

# Model Answers

Please write clearly in	າ block capitals.
Centre number	Candidate number
Surname	
Forename(s)	
Candidate signature	
	I declare this is my own work.

# **GCSE MATHEMATICS**

Mark

Higher Tier

Paper 3 Calculator

Monday 8 June 2020

Morning

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

#### **Materials**

For this paper you must have:

- a calculator
- mathematical instruments.



#### Instructions

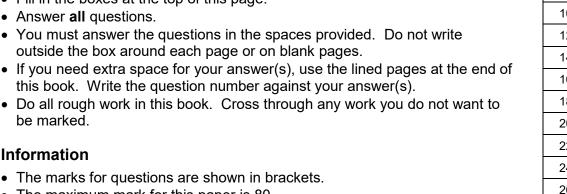
- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Draw diagrams in pencil.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

#### Information

- The maximum mark for this paper is 80.
- You may ask for more answer paper, graph paper and tracing paper. These must be tagged securely to this answer book.

### Advice

In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.



2–3	
4–5	
6–7	
8–9	
10–11	
12–13	
14–15	
16–17	
18–19	
20–21	
22–23	
24–25	
26–27	
TOTAL	

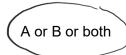
For Examiner's Use

**Pages** 

# Answer all questions in the spaces provided.

1 What does AUB represent in P(AUB)? Circle your answer.

[1 mark]



A but not B

not A and not B

A and B

Circle the equation of the line that is parallel to 2

7 same gradient

[1 mark]

$$y = -2x y = 2x$$

$$y = 2x$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{2}x$$

3 Work out 320 as a percentage of 80 Circle your answer.

[1 mark]

25%

75%

300%

400%

$$\frac{80 \times 100}{100} \times 100 = \frac{320 \times 100}{80} = 400$$



4 A fair coin is spun four times.

Circle the probability of getting four Heads.

[1 mark]

$$\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{16}$$
  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

$$\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{8}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{16}\right)$$

- 5 To the nearest 1000, there are 18000 people at a festival.
- 5 (a) Write down the minimum possible number of people at the festival.

Error interval = 
$$1000 \div 2 = 500$$
 Lower limit =  $18000 - 500 = 17500$ 

[1 mark]

Answer \_\_\_\_\_ 17500

Write down the maximum possible number of people at the festival. 5 (b)

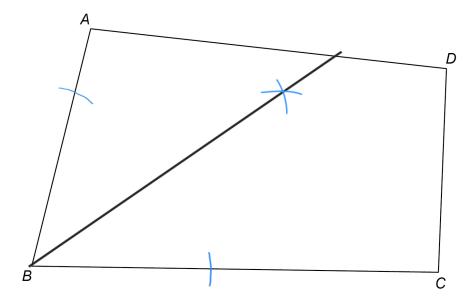
[1 mark]

Answer 18 499

lower than 18500 because if it is 18500. it will be rounded up to 19 000

Turn over for the next question

6 ABCD represents the plan of a field.



There is a path across the field that

starts at B

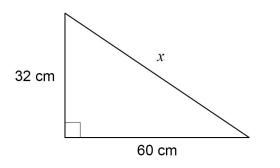
is the same distance from BA and BC.

Using ruler and compasses, show the position of the path.

[2 marks]



7 Use Pythagoras' theorem to work out the value of x.



Not drawn accurately

[3 marks]

$$\mathcal{H}^{2} = (32)^{2} + (60)^{2} \leftarrow Pythagoras' \text{ Theorem}$$

$$= 4624$$

$$\mathcal{H} = \sqrt{4624}$$

$$= 68 \text{ cm}$$

Answer 6 % cm

Turn over for the next question

5



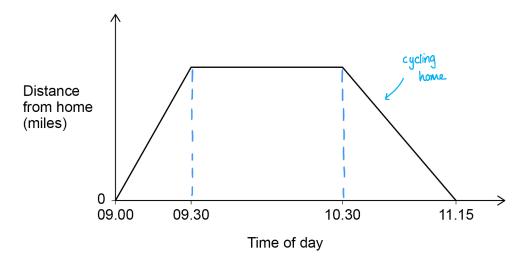
**8** Chris visits a library.

