M1.

$$3x - (x - 5)$$

Condone omission of brackets

M1

$$2x + 5 = 17$$

M1

6

A1

Alternative 1

$$2^{3x} = 2^{17} \times 2^{x-5}$$

M1

$$3x = 12 + x$$

M1

6

A1

Alternative 2

Substitutes a value for x and evaluates correctly as a power of 2.

M1

Substitutes a different value for *x* and evaluates correctly as a power of 2 which is closer to 17.

M1

6

A1

[3]

M2.

$$x^{-\frac{2}{3}}$$
 or $a = -\frac{2}{3}$

B2
$$(x^{\frac{-1}{3}})^2$$
 or $(x^2)^{\frac{-1}{3}}$ or $(x^{\frac{2}{3}})^{-1}$ or

$$(x^{-2})^{\frac{1}{3}}$$
 or $(x^{\frac{1}{3}})^{-2}$ or $\frac{1}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}}$ or $-\frac{2}{3}$

B1

or $\frac{(\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{(x^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}$ or $(\sqrt[3]{x^2})^{-1}$ or $(\frac{1}{x^2})^{\frac{1}{3}}$

or $\frac{1}{(x^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}$ or $(\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x}})^2$

or base x with any negative index.

B3 [3]

M3.Correct evaluation of a relevant power of 2 or 16

eg
$$16^{\frac{1}{2}} = (\pm) 4$$
 or $16^2 = 256$ or $2^4 = 16$ or

or 4c = d

$$16^{\frac{1}{4}} = (\pm)2$$
 or $16^{\circ} = 16$ or $16^{\circ} = 1$

M1

One correct pair of answers

A correct answer is such that
$$d = 4c$$

A1

A second correct pair of answers

eg
$$c = 0$$
, $d = 0$
 $c = 1$, $d = 4$ or $c = -1$, $d = -4$
 $c = 2$, $d = 8$ or $c = \frac{1}{8}$, $d = \frac{1}{2}$ etc ...

A1 [3]

M4. Sequence continued correctly

horizontally for at least two terms 128 and 256 (and 512)

M1

A calculation that leads to x if evaluated correctly

or extending the sequence to at least row 3

2²⁴ or 4¹² 16 × 32⁴

64⁴

M1dep

16 777 216

A1

their value in standard form

or their value to 3 s.f.

 $1.67(77216) \times 10^7$ or 1.6×10^7 or 1.7×10^7 or $16\,800\,000$ For standard form allow rounding or truncation

B1ft

 1.68×10^{7}

B1ft

[5]

M5.Correct cubing of any integer [25, 30]

Note: 25³ = 15 625 26³ = 17 576 27³ = 19 683 28³ = 21 952 29³ = 24 389 30³ = 27 000

M1

26 or 27

SC1 for 18 or 183 (= 5832)

A1

[2]