

GCSE Maths – Geometry and Measures

Volume of 3D Shapes

Worksheet

WORKED SOLUTIONS

This worksheet will show you how to work out different types of volume of 3D shapes questions. Each section contains a worked example, a question with hints and then questions for you to work through on your own.

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Section A



Find the volume of the cuboid shown below.



Step 1: For cuboids, use the formula: $Volume = length \times width \times height$.

We have been given the length, width, and height, so we simply multiply these together. Remember to use the correct units!

Volume = $6 \times 3 \times 3 = 54$ units³



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If you get stuck, look back at the worked and guided examples.

1. Calculate the volume of the following cubes and cuboids:



b)



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Section **B**



Guided Example

 Find the volume of the cylinder.

 14cm

 Step 1: When finding the volume of prisms and cylinders, the approach is the same: first, find the cross-sectional area.

 Area of Circle =
$$\pi \times 6^2$$

 = 36π write²

 Step 2: Multiply the cross-sectional area by the length of the cylinder.

 $36 \pi \times 14 = 504 \pi$ write³
 α (1580 write³) (3sp)

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If you get stuck, look back at the worked and guided examples.

- 2. Calculate the following:
 - a) The volume of this prism



b) The volume of this cylinder



c) The length of this cylinder if the volume is 226.19 cm³







Section C







If you get stuck, look back at the worked and guided examples.

- 3. Calculate the following:
 - a) The volume of this pyramid



b) The perpendicular height of this triangle-based pyramid if its volume is 850 cm³



c) The length of the one of the sides of this square-based pyramid, if the total volume is 128 cm³



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Section D



Find the volume of the cone.



Step 1: Use the formula for the volume of a cone: $Volume = \frac{1}{3}\pi \times r^2 \times h$

Substitute the values we know into the formula to find the volume:

Volume =
$$\frac{1}{3} \times \pi \times 5^2 \times 12 = 314.16 \text{ cm}^3$$



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If you get stuck, look back at the worked and guided examples.

- 4. Calculate the following:
 - a) The volume of this cone





b) The height of this cone if its volume is 2534.22 cm³



c) The radius of this cone if its volume is 167.55 cm³

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D O





Section E

Worked Example

Find the volume of the sphere, given that point A is centred at the origin.



Step 1: Use the formula for the volume of a sphere: $Volume = \frac{4}{3} \times \pi \times r^3$

Substitute the values we know into the formula to find the volume:

Volume =
$$\frac{4}{3} \times \pi \times 7^3$$
 = **1436**. **76 units**³



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If you get stuck, look back at the worked and guided examples.

- 5. Calculate the following:
 - a) The volume of this sphere



Volume =
$$\frac{4}{3}\pi r^{3}$$

= $\frac{4}{3}\pi x 3^{3}$
= $36\pi \text{ mm}^{3}$ or 118 mm³
(3sf)

b) The volume of this sphere



6. A sphere has volume 3053.63 cm³. Calculate the radius of the sphere.

Volume =
$$\frac{4}{3}\pi r^{3}$$

 $3053.63 = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^{3}$
 $\frac{+4\pi}{3}$
 $r^{3} = 729$
 $r = 9 cm$

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