

## GCSE

# **Physics B**

Unit B751/01: Modules P1, P2, P3 (Foundation Tier)

General Certificate of Secondary Education

## Mark Scheme for June 2015

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All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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Qu	estion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
1	а	A (is 40g) [1] (because it has) most or more mass / most or more energy /most or more water / biggest volume / (so will cool slowest) [1]	2	Must be comparative
	b i	<b>W</b> [1]	1	
	ii	<b>Z</b> [1]	1	
	iii	W warms quicker than Y ORA Y warms slower than W[1] ice has lower specific heat capacity ORA water has a higher specific heat capacity[1]	2	<b>Ignore</b> all references to melting, boiling or cooling <b>allow</b> ice warms faster than water [2]
	iv	more energy / longer time needed to boil than melt/AW [1] latent heat of vaporisation is higher than that for fusion / AW [1]	2	Eg takes longer to change water to gas than ice to water
		Total	8	

Que	estion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
2	а	[Level 3]	6	This question is targeted up to grade C
		Sensible reference to: trapped air reducing		
		convection, shiny foil reflecting radiation		Indicative scientific points may include:
		back into the building		Level 3:
				<ul> <li>trapped air reduces convection</li> </ul>
		wall B is thicker than wall A so less		<ul> <li>shiny foil reflects IR / radiation back into house</li> </ul>
		Quality of written communication does not		
		impede communication of the science at this		
		level (5 – 6 marks)		
		[level 2]		
		Sensible reference to trapped air as an		
		insulator. AND shiny foil reflecting 'heat' back		<ul> <li>trapped air is a good insulator / poor conductor</li> </ul>
		into the building		<ul> <li>shiny foil reflects heat, back into house</li> </ul>
		OR		
		wall B is thicker than wall A so less		
		conduction. ORA		
		Quality of written communication partly impedes		
		communication of the science at this level.		
		(3 – 4 marks)		
		[Level 1]		Level 1:
		Sensible reference to air or foam as an		<ul> <li>air is a good insulator / poor conductor</li> </ul>
		Insulator		<ul> <li>air is trapped in B</li> </ul>
		UR shiny fail reflecting (best)		<ul> <li>foam is an insulator / prevents heat loss</li> </ul>
				<ul> <li>shiny foil reflects heat</li> </ul>
		wall B is thicker / better insulator than wall		<ul> <li>wall A is a better conductor than wall B</li> </ul>
		Quality of written communication impedes		
		communication of the science at this level.		
		(1 – 2 marks)		ignore heat trapped
		Level 0: (0 marks)		
		· · · · /		Use the L1, L2, L3 annotations in Scoris; do not use ticks.

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
	Insufficient or irrelevant science. Answer not worthy of credit.		
b	Correct comparison: cost higher than expected / less than 18% saving <b>/ saving is less</b> [1]	3	allow 2012 and 2013 are higher / 2014 is lower [1] allow average is £920
	correct relevant calculation [1]		<b>allow</b> any other correct use of data e.g. 2014 is £98 lower / £32 per year saving / £96 saved over 3 years [1] eg. only 15% lower / [2]
	some years are warmer / colder than others [1] the average may not be representative / average calculated over atypical years AW [1]		<b>not</b> merely 'different weather' [0] <b>allow</b> examples e.g. 2009-11 may have been warmer than usual [1]
	differences in behaviour [1] cost of energy higher in later years [1]		allow examples e.g. Simon may have had windows opened more (often) / more people at home / more time at home / more heating used / more TV watched / settings on heating changed / alterations to house / different or extra appliances used / other or different insulation or energy collecting methods fitted [1]
	Total	9	

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Que	esti	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
3	а		microwave [1]	1	
	b	i	any two marks from:	2	
			(potentially) increased risks to health / harmful to health [1]		allow children more at risk [1]
			excessive use of phone [1]		
			long term effects possible [1]		
			possible increased heating effect on brain [1]		
			may damage brain [1] <b>but</b> may cause brain cancers / damages brain cells /mutates brain cells scores [2]		ignore just cancer/ mutates cells Accept tumour for cancer
		ii	conflict / oppose / don't agree / AW [1]	1	Allow not enough evidence to prove either way [1]
			Total	4	

