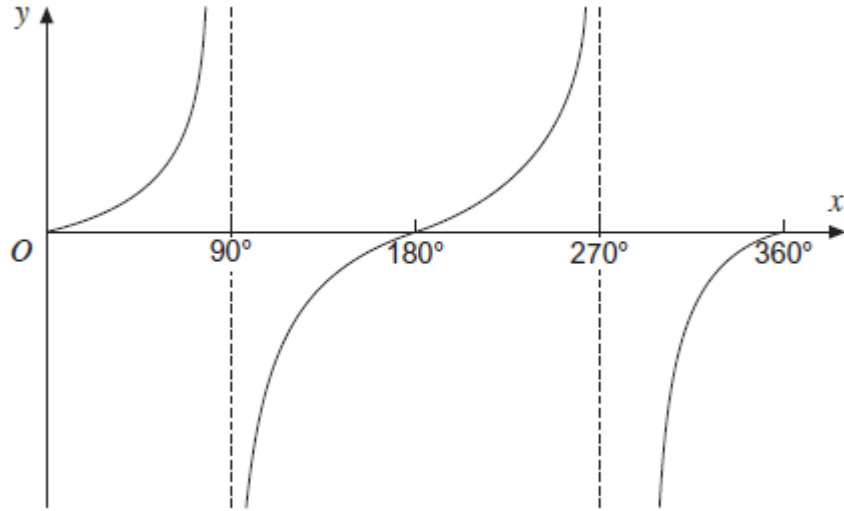


Q1.

(a) Circle a possible equation for the graph shown below.



$y = \frac{1}{x}$

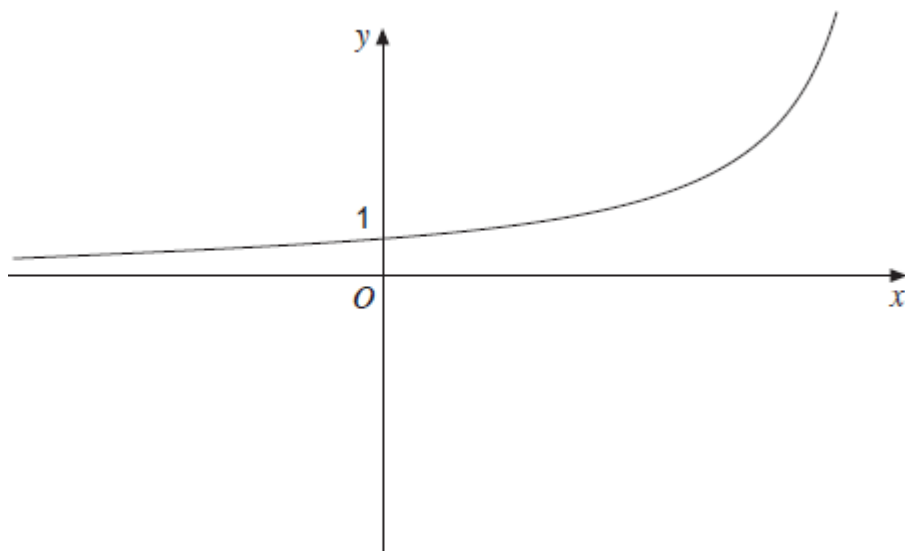
$y = \sin x$

$y = 2^x$

$y = \tan x$

(1)

(b) Circle a possible equation for the graph shown below.



