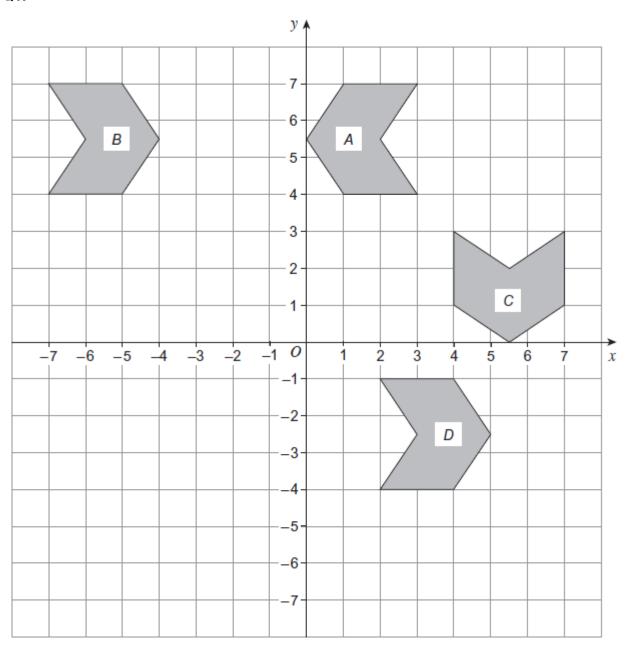
(1)

(1)

Q1.



- (a) On the grid draw the mirror line that reflects shape A to shape B.
- (b) On the grid draw the mirror line that reflects shape A to shape C.
- (c) Describe fully the single transformation that takes shape *B* to shape *D*.

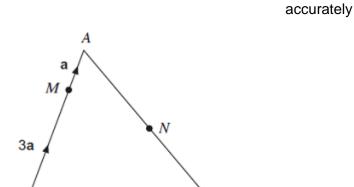
Not drawn

C

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	-
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	•
	(2)
	(-)
	(Total 4 marks)

## **Q2.***OAB* is a triangle.

OBC is a straight line.



2b

В

$$\overrightarrow{OA}$$
 = 4a

$$\overrightarrow{OR} = 2h$$

$$\overrightarrow{BC} = \mathbf{b}$$

$$\overrightarrow{OM} = 3a$$

N is the midpoint of AB.

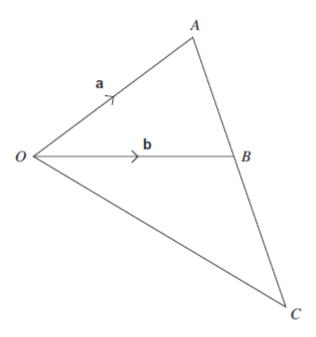
(a) Work out  $\overrightarrow{MN}$  in terms of **a** and **b**. Simplify your answer.

0

	Answer	(3)
		(-)
(b)	Show that $M$ , $N$ and $C$ lie on a straight line.	
		(2)
		(3) (Total 6 marks)

**Q3.**The diagram shows vectors  $\overrightarrow{OA} = \mathbf{a}$  and  $\overrightarrow{OB} = \mathbf{b}$ 

Not drawn accurately



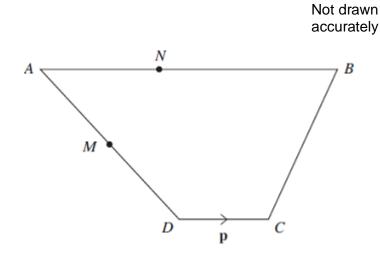
(a)	Write vector $\overrightarrow{AB}$ in terms of <b>a</b> and <b>b</b> .	
	Answer	(1

(b)	The point $B$ divides $AC$ in the ratio 2:3
	Work out vector $\overrightarrow{oc}$ in terms of <b>a</b> and <b>b</b> .

(3) (Total 4 marks)

(1)

## **Q4.**AB is parallel to DC.



$$\overrightarrow{AB} = 5p$$

$$\overrightarrow{DC} = \mathbf{p}$$

$$\overrightarrow{DA} = 2\mathbf{q} - \mathbf{p}$$

(a) Show that 
$$\overrightarrow{CB} = 2q + 3p$$

.....

## (b) M is the midpoint of AD.

$$\overrightarrow{AN}: \overrightarrow{NB} = 2:3$$

Show that MN is parallel to CB.

ΔΩΔ	<b>GCSF Maths</b>	- Translations	as 2D Vectors
$\neg \omega \neg$	GCSE Mailis	- 11411314110113	as ZD VECTORS

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(4)
(4) (Total 5 marks)
(10tal 5 marks)