Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(a)(i)	Milky Way	Accept any spelling	(1)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
<b>1</b> (a)(ii)	☑ D white dwarf		(1)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
1(b)(i)	$ \begin{array}{c} 14000 \\ 12000 \\ 12000 \\ 12000 \\ 12000 \\ 12000 \\ 12000 \\ 12000 \\ 12000 \\ 12000 \\ 12000 \\ 12000 \\ 12000 \\ 12000 \\ 100000 \\ 10000 \\ 10000 \\ 10000 \\ 10000 \\ 10000 \\ 10000 \\ 10000 \\ 10000 $		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(b)(ii)	Correct information from table 1.52 (1)	Seen anywhere in the answer	(2)
	Conversion to kilometres (1.52) x 150 000 000 (1)	Incorrect information shown to be used correctly (1)	
		Correct answer, no working scores full marks 228 000 000 / 2.28 x 10 <sup>8</sup> (km)	
		228 to any power of 10, allow 1 mark if no other mark awarded.	
		225 000 000 / 2.25 x 10 <sup>8</sup> (km), allow max 1 mark if no working shown.	

Question		Indicative Content	Mark
Number			
QWC	* )	A description including some of the following points	
		In Solar System	
		Use of telescopes	
		<ul> <li>Search for evidence of conditions needed for life e.g.</li> </ul>	
		water/oxygen/bacteria on other planets	
		<ul> <li>Manned missions (to the Moon)</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Unmanned missions/probes to other planets e.g. Mars,</li> </ul>	
		Jupiter, Saturn, Mercury	
		Landers / robots / rovers sample soil	
		Information transmitted back to Earth	
		Throughout the Universe	
		<ul> <li>Search for extra-terrestrial intelligence (SETI)</li> </ul>	
		Use radio telescopes	
		<ul> <li>Search for (regular pattern of) radio signals</li> </ul>	(6)
		Search for other planetary systems	
		Discovery of other planetary systems (capable of supporting life)	
		<ul> <li>Broadcasting signals/ sending out messages (to extra</li> </ul>	
		terrestrial intelligences)	
	0	Ne rewardable content	
1	1-2	A limited description giving a (named) way of searching for e	vidence
•		e.g. SETI OR using telescopes OR send messages to space C	)R
		spacecraft	
		<ul> <li>The answer communicates ideas using simple language and u</li> </ul>	Jses
		limited scientific terminology	
2	3 - 4	<ul> <li>Spenning, punctuation and granninal are used with infined acc</li> <li>A simple description of any TWO of the searches for evidence</li> </ul>	uracy v
-	0 4	e.g space probes go to other planets and telescopes are used	OR
		radio telescopes and looking for radio waves from space.	
		<ul> <li>The answer communicates ideas showing some evidence of c</li> <li>and argonization and uses estantific terminology appropriately</li> </ul>	larity
		<ul> <li>Spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with some accur</li> </ul>	y racy
3	5 - 6	<ul> <li>A detailed description of searches for evidence within AND or</li> </ul>	utside
-		the solar system	
		e.g. Unmanned space probes go to other planets and radio	
		telescopes search for radio signals from space.	
			0 1015-5
		Ine answer communicates ideas clearly and conerently uses     of scientific terminology accurately	a range
		<ul> <li>Spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with few errors.</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>The answer communicates ideas clearly and coherently uses of scientific terminology accurately</li> <li>Spelling, punctuation and grammer are used with few errors</li> </ul>	a range
l		- opening, punctuation and grammar are used with tew errors	

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
<b>2</b> (a)(i)	cosmic microwave background (radiation)		(1)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
<b>2</b> (a)(ii)	(the) Big Bang (theory)		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(a)(iii)	change in the (observed) frequency <b>or</b> wavelength of light/radiation (received from a distant galaxy)	light/absorption lines is/are shifted toward red end of spectrum light/radiation has longer wavelength/lower frequency waves are more spread out/stretched	(1)
		Ignore references to sound or colour of light eg galaxies/light appear(s) red(er)	

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(a) (iv)	An explanation linking the following: - It/the Universe is expanding (1) some galaxies are (moving)faster (than others) (1)	they/ galaxies are moving further/away (from the Earth/us) the further away the galaxy is the greater the red-shift/the faster the galaxy is moving	
		(some galaxies) are moving away faster (than others) gains 2 marks IGNORE references to planets/stars	(2)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
<b>2</b> (b)(i)	D red giant then white dwarf		(1)
PhysicsA	ndMathsTutor.com		

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
<b>2</b> (b)(ii)	an explanation linking <b>two</b> of the following:		
	<ul> <li>Different/more wave(length)s/frequencies (now) detected/collected (1)</li> </ul>	named type of em radiation accept CMB for microwave	
	<ul> <li>because telescopes positioned above Earth's atmosphere or by radio telescopes (1)</li> </ul>	space telescope or named space telescope	
	OR • weaker signal(s) (now) detected/collected (1)		
	<ul> <li>because modern telescopes are more powerful/have greater magnification or positioned above Earth's atmosphere/ on top of mountains (1)</li> </ul>	(because) less or no light/radiation is absorbed by Earth's atmosphere Accept named space telescope eg Hubble/Planck/Compton etc	
	If no other marks awarded allow 1 mark for idea that: Electronic(s)/computers can process/improve the data/signal	lanoro roforoncos to cloaror	
		images/more detail/can see further/photographs	(2)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
<b>3</b> (a)(i)	Universe		(1)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
<b>3</b> (a)(ii)	Milky Way		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(b)(i)	<ul> <li>A description including:</li> <li>change in wavelength / frequency (1)</li> <li>Correct change(s) (1)</li> </ul>	wavelength increases (2) frequency decreases (2)	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(b)(ii)	<ul> <li>An explanation linking two of the following points</li> <li>red shift (1)</li> <li>universe expanding (1)</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>(cosmic) microwave (background)(radiation) (1)</li> </ul>	Accept initials (eg CMB)	(2)