He cycles to the library in half an hour at a speed of 12 miles per hour.

He stays at the library for one hour.

He then cycles home.

The sketch graph represents his visit.



Work out the speed, in miles per hour, at which Chris cycles home.

[3 marks]

Distance travelled to the library: 12 miles perhour x 0.5 hour

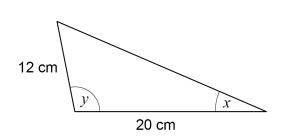
Time taken to cycle home = 10:30 to 11:15 = 45 mins

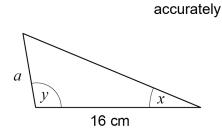
45 mins / 60 mins = 0.75 hour Speed home: 6/0.75 = 8 mph

Answer \_\_\_\_\_ mph



**9** These two triangles are similar.





Work out the value of a.

[2 marks]

Not drawn

$$20 \div 16 = 1.25 \qquad \div 1.25 / 20 = 12 \rightarrow 1.25$$

$$12 \div 1.25 = 9.6 \qquad 16 = 9.6$$

•	9.6	
Answer	1.6	cm

**10** Expand and simplify fully 4(2c+3)-(5c-1)

$$= 4(2c+3)-(5c-1)$$

$$=$$
  $8c + 12 - 5c + 1$ 

$$=$$
 3 c + 13

Answer 3 c + 13

**11** A spinner can land on red, blue or green.

After 350 spins

relative frequency of red = 0.18

relative frequency of blue = 0.62

Work out the number of times the spinner landed on green.

[3 marks]

Total relative frequency = 1

relative frequency of green = 1-0.18-0.62

= 0.2

Number of times spinner landed on green = 0.2 × 350 = 70

Answer \_\_\_\_\_\_ 70 times



12 Here is some information about 26 houses.

a, b and c are all **different** numbers.

Number of bedrooms	Number of houses	
1	7	7,
2	а	
median 3	b	
4	С	71
5	8	

The median number of bedrooms is 3.5

Work out a possible set of values for a, b and c.

[3 marks]

$$26 \div 2 = 13$$

$$a = 4$$
  $b = 2$  (any different numbers that add up to 6)

$$atb = 13 - 7$$
  $8 + c = 13$ 

$$a+b=6$$

$$q =$$

$$b =$$

13 (a) Simplify 
$$\frac{25a}{8} \times \frac{2a}{5}$$

Give your answer as a single fraction in its simplest form.

[2 marks]

$$\begin{array}{rcl}
250 \times 20 & = & 250 \times 20 \\
8 & 5 & 8 \times 5 \\
& & = & 500^2 & = & 50^2 \\
\hline
40 & 4
\end{array}$$

Answer 
$$\frac{5a^2}{4}$$

13 (b) Sofia is trying to simplify 
$$\frac{6c+10}{2}$$

Her method is

divide 6c by 2

then

add 10

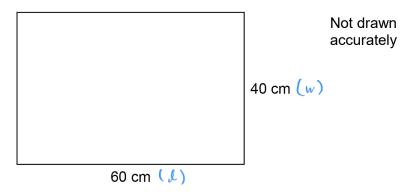
Evaluate her method.

[1 mark]

She needs to divide the 10 by 2 before adding it to 
$$(6c/2)$$
.

She should add 5 instead of 10.

## 14 A rectangle has length 60 cm and width 40 cm



The length decreases by 15%

The width decreases by 10%

Sue says,

"The perimeter decreases by 25% because 15% + 10% is 25%"

Is she correct?

You **must** show calculations to support your answer.

[4 marks]

new length = 
$$(1-0.15) \times 60$$
  
=  $0.85 \times 60 = 51$  cm  
new width =  $(1-0.1) \times 40$   
=  $0.9 \times 40 = 36$  cm  
New perimeter =  $2(51) + 2(36)$   
=  $174$  cm

No, Sue is incorrect.

