M1.
$$w - 3 = \sqrt{t}$$
  
or  $\sqrt{t} = w - 3$  or  $(w - 3)^{2}$  or  $-\sqrt{t} = 3 - w$   
M1

$$t = (w - 3)^2$$

oe ignore 
$$fw$$
  
SC1  $t = (w + 3)^2$ 

A1

**B1** 

Q1

**M1** 

[2]

M2.

- (a) Ticks '*T*' is always odd' Any indication
  - Odd  $\times$  5 (or odd) is odd **and** odd -2 (or even) is odd **or** 5  $\times$  odd ends in 5 so 5  $\times$  odd -2 ends in 3 Strand (ii) Full explanation with correct box ticked

(b) 
$$T+2=5n$$
  
 $-T-2=-5n$   $\frac{T}{5}=n-\frac{2}{5}$   
 $n=\frac{T+2}{5}$   
 $n=\frac{-T-2}{-5}$   $n=\frac{T}{5}+\frac{2}{5}$   
 $SC1$   $\frac{T+2}{5}$  or  $\frac{-T-2}{-5}$  or  $\frac{T}{5}+\frac{2}{5}$ 

A1

[4]

M3. (a) 
$$12 - x = 15$$
 or  $12 - x = 5 \times 3$   
 $oe \quad 4 - \frac{x}{3} = 5$   
M1  
 $-x = their 15 - 12$  or  $x = 12 - their 15$   
 $or \quad 4 - 5 = \frac{x}{3}$   
 $-1 = \frac{x}{3}$   
 $or \quad 5 - 4 = \frac{-x}{3}$   
M1  
 $-3$   
(b)  $3t = s - 4$  or  $\frac{5}{3} = t + \frac{4}{3}$   
 $oe$   
 $(t = )\frac{s - 4}{3}$  or  $(t = )\frac{5}{3} - \frac{4}{3}$  or  $(t = )\frac{4 - 5}{-3}$   
 $oe$   
 $SC1$   $(t = )\frac{4 - 5}{3}$  or  $(t = )\frac{s + 4}{3}$   
A1

[5]

**M4.** x(y-5) = 2 + 3y

**M1** 

xy - 5x = 2 + 3y

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M1dep

$$xy - 3y = 2 + 5x$$
 or  $y(x - 3) = 2 + 5x$   
or  $-5x - 2 = 3y - xy$  or  $-5x - 2 = y(3 - x)$ 

M1 dep

$$y = \frac{2+5x}{x-3}$$

$$y = \frac{-5x-2}{3-x}$$
  
SC3 for  $y = \frac{7}{3-x}$  or  $y = \frac{-7}{3-x}$ 

**only** from an incorrect expansion of xy - 5 = 2 + 3y at 2nd stage

A1

[4]

**M5.** w - x = y(2x - 3) oe multiplying through by y M1

w - x = 2xy - 3y oe

multiplying out bracket (this line gets M2 even if 1ª line not seen)

w + 3y = 2xy + x oe collecting terms

 $x = \frac{\frac{w+3y}{2y+1}}{oe}$ 

M1

**M1** 

\_

**M1** 

A1

[4]

M6. 
$$2h - 2y = 5y + 3$$
  
 $2h - y = 5y + 3$  is M0  
M1  
 $2h = 5y + 2y + 3$  or  $2h = 7y + 3$   
for correct rearranging after attempt at expansion seen

$$2h = 5y + y + 3$$
 is M1  
 $2h = 5y + 2y + 3$  is M0

$$h = \frac{7y+3}{2} \quad h = \frac{5y+2y+3}{2}$$

$$Must see h = \dots$$

$$ft \text{ if } M1 \text{ } M0 \text{ or } M0 \text{ } M1 \text{ awarded}$$
A1 ft

## Alternative method

$$h - y = \frac{5y + 3}{2}$$

$$h - y = 2.5y + 1.5$$
M2
$$h = \frac{5y + 3}{2} + y \quad h = \frac{5y + 2y + 3}{2}$$

$$h = 2.5y + y + 1.5 \text{ or } h = 3.5y + 1.5$$
Must see  $h = ...$ 

A1 ft

[3]

**M7.** (a)  $8x^4y^7$ 

**B2** 

(b) 
$$4y(5y-2x)$$
  
B1 for  $4y(? - ?)$   
or  $4(5y^2 - 2xy)$  or  $8y(2.5y - x)$  or  $y(20y - 8x)$  or  $8(2.5y^2 - xy)$  or  $2(10y^2 - 4xy)$  or  $2y(10y - 4x)$   
B2

B1 for two out of three parts correct eg  $6x^4y^7$ 

(c) 
$$w - y = \frac{x}{r}$$
$$wr = yr + x \quad or \quad -x = yr - wr \quad oe$$
M1

$$r(w - y) = x$$
  

$$wr - yr = x$$
  
Must have  $x = \dots$  oe A1

(d) 
$$6x^2y^2$$

## B1 for $18x^3y^3$ or any other common multiple

**B2** 

**M1** 

[8]

**M8.** 
$$3y - p = 2h + hy$$
 M1

3y - hy = 2h + p

$$-2h - p = hy - 3y$$

This mark is for correct rearranging from an incorrect 4 term expansion in the first step

y(3-h) = 2h + p

$$-2h - p = y(h - 3) \text{ Dependent on first M mark}$$
 M1 dep
$$y = \frac{2h + p}{3 - h}$$
$$\frac{-2h - p}{h - 3} = y$$
A1

[4]