$y = \frac{1}{x}$

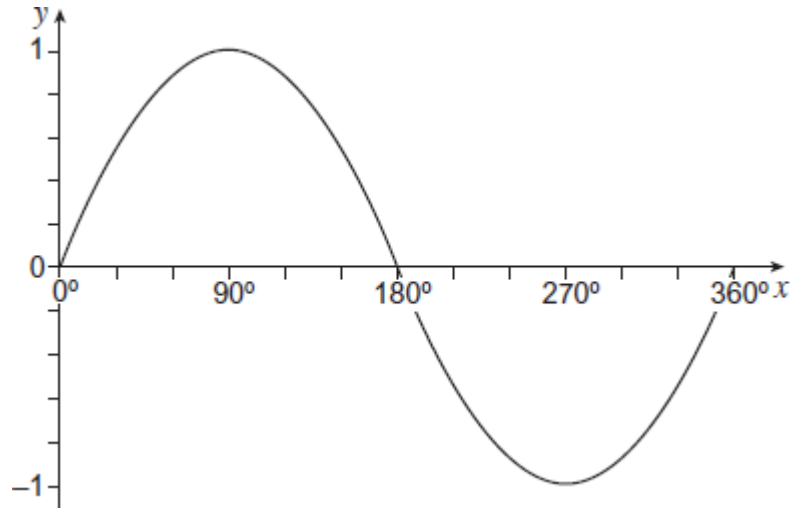
$y = \sin x$

$y = 2^x$

$y = \tan x$

(1)  
(Total 2 marks)

**Q2.** The graph shows  $y = \sin x$  for  $0^\circ \leq x \leq 360^\circ$



(a)  $\sin x = \sin 60^\circ$  and  $90^\circ < x < 360^\circ$

Work out the value of  $x$ .

.....

Answer .....

(1)

(b)  $\sin x = -\sin 60^\circ$  and  $180^\circ < x < 360^\circ$

Work out **one** of the values of  $x$ .

.....

Answer .....

(1)

(Total 2 marks)

**Q3.**

The depth of water,  $d$  metres, in a harbour at a time,  $t$  hours after 12 noon, is given by

$$d = 10 - 4 \cos(30t)^\circ$$

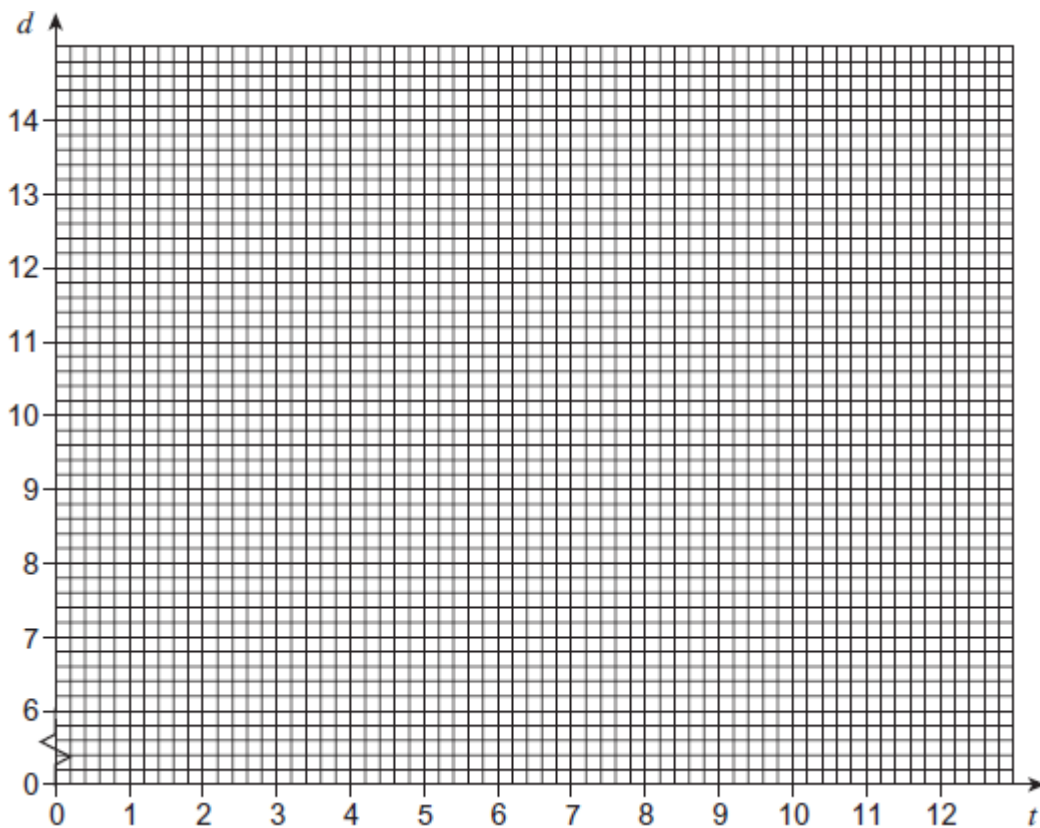
(a) Complete the table of values.

