

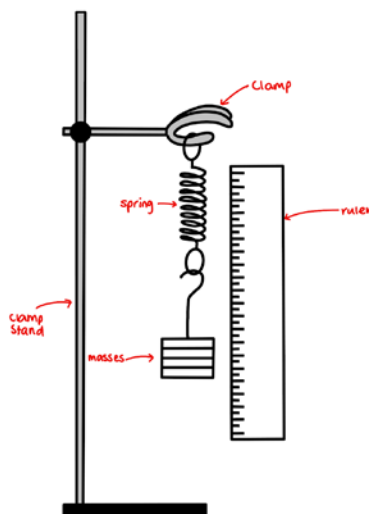
OCR A Physics GCSE

Topic P9: Practical Skills

PAG 2

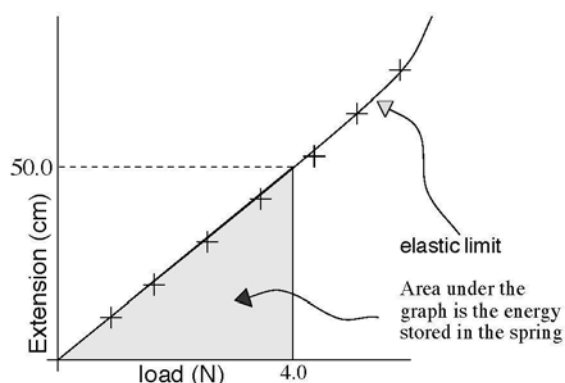


PAG 02: Investigating the effect of forces on springs



Investigating the relationship between force and extension

1. Set up the apparatus as shown above: attach the spring to the clamp-stand and place a ruler next to it
1. Measure the **original length** of the spring using the **ruler**
2. Successively **add weights** (for example, 1N weights) to the end of the spring
3. Measure the **extension, x**, as the difference between the stretched and original length
4. For each extension **record the force, F**, using **$F = mg$** where...
 - mass, m (kg), can be read off the manufacturer's label on the masses
 - g = gravitational field strength (N/kg) = $9.81 \approx 10$ (on Earth)
5. Take **repeated readings** of extension, **discard any anomalies** and find the **mean** value of x
6. Plot a graph of **force against extension** and draw a line of best fit
 - Calculate the **spring constant, k**, from the **gradient** of the straight-line portion of the graph



[Image: Physics Stack Exchange, Andrew Brick - 'Graph relating load force and spring extension in Hooke's Law'](#)
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Calculating mass

1. For the above apparatus, remove the mass holder and attach the unknown object to the end of the spring
2. Measure the **extension**, x
3. Find the **mass** of the object using the equation:

$$mg = kx$$

where k is the **spring constant** (found from f - x graph), and g is the gravitational field strength.