Original perimeter =  $2(60) + 2(40)$ 

The perimeter decreases

=  $200$ 

Difference in perimeter =  $200 - 174 = 26$ 

Percentage decrease =  $26 \times 100 = 13\%$ 

\_\_\_\_\_



[2 marks]

Solve  $4 > 11 - \frac{x}{3}$ 15

$$4 > 11 - \frac{\chi}{3} \qquad \qquad \chi > 7 \times 3$$

$$x > 7 \times 3$$

Answer  $\underline{\qquad}$   $\chi > 21$ 

16 The number of goals scored by 20 players in a season is shown.

Number of goals	Frequency	Midpoint	Frequency × midpoint
0 to 4	6	2	2 x 6 = 12
5 to 9	11	7	11×7 = 77
10 to 14	3	12	3 x 12 = 36

Work out an estimate of the mean number of goals per player.

Give your answer as a decimal.

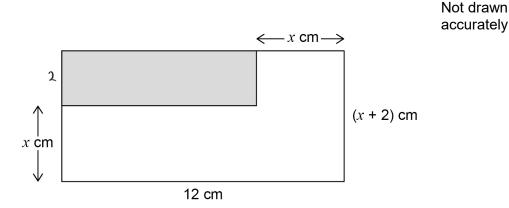
[3 marks]

Mean number of goals per player = 
$$125 = 6.25$$

Answer



17 Here are two rectangles.



The area of the shaded rectangle is  $\frac{1}{4}$  the area of the large rectangle.

Work out the value of x.

[4 marks]

length of the smaller rectangle = 12-2

height of the smaller redangle : (x+2)-2 = x

Area of shaded region = (12-x)2 = 24-2x

Area of larger rectangle = 12(x+2) = 12x+24

4 x area of shaded region = Area of the large rectangle

$$4(24-2\pi) = 12x+24 \qquad \pi = \frac{72}{20}$$

$$96-8\pi = 12x+24 + 8x$$

$$+8x$$

$$-24 \qquad 96-24 = 12x+8x$$

$$\pi = \frac{72}{20}$$

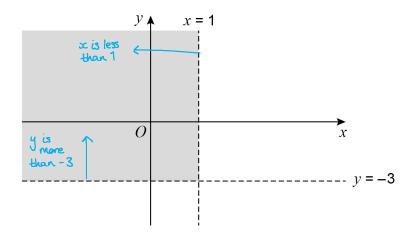
$$\pi = \frac{72}{20}$$

Answer 3.6

18	The pressure in a tyre is 30 pounds per square inch.	
	Convert the pressure into kilograms per square centimetre.	
	Use 1 pound = 0.45 kilograms	
	and 1 inch = 2.54 centimetres	
	convert to kilograms	[3 marks]
	30 pounds × 0.45 kg = 13.5 kg	
	$(1 \text{ inch})^{\frac{1}{2}} \times (2.54)^{\frac{1}{2}}$ 6.4516 cm <sup>2</sup>	
	convert to certimetres <sup>2</sup> = 2.0925 kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	
	convert to centimetres <sup>2</sup> = $2.0925 \text{ kg/cm}^2$ $\approx 2.09 \text{ kg/cm}^2$	
	Answer kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	



19 The sketch shows the lines x = 1 and y = -3



Which pair of inequalities describes the shaded region? Tick **one** box.

[1 mark]

$$x < 1$$
 and  $y < -3$ 

$$\sqrt{ }$$
  $x < 1$  and  $y > -3$ 

$$x > 1$$
 and  $y > -3$ 

$$x > 1$$
 and  $y < -3$ 

Turn over for the next question

4



- 20 Amari and Ben each play a game.
- **20** (a) Here is some information about Amari's scores.

Lowest 12

Highest 20

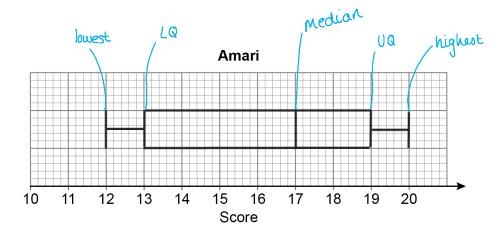
Lower quartile 13

Upper quartile 19

Median 17

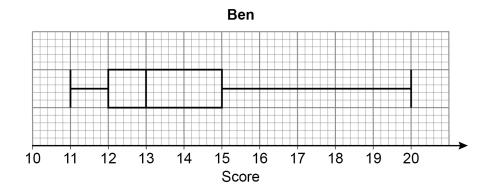
Draw a box plot to represent his scores.

