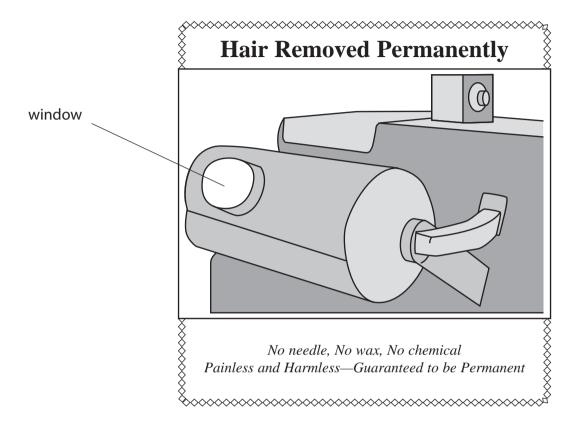
## **Using X-rays**

**1** (a) The device shown in the picture was invented not long after the discovery of X-rays.

It emitted X-rays through the window.



In the 1920s, it was used to remove unwanted hair from the arm.

The patient placed her arm in front of the window.

The X-rays destroyed the hair roots.

(i) Complete the sentence by putting a cross (⋈) in the box next to your answer.X-rays are

- A electromagnetic waves with very high frequency
- **B** electromagnetic waves with very long wavelength
- C electromagnetic waves which always have low energy
- **D** ionising radiations emitted by radioactive sources

(ii)	Some users believed that sunglasses would protect their eyes from the X-rays.	
	Explain how effective this would be as a precaution.	(2)
		(2)
 (iii)	This hair removal device was banned in 1940.	
(111)	Many people who had used it for a long time had become seriously ill.	
	State <b>one</b> of the effects this machine may have had on them.	(4)
		(1)
 (iv)	The device was advertised as 'harmless'.	
	Suggest why people used this device for many years.	
		(2)

J	(6)
By considering the dangers associated with both devices, discuss whether the infrared laser device should be put on general sale to the public.	

\*(b) There is a hair removal device which is currently available in some specialist clinics. It uses a low energy infrared laser beam. The makers say that this is much less

## **Electromagnetic radiation**

- 2 Some students repeat Herschel's experiment.
- (a) They place four identical thermometers, **P**, **Q**, **R** and **S**, in the shade.

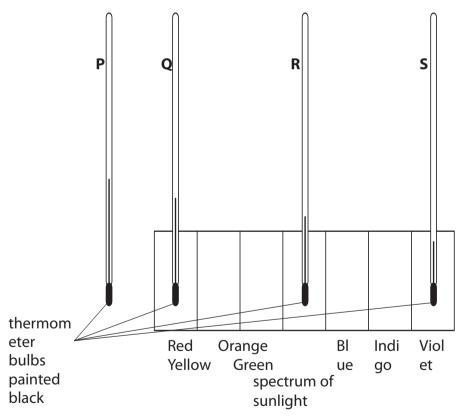
The table shows some of the readings on the thermometers in the shade.

Complete the table to show the reading on thermometer **Q**.

(1)

		thermometer	rs in the shade	
	Р	Q	R	S
temperature / °C	18		18	18

(b) Then the four thermometers are placed in the spectrum of sunlight as shown.



(i) The bulbs of the thermometers are painted black.

State why the bulbs of the thermometers are painted black.

(ii) The table shows the readings on the thermometers in the spectrum of sunlight.

	thermometers in the spectrum of sunlight					
	Р	Q	R	S		
temperature / °C	25	23	21	20		

C	escribe conclusions that can be made from the students' results.	(2)
	tate why the students put the four thermometers together in the shade efore placing them in the spectrum of sunlight.	(1)
(c) Anot	her scientist, Ritter, discovered ultraviolet radiation.	
(i) C	omplete the sentence by putting a cross ( $\boxtimes$ ) in the box next to your answer.	
T	oo much exposure to ultraviolet radiation may cause	(1)
× A	deafness	( = /
⊠ B	heating of internal body cells	
× C	damage to the eyes	
⊠ D	damage to the bone cells	

		(Total for Question 3 = 9 mar	ks)
	,		(2)
(iii)	) De	sc <b>one</b> use of ultraviolet radiation.	
×	D	all three signals arrive at the same time	
$\times$	C	the infrared signal arrives first	
×	В	the ultraviolet signal arrives first	
×	A	the visible light signal arrives first	( - /
	Pu	t a cross (図) in the box next to your answer.	(1)
	Wł	nich of these is correct for the signals arriving at the spacecraft?	
	Th	e three signals are sent at the same time.	
(11)		e Moon to an orbiting spacecraft.	

**3** (a) Skin cancer can be caused by radiation from the Sun.

Complete the sentence by putting a cross (
) in the box next to your answer.

The radiation that causes skin cancer is

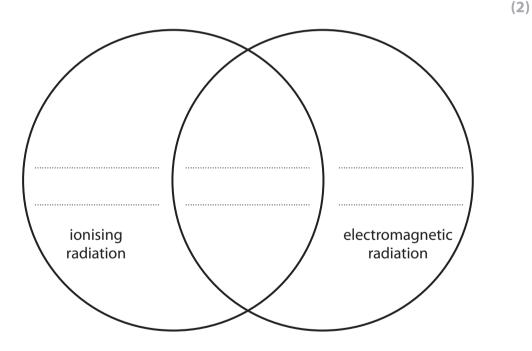
(1)

- A ultraviolet radiation
- **B** radio waves
- C microwaves
- **D** infrared radiation
- (b) The word box contains the names of three types of radiation.

gamena vava infrared rediction particles				
gamma rays infrared radiation particles	gamma rays	infrared radiation	particles	

Use this diagram to classify the three types of radiation given in the word box.

Write the name of the radiation in the correct section of the diagram.



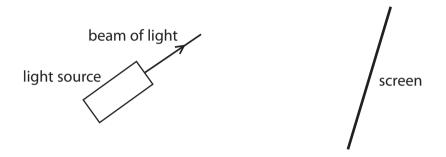
(c) Which of these is correct for all electromagnetic waves in a vacuum?Put a cross (⋈) in the box next to your answer.

- A they have the same frequency
- B they have the same wavelength
- C they are transverse waves
- D they are longitudinal waves

	(d) Describe a use of gamma radiation.	(2)
,	*(e) Herschel and Ritter carried out experiments that contributed to the discovery of infrared and ultraviolet radiation.	
	Explain how the results of the experiments carried out by Herschel and Ritter led to these discoveries.	
		(6)
	(Total for Question 5 – 12 ma	
	(Total for Question 5 – 12 mag	rkci

## **Electromagnetic waves**

**4** (a) A student investigates the spectrum produced by visible light. The diagram shows some of the equipment she uses.



She uses a piece of glass to split up the light into its colours.

(i) Which of the following would be the best shape to use?Put a cross (⋈) in the box next to your answer.







(ii) Each colour has a different wavelength. List the other colours in order of wavelength. Three have been done for you.



(b) Electromagnetic waves have many uses.

Draw **one** straight line from each type of wave to show one use of the wave.

gamma rays

checking money

mobile phones

infrared

seeing broken bones

sterilising food

thermal imaging

(2)

(3)

(Total for Question 1 = 8	8 marks)
	(2)
Describe how the harmful effects of these rays are different.	
(c) Both infrared and ultraviolet rays can have harmful effects on our bodies.	