			2	2 × 3.3a	ALLOW answers from a labelled diagram
			selects the correct apparatus use of appropriate named light source / protractor / slit ✓			IGNORE just use light / use the sun / ruler
			change or measure the angle(s) of incidence / use of normal line / measure the angle(s) of refraction / trace the rays to show the angles \checkmark			IGNORE just trace the rays / just measure the angles
15	(b)		using a ray box bulb gets hot / bulb can burn or start a fire / AW ✓ do not leave on for long periods of time / switch off when not in use / allow to cool (between readings) / keep paper away from bulb / don't touch the bulb / AW ✓	2	2 × 3.3b	Marks answers anywhere in answer space
			OR using a glass block block may smash / block may fall on feet/toes / AW ✓ do not carry out experiment near end of bench / use a Perspex block / wear appropriate footwear / AW ✓			ALLOW ECF from (a) e.g. mirror may break IGNORE be careful / wear gloves
			OR using a (very) bright light or laser light (very) bright / can damage eyes / may cause (temporary) blindness / AW ✓ do not look at filament directly / do not use high voltages / AW ✓			IGNORE wear protective glasses/goggles/dark glasses ALLOW use low light intensity
			OR working in low light conditions may trip over / knock into people/ can't see easily √ place bags / coats /stools and other equipment out of the way / AW √			

(c)	(i)	All points plotted correctly to within \pm ½ square \checkmark	2	2 × 2.2	points plotted
					angle i angle r 50 28
					60 32 70 35
		Acceptable curve of best fit through 0,0 and taking into account all points on graph \checkmark			ALLOW including or not including the plot at 40,30
	(ii)	any two from:	2	2 × 3.2b	
		As the angle of incidence increases the angle of refraction increases \checkmark			ALLOW there is a positive correlation / proportional
		angle of incidence is (always) greater than the angle of refraction \checkmark			ALLOW correct statement for candidates drawn line of best fit
		For smaller angles/to start with angle of incidence directly proportional to angle of refraction / linear / straight line			ALLOW directly proportional to start with
		OR For larger angles/then change becomes non-linear / change in angle of refraction is less / non-linear for angles bigger than around 30° / AW ✓			ALLOW idea of being non-linear e.g. curve becomes less steep / curve levels out
	(iii)	23(°) or 24(°) ✓	1	3.1b	ALLOW 22-25(°) inclusive ALLOW ECF from candidates line of best fit if not in this range IGNORE units
(d))	blue light ray refracts/bends more than red light / ORA \checkmark	2	2 × 2.1	ALLOW answers on a labelled diagram
		blue light travels more slowly than red light in the glass / blue light has a higher refractive index than red light / ORA \checkmark			ALLOW comparative answers in terms of wavelength or frequency e.g. red has the longest wavelength / blue light has the highest frequency

Question		on	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
16	(a)		0.5 (kg) ✓	3	1.2	IGNORE $\frac{1}{2}$ and 0.5 when clearly used as the $\frac{1}{2}$ in the KE equation
			(KE =) $\frac{1}{2} \text{ mv}^2 \checkmark$		1.2	ALLOW speed for velocity
			(KE =) $\frac{1}{2} \times 0.5 \times (2.2)^2 = (1.2) \text{ (J) } \checkmark$		2.1	IGNORE answers of 1.2 (J) with no working / just 1200 divided by 1000
	(b)		FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 0.024 (m) award 4 marks	4		ALLOW ECF from candidates value in (a)
			$x^2 = 2 \times E / k \checkmark$		3 × 2.1	
			x ² = 2 × 1.2 / 4200 ✓			
			x = 0.02(390457) ✓			ALLOW correct answer with incorrect sig. figs for 3 marks
			= 0.024 (m) (2 sig. figs)		1.2	IGNORE minus sign

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Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
16	(c)*	Please refer to the marking instructions on page 4 of this mark scheme for guidance on how to mark this question.	6	3 × 1.1 3 × 3.1b	AO3.1b Analyses information to evaluate the effectiveness of the model
		Level 3 (5–6 marks) Detailed evaluation of the effectiveness of the model AND detailed understanding of how crumple zones make cars safer. There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically structured. The information presented is relevant and substantiated. Level 2 (3–4 marks) Detailed evaluation of the effectiveness of the model. AND outline understanding of how crumple zones make cars safer. OR An attempt at an evaluation of the effectiveness of the model. AND detailed understanding of how crumple zones make cars safer. There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The information presented is relevant and supported by some evidence. Level 1 (1–2 marks) Detailed evaluation of the effectiveness of the model. OR An attempt at an evaluation of the effectiveness of the model. AND detailed evaluation of the effectiveness of the model. OR Detailed evaluation of the effectiveness of the model. OR An attempt at an evaluation of the effectiveness of the model. OR An attempt at an evaluation of the effectiveness of the model. AND an understanding of how crumple zones make cars safer. There is an attempt at a logical structure with a line of reasoning. The information is in the most part relevant.			 model is poor or different because spring returns to its original shape / spring compresses and bounces back / ORA springs on cars may be dangerous/impractical / crumple zones are an integral part of the car / spring add length to the model differences in speed / differences in mass or weight suggest improvement to the model e.g. egg boxes closer in structure to a crumple zone model is good or similar because the both show a change in shape during a collision they both offer protection / both absorb energy / both increase the time taken / both reduce force AO1.1 Demonstrates knowledge and understanding of crumple zones store energy/absorb energy/spreads out energy/transfer energy increase time taken to stop / increases the time of the collision reduce acceleration reduce rate of change of momentum reduce force on people reduce injury to people
		0 marks No response or no response worthy of credit.			ALLOW spring for model throughout

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