

## OCR (B) Physics GCSE

## PAG 7: Series and Parallel Circuits

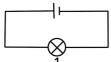
🕟 www.pmt.education

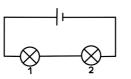
▶ 
O 
O 

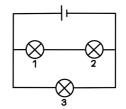
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 Image: O 
 <td

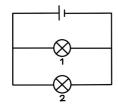


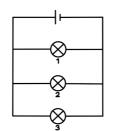
## Investigating the brightness of bulbs in series and parallel

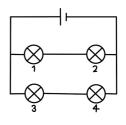












- 1. Set up each of the circuits above
- 2. Record the brightness of bulbs 1 to 4 (if applicable) qualitatively
- 3. **Compare** the brightness of the bulbs when connected in **parallel** and **series** circuits; when there is 1 bulb compared to 4
- 4. You may also compare the brightness **quantitatively** by connecting a voltmeter in parallel across each of the bulbs (the **higher** the PD, the **greater** the brightness)

▶ Image: PMTEducation