

Topic Test 4 Mark Scheme

Basic algebra - Foundation

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
		ı	
1	3 + 16 – 4	M1	
	15	A1	
	T	I	T
2	$3 \times (4 + 2) \div (8 - 2) = 3$	B1	
	T	I	T
3	He has said $a + a + a = 3a$ and $b + b$ = $2b$ then multiplied $4 \times 3a \times 2b$.	B1	oe
	4 + 3a + 2b	B1	
	1	T	I
4	(Tuesday =) <i>m</i> + 35	B1	
	(Wednesdayl =) 2m		
	m + m + 35 + 2m	M1	ft their answers
	4 <i>m</i> + 35	A1	
	1	T	I
5	21a + 56	B2	B1 for either 21a or 56
6 (a)	20 <i>h</i> + 28 or 10 <i>h</i> - 14	M1	
	20h + 28 + 10h - 14	M1	
	30 <i>h</i> + 14	A1ft	ft their answers if M1 awarded
6 (b)	27k + 9 or –10k + 20	M1	
	27k + 9 – 10k + 20	M1	
	10 <i>k</i> + 29	A1ft	ft their answers if M1 awarded

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
7	$2(3x-2)$ or $2 \times 4(x+1)$	M1	oe
	$2(3x-2)$ and $2 \times 4(x+1)$	M1	oe
	$2(3x-2) + 2 \times 4(x+1)$ or $6x-4+8x+8$	M1	
	14x + 4 or 2(7x + 2)	A1	
8 (a)	5(2x + 3)	B1	
8 (b)	6(6x - 8)	B1	
8 (c)	$9x(3 + 5x^4)$	B2	B1 for correct partial factorisation
8 (d)	$11xy^2(4x^2 - 3y^2)$	B2	B1 for correct partial factorisation
9	6(n-5) = 42 joined to equation w = 7h + 30 joined to formula 5(n-6) joined to expression $4(n+7) \equiv 4n + 28$ joined to identity	B2	B1 for 2 correct
10	-2, -1, 0, 1	B2	B1 for 3 correct and 0 incorrect or for 4 correct and 1 incorrect
11	C = 3 + 1.20s	B1	
12	4(5x+1) = 6(6x-2)	B1	oe