

# Mark Scheme (Results)

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Pearson Edexcel GCSE In Combined Science (1SC0) Paper 1BF

PMT

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#### **General Marking Guidance**

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Mark schemes have been developed so that the rubrics of each mark scheme reflects the characteristics of the skills within the AO being targeted and the requirements of the command word. So for example the command word 'Explain' requires an identification of a point and then reasoning/justification of the point.

Explain questions can be asked across all AOs. The distinction comes whether the identification is via a judgment made to reach a conclusion, or, making a point through application of knowledge to reason/justify the point made through application of understanding. It is the combination and linkage of the marking points that is needed to gain full marks.

When marking questions with a 'describe' or 'explain' command word, the detailed marking guidance below should be consulted to ensure consistency of marking.

Assessment Objective		Command Word		
Strand	Element	Describe	Explain	
AO1		An answer that combines the marking points to provide a logical description	An explanation that links identification of a point with reasoning/justification(s) as required	
AO2		An answer that combines the marking points to provide a logical description, showing application of knowledge and understanding	An explanation that links identification of a point (by applying knowledge) with reasoning/justification (application of understanding)	
AO3	1a and 1b	An answer that combines points of interpretation/evaluation to provide a logical description		
AO3	2a and 2b		An explanation that combines identification via a judgment to reach a conclusion via justification/reasoning	
AO3	За	An answer that combines the marking points to provide a logical description of the plan/method/experiment		
AO3	3b		An explanation that combines identifying an improvement of the experimental procedure with a linked justification/reasoning	

Question number	Answer	Mark
1(a)(i)	I(a)(i) B cell wall	
	The only correct answer is B	
	<b>A</b> is not correct because X is not the cell membrane	
	<b>C</b> is not correct because X is not the cytoplasm	
	<b>D</b> is not correct because X is not the nucleus	

Question number	Answer	Mark
1(a)(ii)	(allows) movement / swim / motility	(1)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1 (a) (iii)	<ul> <li>(bacteria) have no nucleus / have chromosomal DNA / have a cell wall</li> </ul>	accept converse for all differences	(1)

Answer	Mark
C diffusion	(1)
The only correct answer is C	
<b>A</b> is not correct because oxygen does not move into and out of cells by transpiration	
<b>B</b> is not correct because oxygen does not move into and out of cells by active transport	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1(c)	Substitution		(2)
	500 x 0.04 (1)		
	Evaluation		
	20 (mm)	award two marks for correct answer with no working	

**D** is not correct because oxygen does not move into and out of cells by osmosis

Question

number 1(b)

### (Total for question 1 = 6 marks)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(a)(i)	Substitution 3 ÷ 120 (1) 0.025 (mm)	award two marks for correct answer with no working	(2)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(a)(ii)	Repeat (the investigation)	accept compare with results from other groups	(1)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(b)	A logical plan including three from the following:		(3)
	<ul> <li>heat (hydrochloric) acid to different temperatures (1)</li> </ul>	accept heat agar jelly cubes to different temperatures	
	<ul> <li>use same size agar jelly cubes (1)</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>use same volume/ concentration of acid (1)</li> </ul>	ignore amount of acid	
	<ul> <li>for same amount of time (1)</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>measure clear distance (from outside of cube) at each temperature (1)</li> </ul>		
		accept for 2 marks time how long for agar jelly to go clear (mp 4 and 5)	

Question	Answer	Mark
number		
2(c)	A against a concentration gradient using energy The only correct answer is A	(1)
	<b>B</b> is not correct because active transport is not down a concentration gradient using energy	
	<b>C</b> is not correct because active transport is not against a concentration gradient without using energy	
	<b>D</b> is not correct because active transport is not down a concentration gradient without using energy	

Question number	Answer	Mark
2(d)(i)	C 34%	(1)
	The only correct answer is C	
	<b>A</b> is not correct because the percentage of preventable cases of cancer caused by tobacco is not 41%	
	<b>B</b> is not correct because percentage of preventable cases of cancer caused by tobacco is not 37%	
	<b>D</b> is not correct because percentage of preventable cases of cancer caused by tobacco is not 26%	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(d)(ii)	Substitution (7 x 163440) ÷ 100 / 163440 x 7% / 163440 x 0.07 (1)	accept 11440.8 (1)	(2)
	Correctly rounded to 11441	award two marks for correct answer with no working	

(Total for question 2 = 10 marks)

Question number	Answer	Mark
3(a)(i)	<ul><li>An answer including:</li><li>select large chickens /chicks from larger chickens</li></ul>	(3)
	(1)	
	<ul> <li>breed together (1)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>repeat over (many) generations / long period of time (1)</li> </ul>	

