Please check the examination de	etails below	before ente	ring your cand	didate information	
Candidate surname			Other names	5	
Pearson Edexcel International GCSE	Centre	Number		Candidate Num	ber
Thursday 6 J	une	201	19		
Morning (Time: 2 hours 30 min	utes)	Paper Re	eference 4	MB1/02R	
Mathematics E	3				
You must have: Ruler graduated in centimetres are pen, HB pencil, eraser, calculator.		•	•	- 11	Marks

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 there may be more space than you need.
- Calculators may be used.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets
 use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.
- Without sufficient working, correct answers may be awarded no marks.

Turn over ▶



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Answer ALL ELEVEN questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

You must write down all the stages in your working.

1 \mathscr{E} is the universal set and A, B and C are three sets where

 \mathcal{E} = {positive integers less than 13}

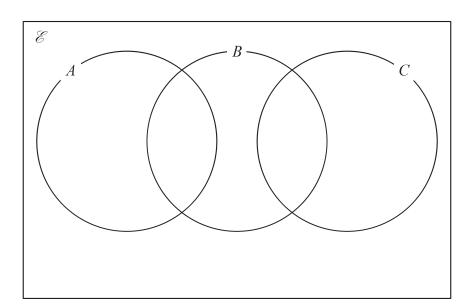
 $A = \{\text{multiples of 5}\}\$

 $B = \{\text{even numbers}\}\$

 $C = \{ \text{factors of } 8 \}$

The Venn diagram below can be used to show these sets.

(a) Complete the Venn diagram for the sets \mathcal{E} , A, B and C.



List the elements of the sets

(b) $B \cap C$

(1)

(3)

(c) $A \cup B$

(1)

(d) $(A \cup B \cup C)'$

(1)

Find

(e) $n(B \cup C)$

(1)

(f) $n(B' \cap C')$

(1)

Question 1 continued	
	(Total for Question 1 is 8 marks)



2	(a) (i) Solve the inequality $6x + 10 \ge 2x + 2$	(2)
	(ii) Represent your solution on the number line on the next page.	(1)
	(b) (i) Solve the inequality $(4x + 3)(2x - 1) < (6x + 5)(x - 2)$	(5)
	(ii) Represent your solution on the same number line.	
	(c) Write down the set of values for which	(1)
	both $6x + 10 \ge 2x + 2$ and $(4x + 3)(2x - 1) < (6x + 5)(x - 2)$	(1)



Questio	on 2 coi	ntinued										
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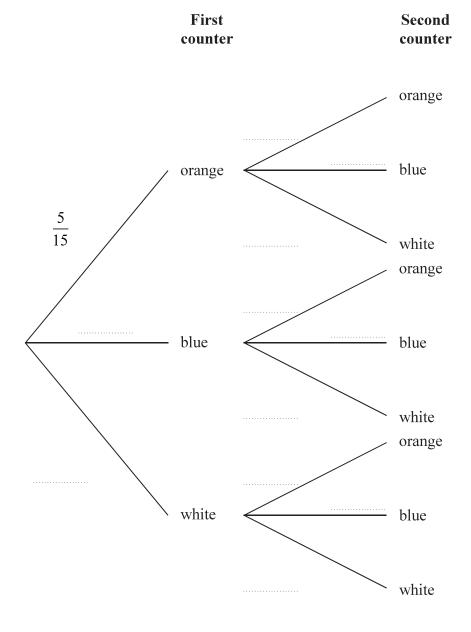
3 A bag contains 15 counters.

There are

- 5 orange counters
- 3 blue counters
- 7 white counters.

Priya takes at random 2 counters from the bag.

(a) Complete the probability tree diagram.



(3)

(b) Calculate the probability that Priya takes 2 white counters.

(2)

(c) Calculate the probability that the counters Priya takes are not of the same colour.

(3)



4 The total amount of money that was spent last March by Marco's family was \$4200

The table below gives information about the amount Marco's family spent on each of four items last March.

Item	Amount
healthcare	\$336
insurance	\$504
food	\$546
travel	\$630
housing	
entertainment	
other items	

(a) Calculate the percentage of the total amount that was spent on healthcare.

(2)

The amount spent on travel was divided between Marco's car, his wife's car and other transport in the ratios 4:3:2

(b) Calculate the amount, in \$, that was spent on Marco's car.

(2)

The amount that was spent on food last March was 12% more than was spent on food last February.

(c) Calculate the amount, in \$, that was spent on food last February.

(3)

The amount of money spent on entertainment last March was 12.5% of the total amount of money that was **not** spent on healthcare, insurance, food and travel.

(d) Calculate the amount, in \$, that was spent on entertainment.

(3)

Marco draws a pie chart for the amounts his family spent on all the items last March.

(e) Calculate the size of the angle, in degrees, for insurance.