[2 marks]





**20 (b)** This box plot represents Ben's scores.



Who had more consistent scores, Amari or Ben?
Work out the interquartile ranges to support your answer.

[2 marks]

Interquartile range for Amari: 19-13 = 6

Interquartile range for Ben : 15-12 = 3

Ben has a lower interquartile range than Amari. Hence, Ben has more consistent scores.

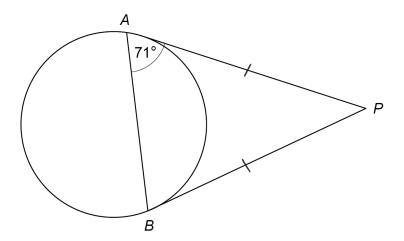
Turn over for the next question

4



**21** (a) A and B are points on a circle.

PA and PB are tangents.



Not drawn accurately

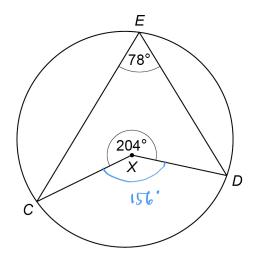
Work out the size of angle APB.

[2 marks]

PA = PB, Hence, angles PAB and PBA are equal.

	38	
Answer	00	dearees

**21 (b)** *C*, *D* and *E* are points on a different circle.



Not drawn accurately

Is *X* the centre of the circle? Tick a box.



Show working to support your answer.

[2 marks]  $360^{\circ} - 204^{\circ} = 156^{\circ} \quad \text{(Angle CXD)}$   $156^{\circ} \div 2 = 78^{\circ} \quad \text{(Angle CED)}$ equal to the angle given

Turn over for the next question

4

Visitors to a museum buy a child ticket or an adult ticket.

Here is some information about two groups of visitors.

Group X	250 visitors, including 120 children
Group Y	number of children : number of adults = 17 : 15

One visitor from each group is picked at random.

Is this statement correct?

Probability of picking two children > probability of picking two adults

You **must** show your working.

[4 marks]

Probability of picking two children from each group:

$$\frac{120 \times 17}{250} = 120 \times 17 = 51 = 0.255$$

Probability of picking two adults from each group:

$$\frac{(250-120) \times 15}{250} = \frac{130 \times 15}{32} = \frac{39}{160} = 0.24375$$

0.255 > 0.24375. Yes, the statement is correct because the probability

of children is 0.255 which is more than probability

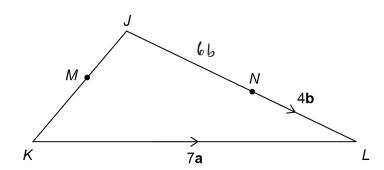
of adults which is only 0.24375

23 In triangle JKL

*M* is the midpoint of *JK* 

$$JN : NL = 3 : 2$$

$$\overrightarrow{KL} = 7a$$
  $\overrightarrow{NL} = 4b$ 



Not drawn accurately

[3 marks]

Work out  $\overrightarrow{JM}$  in terms of **a** and **b**.

Give your answer in its simplest form.