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Que	estion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
4	а	Ricco emits IR [1]	2	allow Ricco emits heat / radiation [1]
		(and) IR detected by sensor [1]		sensor detects Ricco's body heat scores [2]
	b i	any one from	1	
		no IR from ball [1]		<b>allow</b> ball not hot / ball does not emit heat / ball does not emit IR/heat radiation [1]
		ball same temperature as surroundings [1]		
				allow ball not detected / ball too small [1]
	ii	any one from	1	
		foil reflects IR (back to Ricco) [1] not enough IR (from Ricco) detected [1]		<b>allow</b> foil reflects heat / foil reflects radiation [1] foil blocks IR / heat from body to sensor[1] allow IR / heat not detected [1]
		Total	4	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
5 a	any two for one mark	1	two fossil fuels required in either order for one mark
	coal / oil / gas [1]		<b>ignore</b> peat <b>allow</b> crude oil but <b>not</b> incorrect fractions eg. petrol
b	any one from	1	ignore nuclear fuel
	wood(chips) [1]		allow household waste [1]
	straw [1]		
	manure [1]		
	biomass [1]		
	methane [1]		
С	for one mark	2	
	( power lines called the) national grid [1]		allow electricity grid / electrical grid / distribution grid [1]
	any two for one mark ( to consumers such as) homes / factories / offices / farms / schools / buildings / shops /etc [1]		two consumers required in either order for one mark
d i	input = (total) output [1]	2	<b>allow</b> answers in calculations e.g.1000 (MJ) = 1000 (MJ) or 1000(MJ) = 650(MJ) + 350(MJ) [1]
	idea that energy is wasted as heat [1]		if no marks awarded then <b>allow</b> useful output is less than the input [1]

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
ii	0.35 or 35% [2]	2	allow 0.35% [1]
			allow 35 with no unit or incorrect unit[1]
	but if answer is incorrect or incomplete then:		
	<u>350</u> [1] 1000		
	or		
	<u>350 x 100</u> [1] 1000		
	Total	9	

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
6	beneficial any one from smoke detectors [1] tracer [1] cancer treatment [1] diagnosis [1]	2	Ignore fire alarm Ignore cleaning surgical instruments allow other valid uses: e.g. using tracers to find leaks in pipes [1] e.g. allow helps filling containers to the correct level [1] e.g. sterilising medical equipment or food [1]
	how radiation can harm any one from damages cells / causes mutations [1] causes cancer / tumours [1] ionises (cells) [1]		
	Total	6	

Questi	ion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
7 a		heat does not escape / heat trapped / heat reflected / heat absorbed by atmosphere [1] <b>more</b> greenhouse gas(es) / <b>more</b> CO <sub>2</sub> / <b>more</b> methane / <b>more</b> water vapour [1]	2	ignore temperature increase allow radiation or IR for heat answer must be an indication of an increase in greenhouse gas(es) or named greenhouse gas allow more energy use / increased deforestation / increased global warming / more cars / more industry / more fossil fuels used [1]
b	i	idea of respiration [1]	1	allow breathing out / breathing / exhaling / forest fires / decay / decomposition / volcanoes / ocean release [1]
	ii	idea that global warming has happened <b>/ more</b> <b>CO<sub>2</sub> in the</b> (distant) <b>past</b> [1]	1	answer must indicate idea of in the past / before man / before the industrial revolution etc. Eg 'the ice age', 'tropical eras'. <b>allow</b> large fluctuations in temperature <b>in the past</b> [1] <b>allow</b> had peaks and troughs <b>in the past</b> / had peaks and troughs before the industrial revolution [1] <b>allow</b> idea that global warming has always been there [1]
C	i	any one from short life (in atmosphere) [1] variability of water vapour levels [1]	1	<ul> <li>Eg. 'not in atmosphere long enough to measure properly' [1]. (Vapour only) lasts a few days [1]</li> <li>eg. 'they are not sure what the number is' [1]</li> <li>eg. only an approximation / number changes [1]</li> </ul>
	ii	any one from the following comparisons: less in atmosphere / less methane [1] lasts for less time / does not last as long [1]	1	assume answer refers to methane unless otherwise stated more CO <sub>2</sub> [1] but allow CO <sub>2</sub> lasts longer [1] allow figures used from the table to illustrate a comparison
		Iotal	6	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
8	full calculation(720 – 240p = ) 480p or £4.80 and Habib is correct scores [3] if numerical answer above is incorrect or incomplete then:	3	answers acceptable in pence or pounds allow 720 – 240p = 480p with no comment [2] allow 720 – 240p = 480p and Habib is correct [3] allow £4.80 with no comment [2] allow 720 – 240p = 480p [2] allow £4.80 and Alice is correct [2] other acceptable calculations
	cooker: 2 x 6 x 20p = 240p [1] immersion heater : 3 x 12 x 20p = 720p [1] or use of 2 x 6 and 3 x 12 [1] use of x 20p [1]		£2.40 + £5.00 = £7.40 and this is near to £7.20 so Habib is correct [3] $2 \times £2.40 = £4.80$ which is less than £7.20 so Habib is correct [3] only award 3 marks if Habib is identified along with full calculation
	Total	3	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
9	Level 3: (5 – 6 marks)	6	This question is targeted up to grade C
	Answer shows how both ideas can be maximised AND		Indicative scientific points may include:
	how this will help the environment. Quality of written communication does not impede communication of the science at this level. Level 2: (3 – 4 marks) Answer shows how both ideas can be used OR one idea used and maximised AND		<ul> <li>maximise output: <ul> <li>large area windows / large area conservatory / large area panels</li> <li>windows / panels face Sun or south</li> <li>panel tracks Sun</li> <li>use most efficient photocells possible</li> </ul> </li> <li>helping environment: <ul> <li>less fossil fuels needed</li> <li>no polluting waste</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	Quality of written communication partly impedes communication of the science at this level.		<ul> <li>less CO<sub>2</sub> or SO<sub>2</sub> or acid rain</li> <li>less nuclear fuel used</li> </ul>
	Level 1: (1 – 2 marks) Answer shows how one idea can be used OR how it helps the environment. Quality of written communication impedes communication of the science at this level. Level 0: (0 marks) Insufficient or irrelevant science. Answer not worthy of credit.		<ul> <li>using the ideas:</li> <li>photocells / solar panels need sunlight</li> <li>photocells convert light to electricity</li> <li>photocells / solar panels on roof / AW</li> <li>windows let in radiation / AW</li> <li>heat (energy) trapped in house</li> <li>passive heating of water possible</li> </ul> Use the L1, L2, L3 annotations in Scoris; do not use ticks.
	Total	6	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
10 a	any two from	2	
	idea of two cameras used [1] cameras are set / known distance apart (1) time measured between two pictures / over fixed distance (1) speed = $(\underline{fixed}) \underline{distance} (1)$ time		Eg. Two photos taken[1] Eg distance between lines known [1] <b>allow</b> measure time between start and end of journey (1)
b	32(m/s) (2)	2	
	but If incorrect $ \frac{800}{25} $ (1)		
	Total	4	

