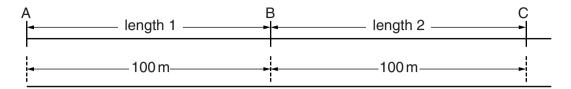
- 1 This question is about speed.
 - (a) Pupils at a school measure the time cars take to travel two 100 m lengths.

Look at the diagram.



Look at the results that they collect for four cars passing the school.

Type of car	Time taken to travel length 1 in seconds	Time taken to travel length 2 in seconds
Golf	9	8
Fiat	8	8
Jaguar	8	9
Skoda	7	7

(1)	which car's speed is increasing as it travels from A to C ?	
	answer	[1]
(ii)	The speed limit on the road in front of the school is 13 m/s.	
	Calculate the time it takes for a car travelling at a speed of 13 m/s to travel 100 m.	
	Use your answer to explain if any of the cars are travelling faster than the speed limit	

(b) Look at the information about thinking distance and braking distance for cars travelling at 13 m/s.

Driver	Thinking distance in metres	Braking distance in metres
Sam	9	14
Chris	9	25
Jo	15	14
Ben	7	10

One of the drivers is tired after driving for several hours.

[2]

(c)	Sam's car uses a biofuel.	
	She says that, over time, this does not increase the amount of carbon dioxide in that atmosphere.	ıe
	Is she correct?	
	Explain your answer.	
	[3]
(d)	Some cars are fitted with ABS brakes to reduce injuries and save lives.	
	Describe how ABS works and under what conditions it is used.	
	Describe how ABS works and under what conditions it is used.	

2 (a) Ben is considering buying a new car.

He investigates how the cost of a journey changes with the speed of the car and the distance travelled.

He does this for a car with a petrol engine and a car with a diesel engine. Both cars have the same size engine.

Look at the table for a petrol car.

	Speed in	Cost of fuel per km for different distances in pence		
	km/hr	5 km	25 km	100 km
Petrol	10	38.2	38.2	38.2
	40	17.8	17.8	17.8
	80	10.0	10.0	10.0
	120	17.4	17.4	17.4

Look at the table for a diesel car.

	Speed in	Cost of fuel per km for different distances in pence		
	km/hr	5 km	25 km	100 km
Diesel	10	30.6	30.6	30.6
	40	14.2	14.2	14.2
	80	8.4	8.4	8.4
	120	13.9	13.9	13.9

	What conclusions can Ben make about the costs of fuel per km travelled using this data?
	[3]
(b)	Battery powered cars cost much less to drive per km than petrol or diesel cars but they have some disadvantages.
	Write down one disadvantage of using a battery powered car rather than a petrol or diesel car.
	[1]

3 Daisy is going to buy a car.

She looks at some data about five cars.

Car	Engine size in cm ³	Maximum speed in km/h	Emission of CO ₂ in g/km	Fuel used per 100 km in litres
Α	1000	157	109	4.6
В	1000	157	110	4.7
С	1300	166	104	3.9
D	1400	214	148	6.3
E	2000	206	155	5.5

						- "-	j
(a)	(Which ca	ar is the most eco	nomical to run ove	er a journey of 50	km?	
		Choose	from: A				
		answer.					[1]
	(ii)	Daisy ta	kes car A for a lor	ng test drive.			
		The mar	nufacturer's data s	tates that it will us	se 4.6 litres of fuel	for a journey of 1	00 km.
		She find	s that it uses more	e fuel than this.			
		Suggest	reasons why.				
							[2]
(b)	Dai	sy consid	ers getting an ele	ctric car.			
	Her	friend tel	ls her that they ha	ave lots of disadva	ntages compared	with petrol or die	sel cars.
	Wri	te about t	he advantages ar	d disadvantages	of electric cars.		
		•••••					
							[3]

[Total: 6]

4 Scientists investigate the safety of seat belts.

They use two cars. Each car has an identical dummy in the driver's seat.

Both cars are crashed, at the same speed, into identical barriers.

In one car, the dummy is wearing a seat belt. In the other car, the dummy is not wearing a seat belt and hits the windscreen in the collision.



Look at the results.

	Crash with seat belt	Crash without seat belt
Mass of dummy	60 kg	60 kg
Distance travelled by dummy whilst stopping	60 cm after seat belt locked	20 cm after hitting windscreen
Time taken for dummy to stop moving	0.08 sec	0.03 sec
Deceleration	175 m/s ²	467 m/s ²
Stopping force	10500 N	

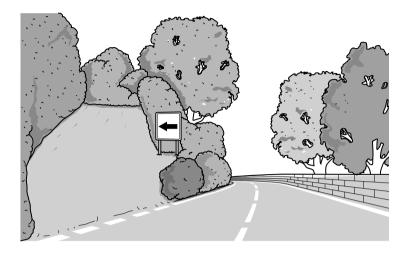
Calculate the missing data and use the information in the table to explain how seat belts reduce injury in a crash.

The quality of written communication will be assessed in y	our answer to this question.
	[Total: 6]

5 (a) There can be problems with vehicles travelling too fast down long steep hills.

For safety there are often escape lanes near the bottom of steep hills.

Look at the picture.



These escape lanes are filled with sand and sometimes slope upwards.

Explain how these escape lanes can reduce the braking force needed by the vehicle, when the driver makes an emergency stop.

[2]

(b) In the UK, it is illegal to travel in a car without wearing a seatbelt.

Some passengers do not like wearing seatbelts.

Write about the risks and benefits of wearing seatbelts for the passengers and for the wider community.

They allow vehicles to stop safely in an emergency when the brakes are not very effective.

6 Look at the extract from a newspaper article promoting electric cars.

Will electric cars take over our roads?

- no need for fuel
- no emissions
- silent
- economic to purchase
- easy to charge batteries

Electric cars could become more popular than petrol and diesel cars.

Use the points raised in the extract to identify the arguments **for** and **against** increasing the use of electric cars.

The quality of written communication will be assessed in your answer to this question.
 [6]

In the second part of his journey he drives at a speed of 20 m/s and it starts to rain.
Explain how the higher speed and the wet road affect:
Rufus' thinking distance
the car's braking distance.
[3
[Total: 3

In the first part of his journey he drives at a speed of 10 m/s on a dry road.

7 Rufus is driving to work in his car.