Question number	Answer	Mark
3(a)(ii)	<ul> <li>Benefit</li> <li>produces more food / fewer chickens needed for the same amount of meat (1)</li> </ul>	(2)
	<ul> <li>Risk</li> <li>less variation /losing useful genes (from the gene pool) / losing traits which may be desirable in the future / health issues related to larger bodies (1)</li> </ul>	

Question number	Answer	Mark
3(b)(i)	39 / thirty-nine	(1)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3(b)(ii)	meiosis / meiotic cell division	reject mitosis / mitotic cell division	(1)

Question number	Answer	Mark
3(c)(i)	C all the genetic material of an organism	(1)
	The only correct answer is C	
	<b>A</b> is not correct because a genome is not all the cells of an organism	
	<b>B</b> is not correct because a genome is not all the enzymes of an organism	
	<b>D</b> is not correct because a genome is not all the cytoplasm of an organism	

Question number	Answer	Mark
3(c)(ii)	Any two from:	(2)
	<ul> <li>identify useful genes (1)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>track evolution/ identify new species to show which species are more closely related (1)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>understand diseases (of crop plants and animals)</li> <li>(1)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>discover new medicines / find a cure for diseases (1)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>identify the sequences that allow some plants and animals to cope with environmental change (1)</li> </ul>	

(Total for question 3 = 10 marks)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(a)(i)	Any two from:		(2)
	<ul> <li>mass of product increases up to 40°C /300mg (1)</li> </ul>	accept maximum mass is 300mg / 40°C is the optimum temperature (1)	
	<ul> <li>mass of product decreases after 40°C /300mg (1)</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>mass of product decreases faster than it increases (1)</li> </ul>		
		accept increases then decreases for 1 mark	

Question number	Answer	Mark
4(a)(ii)	<ul> <li>An explanation linking two from:</li> <li>(maximum product at 40°C) because the enzyme is at its optimum temperature (1)</li> <li>(between 40°C and 60°C the amount of product decreases) because the enzyme is becoming less active/ is being denatured /at 60°C the enzyme is denatured (1)</li> <li>(because) the active site is changing shape / substrate can't bind to the active site / fewer enzyme-substrate complexes formed (1)</li> </ul>	(2)



Question number	Answer	Mark
4(b)(i)	Two lines drawn correctly as shown.	(2)
	food group products of digestion	
	fatty acids and glycerol	
	carbohydrate amino acids	
	glucose	
	fat starch	
	ethanol	
	Reject more than one line from each food group	

Question number	Answer	Mark
4(b)(ii)	D lipase The only correct answer is D	(1)
	<b>A</b> is not correct because carbohydrase does not break down fat	
	<b>B</b> is not correct because amylase does not break down fat	
	<b>C</b> is not correct because protease does not break down fat	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(c)	<ul> <li>An explanation linking:</li> <li>(shape of) <u>active site</u> of enzyme (1)</li> </ul>		(3)
	<ul> <li>not complementary to / will not fit substrate Q (1)</li> </ul>	accept lock and key are not complementary/ enzyme and substrate don't fit together	
	<ul> <li>(therefore) the enzyme cannot cause the reaction to occur (so no product is formed) (1)</li> </ul>		

## (Total for question 4 = 10 marks)

Question number	Answer	Mark
5(a)(i)	C a pathogen	(1)
	The only correct answer is C	
	<b>A</b> is not correct because a virus cannot also be classified as a bacterium	
	<b>B</b> is not correct because a virus cannot also be classified as a fungus	
	<b>D</b> is not correct because a virus cannot also be classified as a protist	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(a)(ii)	(communicable disease) can be {passed / transferred / spread} (from person to person)	accept it is contagious / infectious	(1)

Question number	Answer	Mark
5(b)	C white blood cell	(1)
	The only correct answer is C	
	<b>A</b> is not correct because the HIV virus does not destroy red blood cells	
	<b>B</b> is not correct because the HIV virus does not destroy nerve cells	
	<b>D</b> is not correct because the HIV virus does not destroy sperm cells	

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Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(c)	<ul><li>An answer linking three from:</li><li>(pathogens have) antigens</li></ul>	accept bacteria/virus	(3)
	(1)	for pathogen	
	<ul> <li>(that trigger) antibodies to be produced (1)</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>by lymphocytes (1)</li> </ul>	ignore WBC	
	<ul> <li>(leads to the) destruction of the pathogen (1)</li> </ul>	accept engulf pathogen	
	<ul> <li>memory {cells/ lymphocytes} produced (1)</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>cause a secondary response (in the event of infection by the same pathogen) (1)</li> </ul>	accept description of a secondary response e.g. before symptoms/before the person gets ill/can react quickly	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(d)(i)	Substitution (1) 21.00 x 11.18	award full marks for correct numerical answer without working	(3)
	Evaluation (1) 234.78	award 2 marks for correct evaluation	
	3 significant figures 235	ecf for the incorrect calculation correctly rounded to 3 s.f.	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(d)(ii)	<ul> <li>One from: <ul> <li>each country has a different size population (1)</li> </ul> </li> <li>allows comparisons to be made between countries (1)</li> </ul>	ignore it is easier to read/easier to analyse	(1)

