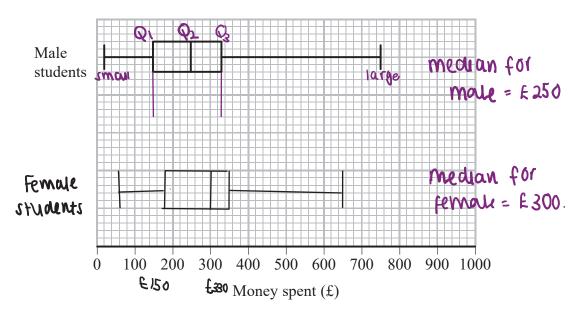
1. The box plot shows information about the distribution of the amounts of money spent by some male students on their holidays.



(a) Work out the interquartile range for the amounts of money spent by these male students.

$$|QR = Q_3 - Q_1 = £330 - £150 = £180$$

The table below shows information about the distribution of the amounts of money spent by some female students on their holidays.

	Smallest	Lower quartile	Median	Upper quartile	Largest
Money spent (£)	60	180	300	350	650

(b) On the grid above, draw a box plot for the information in the table.

(2)

Chris says,

"The box plots show that the female students spent more money than the male students."

(c) Is Chris correct?
Give a reason for your answer.

yes, chris	Ŋ	COLLECT	because	bre	median	for t	ne female	١
SHAMMA								
students		•						

(1)

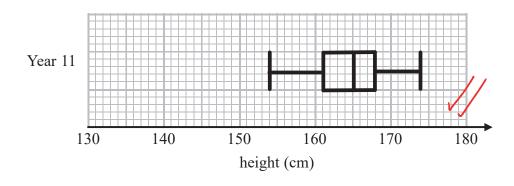
(Total for Question is 5 marks)

2. The table shows information about the heights, in cm, of a group of Year 11 girls.

	height (cm)
least height	154
median	165
lower quartile	161
interquartile range	7
range	20

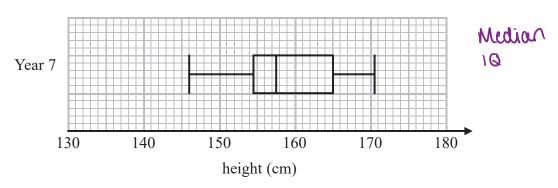
Median 165	Nedian	161+7=168/
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(a) Draw a box plot for this information.



(3)

The box plot below shows information about the heights, in cm, of a group of Year 7 girls.



(b) Compare the distribution of heights of the Year 7 girls with the distribution of heights of the Year 11 girls.

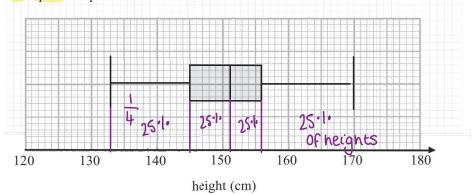
Year 11 have a higher median height than the year 7 students.
Year 7 have a larger interqualist range than the year

3. The table gives some information about the heights of 80 girls.

Least height	133 cm	Bottom tail
Greatest height	170 cm	Top tail
Lower quartile	145 cm	
Upper quartile	157 cm	1
Median	151 cm	Central line

line of box

(a) Draw a box plot to represent this information.



(b) Work out an estimate for the number of these girls with a height between 133 cm and 157 cm.

1 of the heights sit between the lowest value and the lower quartile

 $\frac{3}{4}$ sit between the lowest value (133cm) and the upper quartile (156cm)

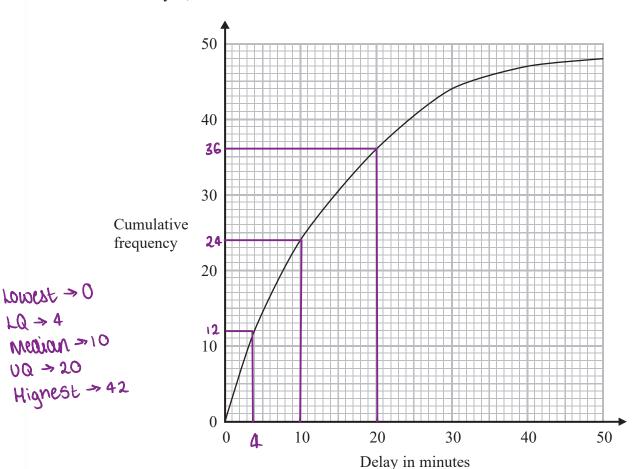
$$80 \times \frac{3}{4} = 60$$

total number of heights

(Total for Ouestion is 5 marks)

The times that 48 trains left a station on Monday were recorded.

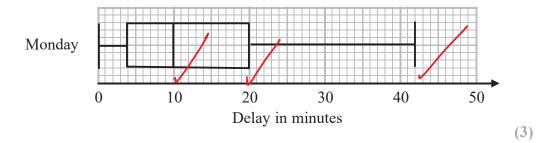
The cumulative frequency graph gives information about the numbers of minutes the trains were delayed, correct to the nearest minute.



The shortest delay was 0 minutes. The longest delay was 42 minutes.

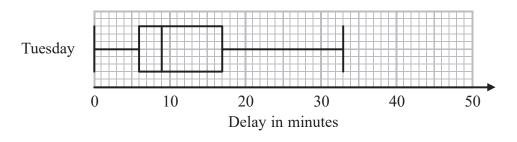
Lowest → 0

(a) On the grid below, draw a box plot for the information about the delays on Monday.