(2)

The angle in the pie chart for housing is 114°

(f) Calculate the amount, in \$, that was spent on housing.

(2)

	Question 4 continued
	Question 4 continued
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Question 4 continued	

Question 4 continued	
	(Total for Question 4 is 14 marks)



- 5 Triangles A and B are drawn on the grid opposite.
 - (a) Describe fully the single transformation that maps triangle A onto triangle B.

(3)

Triangle A is reflected in the y-axis to give triangle C.

(b) On the grid, draw and label triangle C.

(1)

Triangle D is the image of triangle C under the transformation with matrix \mathbf{M} where

$$\mathbf{M} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 \\ -2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

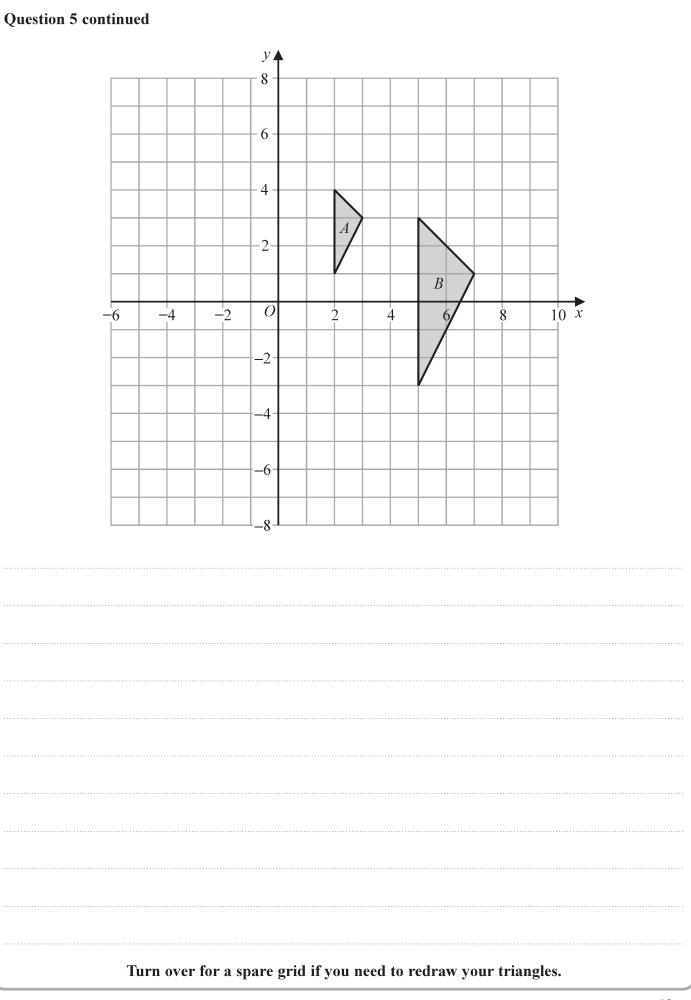
(c) On the grid, draw and label triangle D.

(3)

Triangle D is the image of triangle A under the transformation with matrix \mathbf{N} .

(d) Find the matrix N.

(3)

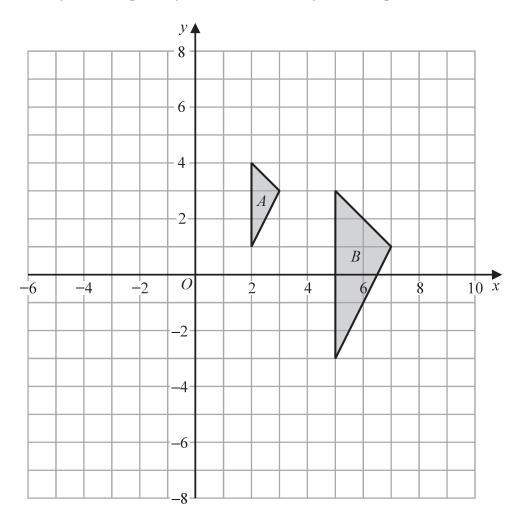




Question 5 continued	

Question 5 continued

Only use this grid if you need to redraw your triangles.



(Total for Question 5 is 10 marks)



6

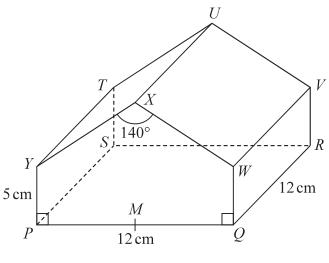


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

Figure 1

Figure 1 shows a right pentagonal prism, with a horizontal square base *PQRS* of side 12 cm.

$$YP = WQ = 5 \text{ cm}$$

$$\angle WXY = 140^{\circ}$$

$$\angle YPQ = \angle WQP = 90^{\circ}$$

M is the midpoint of PQ so that XM is an axis of symmetry of the pentagon.