Question	Answer	Additional	Mark
number		Guidance	
5(d)(iii)	<ul> <li>One from:</li> <li>vaccination (1)</li> <li>{reporting/diagnosis} systems (1)</li> <li>{access to/quality of} healthcare (1)</li> <li>environmental factors (1)</li> </ul>	accept examples of relevant environmental factors e.g. population density, proximity of country to others. (1) accept herd immunity (1)	(1)

## (Total for question 5 = 11 marks)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6(a)(i)	Two from:		(2)
	<ul> <li>(meristem cells) are undifferentiated (1)</li> </ul>	accept are stem cells	
	<ul> <li>(meristem cells) divide / produce more cells (1)</li> </ul>		
	• by mitosis (1)		
		accept (the cells produced) can differentiate /become specialised/elongate (1)	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6(a)(ii)	<ul> <li>An answer including</li> <li>use a thin section of {cells/meristem} (1)</li> <li>add a stain / named stain (1)</li> </ul>	accept add a sample of the cells to the microscope slide	(3)
	<ul> <li>place a cover slip on top of the sample (1)</li> </ul>	accept a description of a coverslip	

Question number	Answer	Mark
6(b)(i)	chloroplast / chloroplasts	(1)
	accept phonetically correct misspellings	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6(b)(ii)	(aerobic) respiration / release energy	ignore make / produce energy	(1)
		accept word equation for respiration	
		accept to produce ATP	

Question number	Indicative content	Mark
6(c)	<ul> <li>Structure of DNA</li> <li>polymer</li> <li>four bases (A, T, C, G)</li> <li>(complementary) base pairs</li> <li>A-T and C-G</li> <li>(weak) hydrogen bonds join bases</li> <li>two strands</li> <li>double helix</li> <li>nucleotides</li> </ul>	(6)
	<ul> <li>DNA extraction</li> <li>crush up / grind / squash cells</li> <li>add detergent / salt solution / protease</li> <li>heat in a water bath / heat to 60°C</li> <li>add to (ice cold) ethanol</li> <li>DNA forms as a precipitate /white strands</li> </ul>	

Level	Mark	Descriptor	
	0	No rewardable material.	
Level 1	1–2	<ul> <li>Demonstrates elements of biological understanding, some of which is accurate. Understanding of scientific, enquiry, techniques and procedures lacks detail.</li> <li>Presents a description which is not logically ordered and with significant gaps.</li> </ul>	
Level 2	3-4	<ul> <li>Demonstrates biological understanding, which is mostly relevant but may include some inaccuracies. Understanding of scientific ideas, enquiry, techniques and procedures is not fully detailed and/or developed.</li> <li>Presents a description of the procedure that has a structure which is mostly clear, coherent and logical with minor steps missing.</li> </ul>	
Level 3	5–6	<ul> <li>Demonstrates accurate and relevant biological understanding throughout. Understanding of the scientific ideas, enquiry, techniques and procedures is detailed and fully developed.</li> <li>Presents a description that has a well-developed structure which is clear, coherent and logical.</li> </ul>	

Level	Mark	Additional Guidance	General additional guidance The level is determined by the areas of indicative content covered within the response. The mark within the level is determined by the detail within each description.
	0	No rewardable material	
Level 1	1–2	A simple description of DNA	<ul><li><u>Possible candidate responses</u></li><li>DNA contains four bases</li></ul>
		<ul> <li>structure.</li> <li>A brief description of how to extract DNA from plants</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>DNA can be extracted by crushing up fruit</li> </ul>
Level 2 3-	3–4		Possible candidate responses
		A description of DNA structure.	<ul> <li>DNA contains four bases A, T, C and G and DNA is a double helix.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>A description of how to extract DNA from plants</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>DNA can be extracted by crushing up fruit and adding detergent.</li> </ul>
Level 3	5-6		Possible candidate responses
		<ul> <li>A detailed description of DNA structure.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The DNA molecule is a double helix. DNA contains four bases which pair A-T and C-G. The bases are held together by hydrogen bonds.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>A detailed description of how to extract DNA from plants.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>DNA can be extracted by crushing up fruit with detergent and pouring the mixture into (ice-cold) ethanol. DNA appears as a precipitate.</li> </ul>

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