

| Question number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
|-----------------|--|---|------------|
| 1(a) | <p>An explanation that combines identification – understanding (1 mark) and reasoning/justification – understanding (2 marks):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • at the time, there was only naked eye evidence (1) • which indicated Sun/Moon/planets appear to move across the sky (1) • in the same direction, same motion each day (1) | allow valid alternatives, e.g. references to comets | (3) |

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| 1(b) | <p>An explanation that combines identification – understanding (1 mark) and reasoning/justification – understanding (2 marks):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • both theories predict an expanding universe and the Big Bang theory also predicts that the universe had a beginning (1) • the red shift theory indicates that the universe is expanding so supports both theories (1) • whereas CMB also indicates that the universe had a beginning, so supports Big Bang theory (1) | provided evidence that the steady state theory was incorrect | (3) |

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|-----------------|--------|------|
| 1(c)(i) | B | (1) |

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| 1(c)(ii) | B | (1) |

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|-----------------|--|------|
| 1(d) | <p>An explanation that combines identification via a judgement (1 mark) to reach a conclusion via justification/reasoning (2 marks):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • galaxy C is furthest away (1) • because it has the greatest red shift (1) • and therefore it has the greatest speed (1) | (3) |

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| 2(a) | <p>An explanation that combines identification – understanding (1 mark) and reasoning/justification – understanding (2 marks):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • at the time, there was only naked-eye evidence (1) • which indicated Sun/Moon/planets appear to move across the sky (1) • in the same direction, same motion each day (1) | allow valid alternatives, e.g. references to comets | (3) |

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|-----------------|--|--|------|
| 2(b) | <p>An explanation that combines identification – understanding (1 mark) and reasoning/justification – understanding (2 marks):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • both theories predict an expanding universe and the Big Bang theory also predicts that the universe had a beginning (1) • the red shift theory indicates that the universe is expanding so supports both theories (1) • whereas CMB also indicates that the universe had a beginning, so supports Big Bang theory (1) | provided evidence that the Steady State theory was incorrect | (3) |

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| 2(c)(i) | B | (1) |

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|-----------------|--------|------|
| 2(c)(ii) | B | (1) |

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| 3(a)(i) | An explanation that combines identification via a judgement (1 mark) to reach a conclusion via justification/reasoning (2 marks): <ul style="list-style-type: none">• galaxy C has the greatest red shift (1)• so this galaxy has the greatest speed (1)• since the galaxy with the greatest speed will be furthest away, then galaxy C is at the furthest distance(1) | (3) |

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| 3(a)(ii) | 20 (nm) | Allow answers in the range 19 to 25 | (1) |

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| 3(a)(iii) | Substitution (1) $v = \frac{(3 \times 10^8) \times (20 \times 10^{-9})}{(390 \times 10^{-9})}$ Answer (1) = 15 400 000 (m/s) | allow ecf from (c)(i) power of 10 error = max 1 accept 15 384 615 (m/s) award full marks for correct numerical answer without working | (2) |

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| 3(b) | Any two from the following improvements: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • use wider aperture telescope/camera (1) • better quality objective lens (1) • use longer exposure time while telescope is locked onto star (1) • move telescope to better seeing conditions, e.g. dry desert, higher up a mountain, dark skies (1) | allow improvements from photography, e.g. use longer exposure time use a satellite telescope ignore use pc to adjust the sharpness of the image | (2) |

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|-----------------|--------|--------------------|------------|
| 4(a)(i) | D | | (1) |

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|-----------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|------------|
| 4(a)(ii) | moons (1) heliocentric (1) | must be in correct order | (2) |

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| 4(a)(iii) | A description including two of the following points Reflecting telescope has mirror(s) (1) Galilean telescope has only lenses (1) Reflecting telescope can gather more light / can have a larger objective (1) Image viewed from the side of reflecting telescope (1) Image viewed from end of Galilean telescope. (1) | refracting telescope reverse argument | (2) |

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| 4(b)(i) | 5 (cm) (1) 8 (cm) (1) | + - 0.08 m 80 mm | (2) |

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| 4(b)(ii) | B | | (1) |