

- 1 (a) Size / magnitude (NOT distance) and direction B1
- (b) Vectors towards East and North with arrows correct by eye B1  
 Complete triangle or rectangle for candidate's vectors B1  
 Resultant with correct arrow B1  
 Resultant 94 to 96 m/s by scale OR 95 m/s by calculation \*Unit penalty applies B1  
 Angle measured  $13.5^\circ - 15.5^\circ$  OR  $15^\circ$  by calculation \*Unit penalty applies B1 [6]

\*Apply unit penalty once only

- 2 (a) No resultant/net force OR no resultant force in any direction B1  
 OR no resultant force in any two perpendicular directions
- No resultant/net moment/turning effect/couple/torque B1  
 OR (total) clockwise moment = (total) anticlockwise moment
- Either order
- (b) (i)  $F \times 120 / F \times 0.12$  C1  
 $= 20 \times 500$  OR  $20 \times 0.5$  C1  
 $F = 83.3\text{N}$  at least 2 significant figures. Allow  $83\frac{1}{3}$  \*Unit penalty applies A1
- (ii)  $F/A$  or in words OR  $83.3/0.0036$  ecf from (b)(i) C1  
 $= 23100\text{ Pa} / \text{N/m}^2$  OR  $2.31\text{ N/cm}^2$  OR  $23.1\text{ kPa}$  \*Unit penalty applies A1 [7]

\*Apply unit penalty once only

- 3 (a) horizontal by eye M1  
 arrow to left A1  
 idea of airliner accelerating/changing direction AND caused by force in that direction o.w.t.t.e. OR centripetal force  
 OR force/acceleration towards centre of circle B1 [3]
- (b) 2 lines approximately length ratio 1.16:1 at 30°/150° to each other M1  
 parallelogram with line across short diagonal/triangle with original lines at 30° M1  
 resultant to the left, horizontal by eye A1 [3]  
 for first two marks ignore arrows, ignore labels unless they clarify an otherwise confusing diagram
- calculation route  
 both forces used in cosine rule (M1)  
 3<sup>rd</sup> force from previous line and correct angle used in sine rule (M1)  
 calculation shows horizontal resultant (A1)
- (c) direction changing B1  
 (therefore) velocity changing or speed/magnitude constant B1 [2]
- 4 (a) (i) (a =) v/t or 65/26 C1  
 2.5 m/s<sup>2</sup> \*Unit penalty applies A1
- (ii) (F =)ma or 3.4 × 10<sup>5</sup> × 2.5 ecf from 3(a)(i) C1  
 8.5 × 10<sup>5</sup> N \*Unit penalty applies ecf from 3(a)(i) A1
- (b) (i) any two of: KE or GPE or heat/internal energy/thermal energy B2  
 (ii) chemical energy **not** heat B1  
 (iii) thermal energy/sound is lost (to the atmosphere) or KE of air B1
- (c) perpendicular to path or towards centre of circle or centripetal B1 [9]

\*Apply unit penalty once onl

- 5 (a) force AND perpendicular distance (of force) from the point. B1
- (b) downward arrow at centre of bar B1
- (ii) 0.5(0) m / 50 cm
- (iii)  $40 \times 1.2$  OR 48 seen anywhere C1  
 (+)  $30 \times 0.5$  OR 15 seen anywhere C1  
 = 63 Nm A
- (iv)  $F \times 0.2 = 63$  C1  
 $F = 63/0.2 = 315$  N A1
- (v) make bar / B longer  
 OR move pivot / stone to the left  
 OR increase distance between force and pivot (by moving pivot to left)  
 OR increase mass of the bar / B B1 [9]