(a) Calculate the size, in degrees to one decimal place, of $\angle VMR$.

(3)

(b) Calculate the length, in cm to one decimal place, of ${\it PU}$.

(4)

	Question 6 continued
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Question 6 continued

Question 6 continued	



- 7 The equation of a curve is $y = 5 \frac{x}{2} x^2$
 - (a) Complete the table of values for $y = 5 \frac{x}{2} x^2$

x	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
у	-9		2	4.5		3.5	0	

(2)

(b) On the grid opposite, plot the points from your completed table and join them to form a smooth curve.

(2)

(c) Using your curve, find an estimate of the maximum value, to one decimal place,

of
$$y = 5 - \frac{x}{2} - x^2$$

(1)

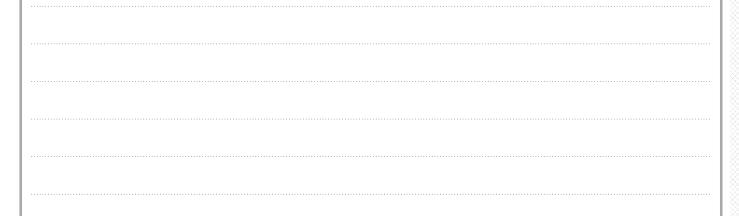
(d) Use your curve to find the range of values of x, to one decimal place, for which

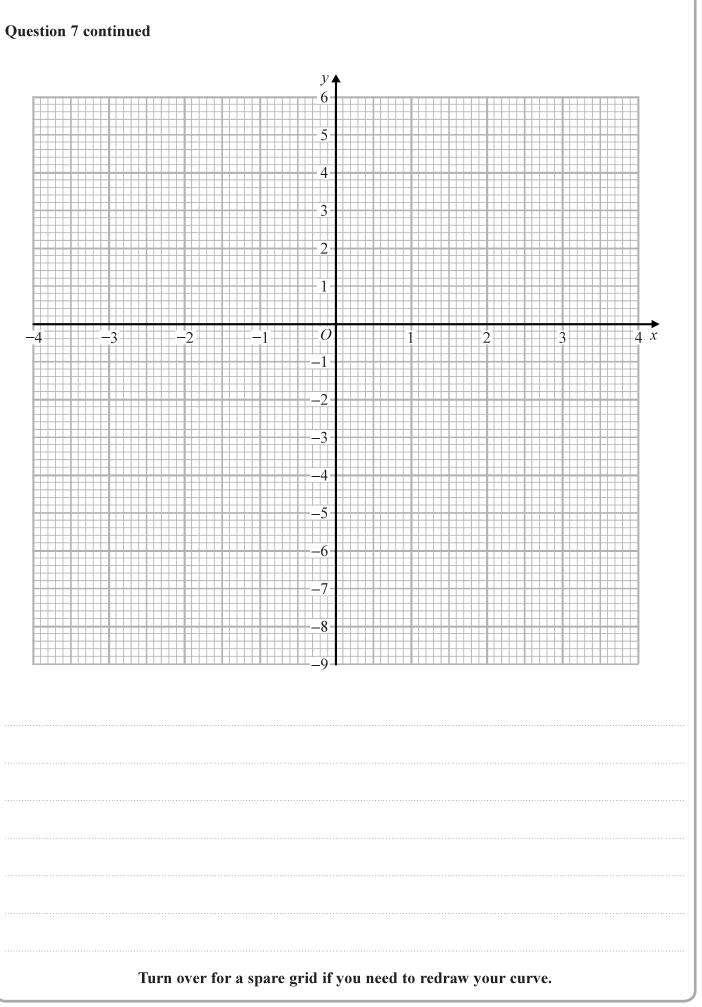
$$5 - \frac{x}{2} - x^2 \geqslant 3$$

(2)

(e) By drawing a suitable straight line on the grid, find estimates, to one decimal place, for the solutions of the equation $3 - x - x^2 = 0$

(3)