$t$	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
$d$	6	6.5	8	10	12	13.5	14	13.5	12	10	8	6.5	

.....

(1)

(b) On the grid, draw the graph of  $d = 10 - 4 \cos(30t)^\circ$  for values of  $t$  from 0 to 12.



(2)

(c) The depth of water must be at least 9 metres for a ship to enter the harbour. At 12 noon a ship is waiting to enter the harbour.

Use the graph to estimate the **earliest** time the ship can enter.

.....  
 .....

Answer .....

(2)

- (d) A different ship enters the harbour at 4.15 pm.  
 The ship must leave the harbour before the depth of water falls below 9 metres.

Use the graph to estimate the maximum time the ship can stay in the harbour.  
 Give your answer in hours and minutes.

.....  
 .....

Answer ..... hours .....minutes

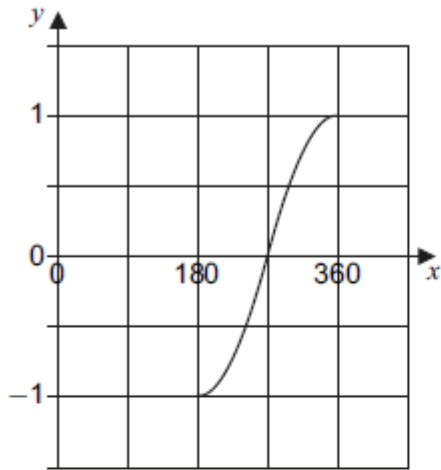
(3)

(Total 8 marks)

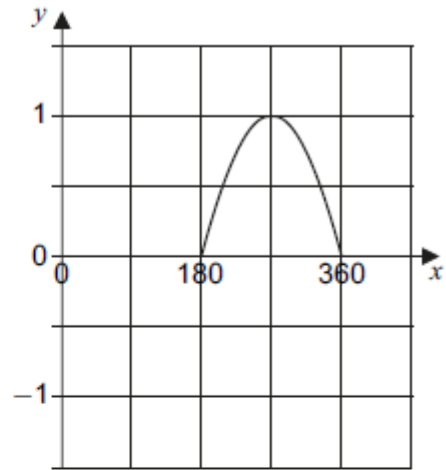
**Q4.**

Four graphs are shown for  $180^\circ \leq x \leq 360^\circ$

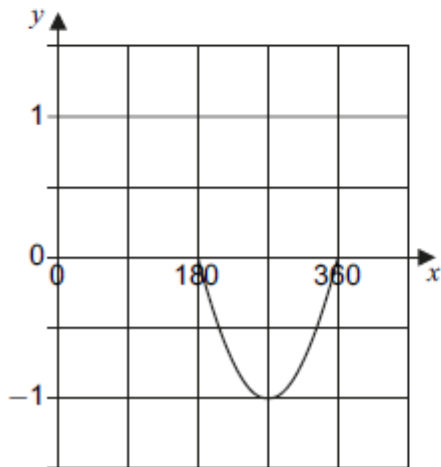
Graph A



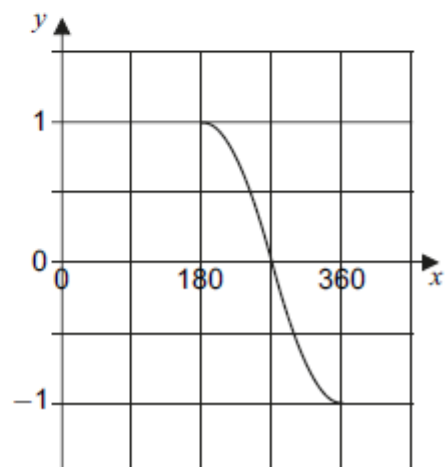
Graph B



Graph C



Graph D



(a) Which graph is  $y = \sin x$ ?

Graph .....

(1)

(b) Which graph is  $y = \cos x$ ?

Graph .....

(1)  
(Total 2 marks)