$$\overrightarrow{JN} = \frac{3}{2} \times 4 \underline{b} = 6 \underline{b}$$

$$\overrightarrow{J}K = \overrightarrow{J}N + NL + LK$$

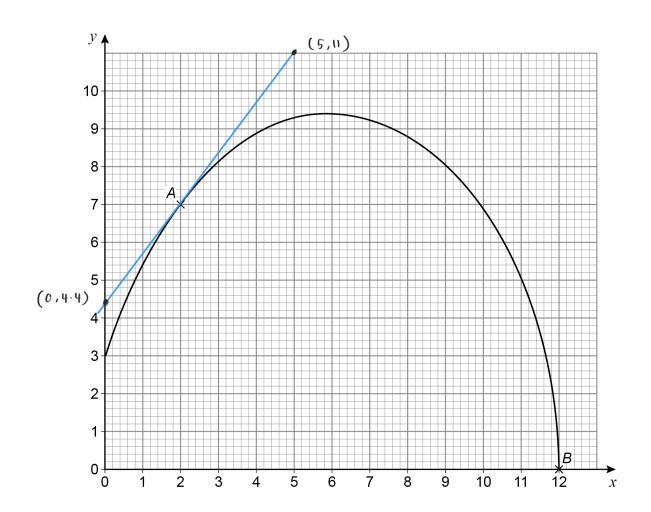
$$\overrightarrow{JM} = \underline{10b - 7a} = 5b - 3.5a$$

Turn over for the next question

7



A and B are points on a curve.



**24** (a) Work out the instantaneous rate of change of y with respect to x at point A.

[2 marks]

gradient at point 
$$A = 11 - 4.4 = 6.6 = 1.32$$

Answer 1-32

24	(h)	The average rate of change of <i>y</i> with respect to <i>x</i> between points <i>A</i> and <i>B</i> is worked out.
	(∼,	The average rate of change of y with respect to x between points 71 and B is worked out.

Which statement is correct?

Tick one box.

[1 mark]

It is positive.



It is zero.



It is negative.



You cannot tell if it is positive or negative.

25

The equation of a circle is

 $x^2 + y^2 = 9$ equal to radius<sup>2</sup>

Work out the length of the diameter.

Circle your answer.

[1 mark]

3



9

18

$$r^2 = 9$$

$$r = \sqrt{9} = 3$$

diameter = 
$$3 \times 2 = 6$$

Turn over for the next question



 $3.47 = \frac{313}{90}$ Prove algebraically that 26

[3 marks]

$$\chi = 3.47777...$$

$$100 \chi = 347.777...$$

$$10 x = 34.7777 \dots$$

$$100 \times - 10 \times = 347.77... - 34.77...$$

90

The equation of a curve is  $y = (x-1)^2 - \frac{6}{100} \text{ max/min } y = -6$ 27  $\frac{1}{2}$  max/min x = -(-1) = +1Circle the coordinates of the turning point.

[1 mark]

$$(-1, -6)$$
  $(1, 6)$   $(-1, 6)$ 



28

Line A has equation y = 4x - 1

Line B is

perpendicular to line A

and

passes through the point (8, 5)

Work out the coordinates of the point where line B intersects the *x*-axis.

[4 marks]

$$y = 4x - 1$$
 (m = 4)

$$M_1 \times M_2 = -1$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{4} \times 17$$
  
 $y = 0$  when line intersects

$$(4) \times M_2 = -1$$
 $M_1 = -1/4$ 

$$0 = -\frac{1}{4} \chi + 7$$

$$y-5 = -\frac{1}{4}x + 2$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{4}x + 2 + 5$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{4}x + 2 + 5$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{4}x + 7 \quad \text{(equation of time B)}$$

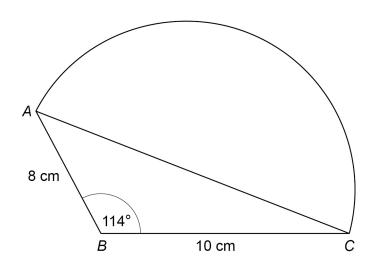
$$x = 7x4$$

Answer ( \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_)

Turn over for the next question



29 A shape is made by joining triangle ABC to a semicircle with diameter AC.



Not drawn accurately

Work out the total area of the shape.