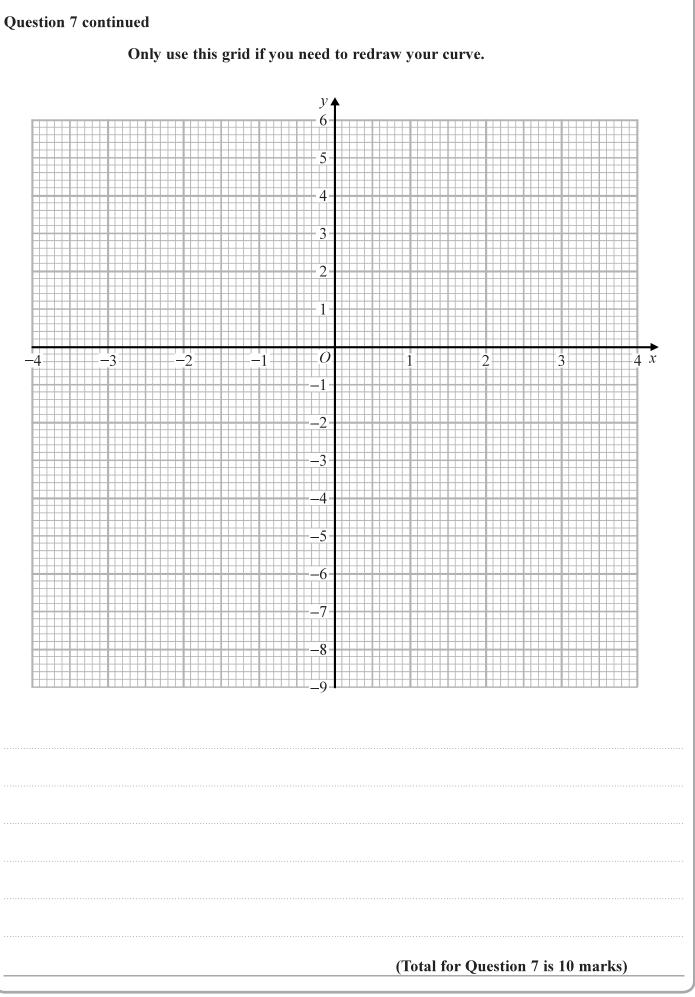






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Question 7 continued	





8 The functions f and g are defined as

$$f: x \mapsto 3x - 5$$

$$g: x \mapsto \frac{1}{2x-3}$$

(a) State the value of x that must be excluded from any domain of g.

(1)

(b) Find gf(4)

(2)

The function h is defined as

$$h: x \mapsto \frac{2x}{x-3}$$
 where $x \neq 3$

(c) Solve fh(x) = 7

(3)

(d) Express the inverse function h^{-1} in the form $h^{-1}: x \mapsto ...$

(3)

(e) Solve the equation g(x) + h(x) = 1Show your working clearly.

Give your solutions in the form $a \pm \sqrt{b}$ where a and b are integers.

(5)

- -

Solutions of
$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$
 are $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$



Que	estion 8 continued		



Question 8 continued

Question 8 continued	
	(Total for Question 8 is 14 marks)



9

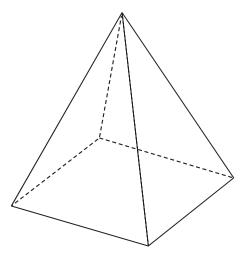


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

Figure 2

Figure 2 shows a solid right square-based pyramid with height 20 cm. The volume of the pyramid is 960 cm³

The pyramid is standing with its square base on a horizontal table.

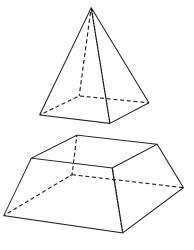


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn



The pyramid is divided into a smaller right square-based pyramid of height 10 cm and a frustum of the pyramid, as shown in Figure 3, by a horizontal cut.

(a) Calculate the volume, in cm³, of the smaller pyramid.

(3)

(b) Calculate the total surface area, in cm² to 3 significant figures, of the frustum of the pyramid.

(5)



Question 9 continued
$\left(\text{Volume of pyramid} = \frac{1}{3} \times \text{base area} \times \text{height}\right)$



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Question 9 continued

(Total for Question 9 is 8 marks)
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10 A particle, <i>P</i> , is moving along a straight line through the fixed point <i>O</i> . The displacement, <i>s</i> metres, of <i>P</i> from <i>O</i> at time <i>t</i> seconds is given by				
	$s = t^3 - 7t^2 - 5t + 121 \qquad t \geqslant 0$			
	Find the displacement, in metres, of P from O when P is instantaneously at rest.			

Question 10 continued

(Total for Question 10 is 5 marks)



11

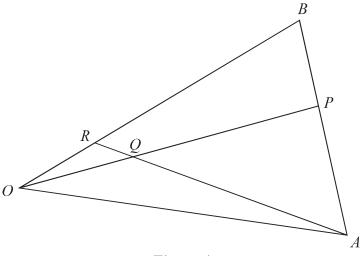


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Figure 4

Figure 4 shows triangle OAB in which $\overrightarrow{OA} = \mathbf{a}$ and $\overrightarrow{OB} = \mathbf{b}$

P is the point on AB such that AP : PB = 2 : 1 Q is the point on OP such that OQ : QP = 1 : 3

R is the point on OB such that RQA is a straight line.

Calculate, in its simplest form, the ratio OR : RB



Question 11 continued	
	(Total for Question 11 is 6 marks)
Te	OTAL FOR PAPER IS 100 MARKS