48 trains left the station on Tuesday.

The box plot below gives information about the delays on Tuesday.

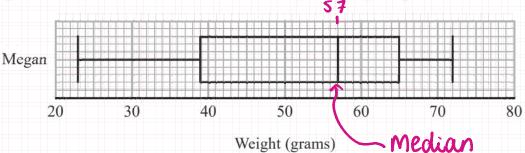


(b) Compare the distribution of the delays on Monday with the distribution of to on Tuesday.	Masu
The median on Monday is greater than on Tuesday	of spread
The median on Monday is greater than on Tuesday The range on Monday is greater than on Tuesday	
	(2)
Mary says,	
"The longest delay on Tuesday was 33 minutes. This means that there must be some delays of between 25 minutes and 30	minutes."
(c) Is Mary right? You must give a reason for your answer.	
No, because the upper 25% of brains may be delayed between 1 or 30 and 35 mins	7 and 15 mins (1)

(1)

5. Megan grows potatoes.

The box plot below shows information about the weights of Megan's potatoes.



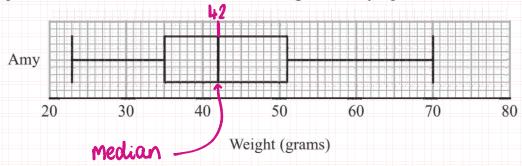
Megan says that half of her potatoes weigh less than 50 grams each.

(a) Is Megan correct?
Give a reason for your answer.

No since the median is 570

Amy also grows potatoes.

The box plot below shows information about the weights of Amy's potatoes.



(b) Compare the distribution of the weights of Megan's potatoes with the distribution of the weights of Amy's potatoes.

The median weight of Amy's potatoes is less than Megans



The interquartile range of weights for Megan was greater than the interquartile range of weights for Army

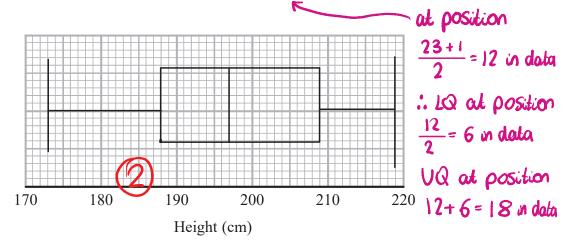
The stem and leaf diagram shows information about the heights, in cm, of 23 sunflowers.

21	4	8	8	9			D lo	vest = 173cm	UQ = 18
20	1	4	7	7	9	9		122 12	
19	0	0	1	4	6	7	8	Key: 17 3 repres	ents 173 cm
18	6	8	8						
17	3	4	9						

3cm UQ = 188 (/) Highest = 219 cm Median = 197 cm

LQ = 209

On the grid, draw a box plot for this information.

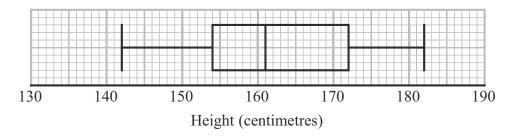


7.	Aisha recorded the heights, in centimetres, of some girls.
	She used her results to work out the information in this table

Least height	142 cm
Lower quartile	154 cm
Interquartile range	17 cm
Median	162 cm
Range	40 cm

U. quairie = 154+17 = 171cm

Aisha drew this box plot for the information in the table. The box plot is **not** fully correct.



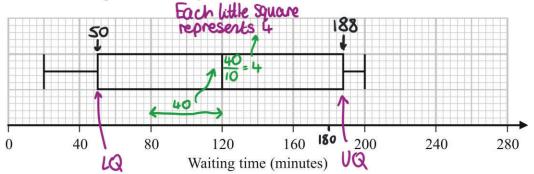
Write down the two things Aisha should do to make the box plot fully correct.

1 Median Should be at 162, nor 161

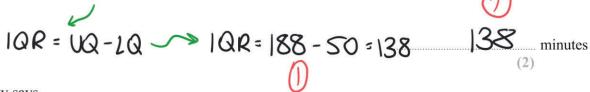
2 Upper quartile should be at 171, nor 172

(Total for Question is 2 marks)

8. The box plot shows information about the length of time, in minutes, some people waited to see a doctor at a hospital on Monday.



(a) Work out the interquartile range of the information in the box plot.



Becky says,

"50% of the people waited for at least 2 hours."

(b) Is Becky correct? Explain why.

Ye	s becau	use the	Media	n is a	t 2 hou	15 50	50% of
	e people						J
•	- L - 1 .						

(1)

The table gives information about the length of time, in minutes, some people waited to see a doctor at the same hospital on Tuesday.

		Waiting time (minutes)
000-1:	Shortest time	20
Mechan for Monday	Lower quartile	50
Median for Monday (Part a)) is	Median	100
	Upper quartile	140
	Longest time	210

Becky was asked to compare the distribution of the lengths of times people waited on Monday with the distribution of the lengths of times people waited on Tuesday.

She wrote,

"People had to wait longer on Tuesday than on Monday."

(c) Give one reason why Becky may be wrong.

The median is lower on	Tuesday 1100) compared	to
Monday (120) 1	U		