[5 marks]

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

$$(AC)^2 = (8)^2 + (10)^2 - 2(8)(10) \cos 114^\circ$$

Radius = 
$$15.135 \div 2 = 7.5677 \text{ cm}$$

Area of semicircle = 
$$\frac{1}{2} \pi r^2 = \frac{1}{2} \pi (7.5677)^2 = 89.959 \text{ cm}^2$$



30

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x \qquad g(x) = x - x^2$$

Solve 
$$f^{-1}(x) = gf(x)$$

$$gf(x) = \left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) - \left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^{2}$$
$$= \frac{1}{2}x - \frac{1}{4}x^{2} - 0$$

$$y = \frac{1}{x} \times (\text{let } y = f(x))$$

$$2y = x$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = 2x - 2$$
 (substitute  $y = f^{-1}(x)$ )  $\chi^2 + 6x = 0$ 

$$2 \pi = \frac{1}{2} \pi - \frac{1}{4} \eta^2$$

$$2\pi = \frac{1}{2}\pi - \frac{1}{4}\pi^{2}$$

$$2\pi = \frac{2\pi - \pi^{2}}{4}$$

$$8\pi = 2\pi - \pi^{2}$$

$$n = 0$$
 or  $x + 6 = 0$ 

$$\chi = -6$$

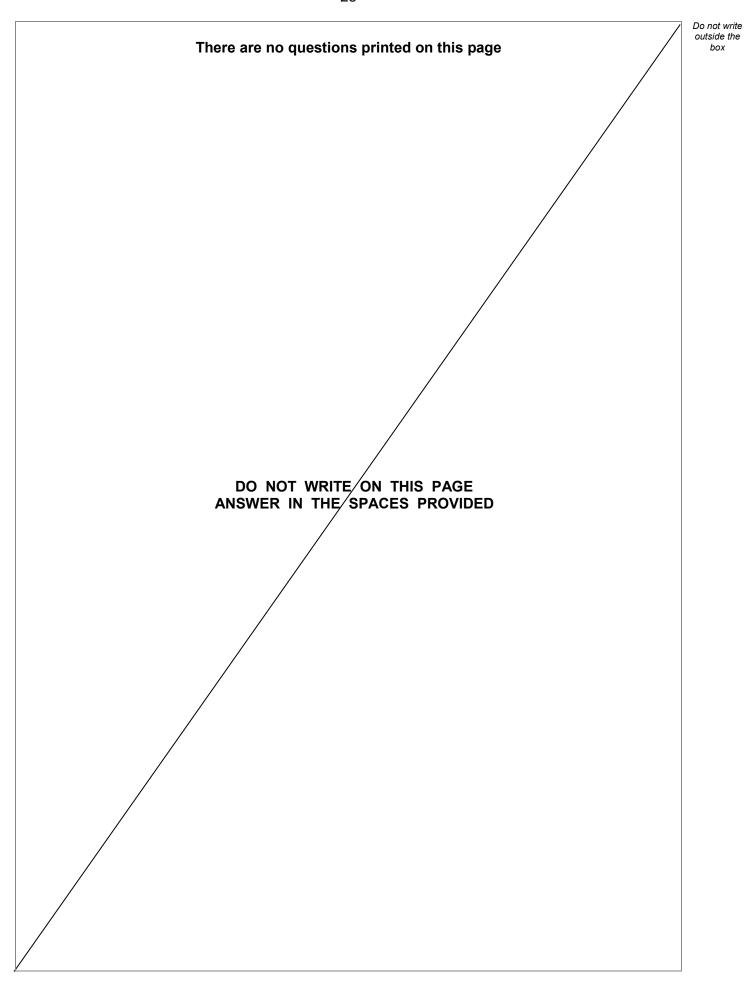
$$\chi^2 + 8 \pi - 2 \pi = 0$$

$$\chi^2 + 6 \chi = 0$$

Answer 
$$\chi = 0$$
 and  $\chi = -6$ 

#### **END OF QUESTIONS**







Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.



Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.



Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.



There are no questions printed on this page

DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE ANSWER IN THE SPACES PROVIDED

#### Copyright information

For confidentiality purposes, all acknowledgements of third-party copyright material are published in a separate booklet. This booklet is published after each live examination series and is available for free download from www.aqa.org.uk.

Permission to reproduce all copyright material has been applied for. In some cases, efforts to contact copyright-holders may have been unsuccessful and AQA will be happy to rectify any omissions of acknowledgements. If you have any queries please contact the Copyright Team.

Copyright © 2020 AQA and its licensors. All rights reserved.





IB/M/Jun20/8300/3H