

Mark Scheme (Results)

January 2013

International GCSE Physics (4PH0) Paper 2P

Edexcel Level 1/Level 2 Certificate Physics (KPH0) Paper 2P

Edexcel and BTEC Qualifications

Edexcel and BTEC qualifications come from Pearson, the world's leading learning company. We provide a wide range of qualifications including academic, vocational, occupational and specific programmes for employers. For further information visit our qualifications websites at www.edexcel.com or www.btec.co.uk for our BTEC qualifications.

Alternatively, you can get in touch with us using the details on our contact us page at www.edexcel.com/contactus.

If you have any subject specific questions about this specification that require the help of a subject specialist, you can speak directly to the subject team at Pearson. Their contact details can be found on this link: www.edexcel.com/teachingservices.

You can also use our online Ask the Expert service at www.edexcel.com/ask. You will need an Edexcel username and password to access this service.

Pearson: helping people progress, everywhere

Our aim is to help everyone progress in their lives through education. We believe in every kind of learning, for all kinds of people, wherever they are in the world. We've been involved in education for over 150 years, and by working across 70 countries, in 100 languages, we have built an international reputation for our commitment to high standards and raising achievement through innovation in education. Find out more about how we can help you and your students at: www.pearson.com/uk

January 2013
Publications Code UG034772
All the material in this publication is copyright
© Pearson Education Ltd 2013

Question number		Ansv	ver	Accept	Reject	Marks
1 (a)	Type of radiation	Charge	Source	++	-2	2
	Alpha particle	(+)2	Unstable nucleus	Unstable nuclei		
	Beta particle	- 1	Unstable nucleus			
	Gamma ray	0	Unstable nucleus			
	(As shown) 2;					
	Unstable nucleus	s;				

	Questi	_	Answer	Accept	Reject	Marks
	number		Allowei	Ассерт	Kejeet	Wai KS
1	(b)		Any three of:	Ignore references to		3
				danger or harm		
			MP1 - Idea that alpha particles would not			
			penetrate (enough);	All ideas may be		
			e.g. alpha particles absorbed / stopped by	expressed in terms of		
			{ aluminium / foil / a few cm air / paper / card}	penetration or		
				absorption.		
			MP2 - Idea that gamma rays would be too	'		
			penetrative;	No need to see the		
			e.g. gamma rays {are not absorbed / are	word "aluminium,"		
			unaffected}	provided the meaning		
				is clear.		
			MP3 - Idea that some beta particles will pass			
			through the foil;	Accept paper or card		
			e.g. not all of the beta particles are absorbed	will stop alpha for MP1		
			org. Flot all of the bota particles are absorbed	Will Stop dipila for ivii i		
			MP4 - Idea of a correlation between thickness	Accept comparisons of		
			and absorption;	aluminium thickness		
			e.g. thinner aluminium absorbs fewer beta	for MP4		
			particles	101 1111 4		
			particles			
	(c)	(i)	00			1
	(0)	(.)	90 √			•
			39 ■			
			both 90 and 39 for mark			
		(ii)	B (the number of protons increases);			1
					- - •	_
					Total	7

	Quest numb	Answer	Accept	Reject	Marks
2	(a)	Any one of Reduced (running) costs; No atmospheric pollution / CO ₂ ; Renewable (resource);	No polluting emissions No greenhouse gases Cleaner (only if qualified)	The wind is free No costs	1

Question number	Answer	Accept	Reject	Marks
2 (b)	Up to two points about each of unreliability, environmental issues, site choice, maintenance difficulties, data use, or cost. 1 mark per point to a maximum 4 marks Unreliability - the wind does not always blow (at the right speed); the turbine does not always provide output OR a back-up generator is needed; Environmental effects - spoils the view OR is noisy; (construction) destroys habitats OR a hazard to flying birds; Site choice - a large site is needed; a windy site is needed; Maintenance difficulties - need to work in remote location (usually); need to work in a hazardous location e.g at height / sea; Data use - one turbine produces less power than a power station; need many/800 turbines to give same output as coal-fired; Cost - building a wind farm needs much money / time; other costs for research / land / maintenance;	Accept – appropriate reverse arguments in terms of the suitability of coal-fired power stations Ignore comments about efficiency or cost effectiveness		4
			Total	5

Question number	Answer	Accept	Reject	Marks
3 (a) (i) (ii)	Suitable scale chosen (>50% of grid used); Axes labelled with quantities and units; Plotting to nearest half square (minus one for each plotting / error);; Line of best fit acceptable; Sample graph: 6.0 5.0 4.0 1.0 6.0 0.1 2.3 4.5 6 number of elastic bands	Ignore 6 bands point Line below points 2,5 and above points 1,3,4 Ecf from (a)(i) e.g. an appropriate curve Orientation of axes unimportant		5

Question number	Answer	Accept	Reject	Marks
3 (a) (iii)	Any two of It is a straight line; Gradient / slope / correlation is positive; Line does / doesn't pass through origin; Idea of correlated variables, e.g. direct / indirect proportionality [depending on projection to the origin], length increases with number of bands;	Ecf from (a) (i)/(ii) Related statement e.g. curve, line forced through origin or mention of "anomaly"		2
(b)	3.2 ± 0.1 (cm) ; ; Sample working: 19 20 21 22 23	Allow evidence of two readings from scale for one mark, e.g. subtraction (22.3 - 9.1) or appropriate drawing on the photograph	Direct measurement of photograph with a ruler	2