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Ques	tion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
11 a	i	<b>B</b> (1)	1	mark answer on line first allow answer ringed, underlined or ticked if no answer on the answer line
	ii	<b>C</b> (1)	1	mark answer on line first allow answer ringed, underlined or ticked if no answer on the answer line
b		17600 J (2)	2	
		but If incorrect		
		<b>220 x 80</b> (1)		
С		any two from	2	
		<b>risks</b> could cause bruising / break ribs/ friction burn / cut (1) could trap passenger (1) <b>benefits</b> holds passenger in seat / AW (1) reduces injury or named injury (1)		not just causes injury, injury must be stated eg. whiplash / choking
		Total	6	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
Question 12	Answer         [Level 3]       Describes changes in KE over whole journey         AND       Correctly calculates KE at B         Quality of written communication does not impede communication of the science at this level.       (5 – 6 marks)         [Level 2]       Describes changes in KE over whole journey.         OR       Calculates KE of car at B         Quality of written communication partly impedes communication of the science at this level.       (3 – 4 marks)         [Level 1]       Realises that the KE depends on speed OR         gives an indication of what is happening to KE over part of the journey.       Quality of written communication impedes communication of the science at this level.         (1 – 2 marks)       [Level 0]	Marks 6	Guidance         This question is targeted at grades up to C         Indicative scientific points at levels 2 and 3 may include:         •       KE increases between A and B         •       KE decreases between B and C         •       KE increases between C and D         •       KE increases between C and D         •       KE at B is greater than the KE at D         •       At B         •       At B         KE at B = 1/2 x 400 x 8 x 8         •       KE at B = 12800 J         Indicative scientific points at level 1 may include:         •       KE increases as speed increases         •       KE increases between A and B         •       KE decreases between B and C         •       KE increases between C and D         •       KE greatest at B         •       KE zero at A         •       KE equation involving speed (correct or not)
	communication of the science at this level. (1 – 2 marks) [Level 0] Insufficient or irrelevant science. Answer not worthy of credit. (0 marks)		• KE equation involving speed (correct or not) Use the L1, L2, L3 annotations in Scoris; do not use ticks.
	Total	6	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
13 a	ideas that cost (per km) does not depend on distance travelled (1) petrol engines / cars cost more to run(per km) than diesel engines (1) cost (per km) decreases with speed up to 80 km/hr / increases above 80km/hr (1)	3	Lower fuel consumption with diesel [1] Ignore diesel engines cost less allow cost is a minimum at 80km/hr
b	Jo (no mark) idea that Jo will have the longest thinking time / distance (1) Chris (no mark) largest braking distance / less friction, <b>grip or</b> <b>traction</b> (1)	2	answer must be Jo to score the mark for the explanation allow slowest reaction [1] Not slowest time or slowest reaction time answer must be Chris to score the mark for the explanation <b>if no marks scored</b> allow Jo (for tired) and Chris (for icy) (1)
	Total	5	

Question		n	Answer	Marks	Guidance
14	а	i	1. solar (1)	2	one mark for each correct answer, either order
			2. bio diesel (1)		for either mark allow electric or battery [1] ethanol or bio-ethanol or bio-fuel for bio diesel [1]
		ii	any one from	1	
			<ul> <li>idea that we don't get enough sunlight to power a car (1)</li> <li>bio-fuels are difficult to find / few garages sell bio-fuel (1)</li> <li>few charging points for battery / limited range for battery / batteries take too long to charge (1)</li> </ul>		
	h		Δ (1)	1	mark answer on line first
	N				allow answer ringed, underlined or ticked if no answer on the answer line
				4	

PMT

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