Numbe	er		
QWC	* <b>3(</b> c)	A description including some of the following points	
		<ul> <li>Life cycle of a star similar of mass similar to that of our sun</li> <li>a. nebu / stellar nursery</li> <li>clouds of dust and gas</li> <li>pulled together or collapsed by gravitational forces</li> <li>b. Ou sun / main sequence</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>stable state</li> <li>hydrogen being converted to helium, nuclear fusion</li> <li>huge amounts of heat and light produced</li> <li>continues for many millions of years</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>c. r giant</li> <li>hydrogen runs out</li> <li>star expands</li> <li>star gets colder</li> <li>uses up all its helium</li> <li>outward forces decrease</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>d. white dwarf</li> <li>eventually collapses</li> <li>due to own gravity</li> <li>becomes much smaller and very dense</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>e. Sequ ce:</li> <li>Nebula / stellar nursery</li> <li>(Protostar)</li> <li>Star (main sequence)</li> <li>Red Giant</li> <li>White Dwarf</li> <li>(Black Dwarf) ignore references to planetary nebula)</li> </ul>	
Level	0	Credit is given for correctly labelled diagrams.	(6)
	>		
1	1-	<ul> <li>a limited description including naming one of the stages (star algorishing insufficient) e.g. A star can be a red giant</li> <li>the answer communicates ideas using simple language and uses limited scientific terminology</li> <li>spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with limited accurate</li> </ul>	one is
2	3-	<ul> <li>a simple description including two consecutive stages in the corr sequence OR a description of one of the stages e.g. a nebula for (main sequence) star / Nebulae are clouds of dust and gas</li> <li>the answer communicates ideas showing some evidence of clarit organisation and uses scientific terminology appropriately</li> <li>spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with some accuracy</li> </ul>	ect ms a y and
3	5 - 6	<ul> <li>a detailed description including naming three consecutive stages correct order AND a description of one stage e.g. A nebula is a configation of dust that forms a star which then becomes a red gian</li> <li>the answer communicates ideas clearly and coherently uses a rascientific terminology accurately</li> <li>_spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with few errors</li> </ul>	in the cloud it. nge of
Physid	csAndMa	thsTutor.com	

Question Number	Answer	T.	Mark
4(a)(i)	the explosion of a massive star		(1)

Question	Answer			Mark
Number				
4(a)(ii)				
	longest wavelengt	ih ———	shortest wavelength	
	infrared	visible light	X-rays	
	All three must be cor	rect		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
4(a)(iii)	<ul> <li>An explanation linking three of the following points</li> <li>discovery of objects not detectable by visible light (1)</li> <li>more information / data can be collected (1)</li> <li>different (electromagnetic) waves can give different types of information (1)</li> <li>produce magnified images (1)</li> </ul>	allow specific examples e.g. (discovery of) black holes/CMB / pulsars different telescopes provide different data/ images brighter/more detailed images	
	<ul> <li>(space telescopes) produce clearer images / images unaffected by Earth's atmosphere (1)</li> </ul>	ignore idea 'can see further' unless qualified	(3)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
4(b)	<ul> <li>Any two of the following points</li> <li>Spitzer observes /uses infrared (1)</li> <li>infrared is heat (1)</li> </ul>	ignore idea 'to protect telescope from heat/damage'	
	<ul> <li>Sun produces (large amounts of) heat / infrared (1)</li> <li>small amount of heat from distant galaxies would not be detected (amongst radiation from the Sun) (1)</li> </ul>	infrared (waves)/heat from the Sun would interfere with/swamp/ruin image (of distant galaxies)	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
4(c)( i)	calculate <b>one</b> distance (1) e.g. 1.49 x 10 <sup>8</sup> or 3.96 x 10 <sup>13</sup>	accept 149 400 000 or 39 600 000 000 000	
	evaluation (1) e.g. (3.96 x 10 <sup>13</sup> ÷ 1.49 x 10 <sup>8</sup> ) = 265 000 e.g. inverse (1.49 x 10 <sup>8</sup> ÷ 3.96 x 10 <sup>13</sup> ) 3.77 x 10 <sup>-6</sup>	265 060 265 771.18	
	e.g. from comparison of times (2 200 000 ÷ 8.3) = 265 000	Give 2 marks for a correct evaluation with no working shown or no distance calculation	
		distances and a correct comparative statement	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
4(c)(ii)	the stars are so distant that a large unit of distance is needed	the numbers (of km or miles) would be too big (to understand)/ too long (to write down)	
		(numbers of) light years are more manageable/ easier to understand	(1)

PhysicsAndMathsTutor.com