

Edexcel Physics IAL

Core Practical 6: Determine the Wavelength of Light using a Diffraction Grating

Practical Notes

S www.pmt.education

▶ Image: Contraction PMTEducation



Core Practical 6: Determine the Wavelength of Light from a Laser or other Light Source using a Diffraction Grating

Equipment

- Diffraction grating
- Laser
- Screen
- Ruler

Method

- 1. Shine the laser through the diffraction grating onto the screen.
- 2. Measure the distance between the central fringe and the one beside it (1st order see below).
- 3. Measure the distance between the grating and the screen.





Calculations

• The formula associated with diffraction gratings is: $d \sin \theta = n\lambda$

Where d is the distance between the slits, θ is the angle to the normal made by the maximum, n is the order and λ is the wavelength.

- To find tan θ divide the distance between the central fringe and the one beside it by the distance between the grating and the screen (tanθ=opp/adj) then use inverse tan (tan⁻¹ θ) to find θ.
- To find d, read the information on the packaging of the grating it will say how many lines per mm. Note that if it has 350 lines/mm that is 350,000 lines/m and so 1/350,000 is the slit spacing.
- We measured the distance to the first order hence n = 1.
- Substitute all these values into $\lambda = dsin\theta$ (n is not included as n = 1) to find the wavelength of the laser.

Notes

• Also calculate the wavelength using 2nd and 3rd order measurements and find the average of these values for the mean wavelength.

 Vary different properties such as the number of lines in the diffraction grating and the wavelength of the light to see how they affect θ.



Safety

- When using lasers, ensure that you never look directly at the beam as doing so cause permanent eye damage
- Always display a laser in use sign so that everyone is aware that a laser is being used.
- Never shine it off shiny surfaces since it may reflect into someone's eyes.