	Question Number	Answer	Accept	Reject	Marks
3	(c)	Responses may refer to measuring the length of either object (the chain or the single paperclip from photographs A and B)	Ignore: repetition, measuring paperclip from zero		2
		Any two of: Either object - parallel with scale; closer to scale; use fiducial mark e.g. a set square; take parallax into account; Minimise effect of friction on stretched chain; Remove paperclip from chain for measurement;	Allow sensible equipment changes, e.g. more precise scale, using stiffer paperclips / links		
			,	Total	12

Question number	Answer	Accept	Reject	Marks
4	Any three of: the air is warmed / heated (by the hot rocks); air expands / molecules move apart; air becomes less dense; hot air rises; cooler air (from sides) displaces warm air; (at height) air cools / contracts / becomes more dense; cooled air falls; process is repeated;	Correct points in any order Same ideas expressed in different words Same ideas expressed in labelled additions to the diagram "It" for air		3
			Total	3

	iestic umbe		Answer	Accept	Reject	Marks
5	(a)	(i)	Substitution; Calculation; e.g. m x g = 0.454 x 10 = 4.54 (N)			2
		(ii)	Centre of gravity;	Centre of mass;		1
	(b)	(i)	force upwards; from top of nail;	Near vertical by eye		2
		(ii)	Any two from: increase F_1 OR increase force (from hand);	In line with F_2 use two hands		2
			Increase d_1 OR increase distance of hand from pivot; Keep F_1 perpendicular to hammer;	use longer handle use longer hammer		
				Ignore: references to d_2 distance from nail to pivot idea of bigger [rather than		
				longer] hammer	Total	7

	uest	_	Answer	Accept	Reject	Marks
6	(a)	(i)	(Signal has) two values;	On or off, 0 or 1, two signal strengths		2
		(ii)	Only; Any two of	Binary		2
		(11)	The idea of increased frequency (of wave or modulation); The idea of regeneration (allowing more data to	send more bits/sparks, send morse code more quickly, send other letters		۷
			arrive); The idea of using increased bandwidth; The idea of using additional (signal) level; The idea of multiplexing (e.g. use more than one channel);	The response should be about the signal, so ignore: idea of just sending a longer message using optical fibre(s)		
	(b)	(i)	(wave) speed = frequency x wavelength	$v = f x \lambda$ (accept rearrangements)		1
		(ii)	Substitution; Calculation; e.g.: 820 000 x 366 = 300 120 000 or 300 000 000 or 3 x 10 ⁸ (m/s)	Bald answer;; Power of ten error (for 1 mark) e.g. 300 000 m/s Alternative correct units (for 2 marks) e.g. 300 000 km /s		2

	Question number		Answer	Accept	Reject	Marks
6	(c)		183 (m);			1
	(d)		Any three of: MP1 Electrons move OR there is a current Or negative charge moves; MP2 (Discharge) to earth OR across cloud OR to named object – tree, house, lightning conductor; MP3 Air conducts; MP4 Phenomenon e.g. thunder clap / lightning;	Sparks generate radio waves; Lightning causes (radio) interference; Correct reference to electrostatic attraction / repulsion;		3
					Total	11

	Questi numb		Answer	Accept	Reject	Marks
7	(a)		В			1
	(b)	(i)	Word equation or $V_p I_p = V_s I_s$;	$V_p/V_s = I_s/I_p \text{ or } V_s/V_p$ = I_p/I_s or $I_1V_1 = I_2V_2$		1
		(ii)	Correct equation substituted OR rearranged; Answer; Vp/Vs = Is/Ip or Vs/Vp = Ip/Is e.g. 230 x 0.25 = 12 x I _s , so I _s = (230 x	Bald answer;;		2
			0.25) ÷ 12 = 4.8 (A)	4.79 (A) , 4.792 (A)		
	(c)		Two of MP1 Idea of energy / power lost; MP2 Idea of efficiency ≠ 100%; MP3 Idea of less available energy/power/voltage/current; MP4 Idea of resistance increasing (with temperature);			2
					Total	6

Question number			Answer	Accept	Reject	Marks
8	(a)		Area under the graph (from 0 s to 3 s);	6 x 3 or 18 (m); area shaded on graph		1
	(b)	(i)	Momentum = mass x velocity;	p= m x v; accept rearrangements		1
		(ii)	Substitution in correct equation; Calculation; e.g. 6.4 x 6 = 38.4			3
			kg m/s ;	Ns;		

Question number			Answer	Accept	Reject	Marks
8	(c)	(i) (ii)	4.8 (m/s); Idea that momentum is conserved; Substitution; Calculation;	Allow e.c.f. from incorrect momentum calculation in (b)(ii)		3
			e.g. $p_1 = p_2$ / $m_1 \times v_1 = (m_1 + m_2) \times v_2$ 6.4 x 6 = (6.4 + m_2) x 4.8 $m_2 = (38.4 \div 4.8) - 6.4 = 8 - 6.4 = 1.6 (kg)$	and /or incorrect velocity reading e.g.: Idea of conservation of momentum; m₂ = [(b)(ii) ÷ (c)(i)] - 6.4; correct evaluation of this; e.g. 5 m/s → 1.28 kg Allow for one mark - A calculation that only leads to total mass e.g. = 8 kg;		
					Total	9

Further copies of this publication are available from Edexcel Publications, Adamsway, Mansfield, Notts, NG18 4FN

Telephone 01623 467467 Fax 01623 450481 Email <u>publication.orders@edexcel.com</u> Order Code UG034772 January 2013

For more information on Edexcel qualifications, please visit our website $\underline{www.edexcel.com}$

Pearson Education Limited. Registered company number 872828 with its registered office at Edinburgh Gate, Harlow, Essex CM20 2JE





