Q1.

Circle the equation with roots 4 and -8

$$4x(x-8)=0$$

$$(x-4)(x+8)=0$$

$$x^2 - 32 = 0$$

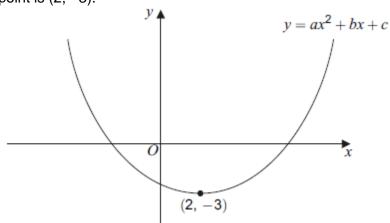
$$(x + 4)(x - 8) = 0$$

(Total 1 mark)

Q2.

A sketch of $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ is shown.

The minimum point is (2, -3).



For the sketch shown, circle the correct answer in each of the following.

(a) The value of a is

zero positive

negative

(1)

(b) The value of c is

zero positive negative

(1)

(c) The solutions of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ are

> both zero both positive both negative one positive and one negative

> > (1)

The **number** solutions of $ax^2 + bx + c = -6$ is (d)

0

1

2

3

(1)

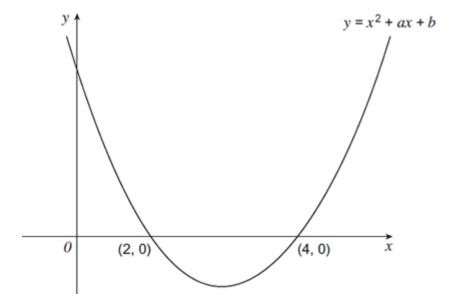
The equation of the tangent to $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ at (2, -3) is (e)

x = 2 y = 2 x = -3 y = -3

(Total 5 marks)

Q3.The diagram shows a sketch of the graph of $y = x^2 + ax + b$

The graph crosses the x-axis at (2, 0) and (4, 0).



AQA GCSE Maths - Quadratics - Roots, Intercepts, Turning Points

Work out the value of b . You must show your working.	
<i>b</i> =	
	(Total 4 marks)