



# MODEL SOLUTIONS

Please write clearly in block capitals.

Centre number

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Candidate number

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Surname

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Forename(s)

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Candidate signature

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# GCSE MATHEMATICS

# F

Foundation Tier Paper 1 Non-Calculator

Tuesday 6 November 2018

Morning

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

### Materials

For this paper you must have:

- mathematical instruments



You must **not** use a calculator.

### Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Draw diagrams in pencil.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer **all** questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

### Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 80.
- You may ask for graph paper, tracing paper and more answer paper. These must be tagged securely to this answer book.

For Examiner's Use	
Pages	Mark
2–3	
4–5	
6–7	
8–9	
10–11	
12–13	
14–15	
16–17	
18–19	
20–21	
22	
<b>TOTAL</b>	

### Advice

In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.



N 0 V 1 8 8 3 0 0 1 F 0 1

Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided

1 Work out  $(-3) + (-8)$   
Circle your answer. *+ and - cancel to a -*  
*-3 - 8 = -11* [1 mark]

- 5                      5                      -11                      11

2 What does the longest bar in a bar chart represent?  
Circle your answer. *most = mode* [1 mark]

- mean                      median                      mode                      range

3 Work out  $1.1 - 0.15$   
Circle your answer. [1 mark]

- 0.95                      1.05                      0.85                      1.085

$$\begin{array}{r} 0.10 \\ -0.15 \\ \hline 0.95 \end{array}$$



4 On a circle, which of these is **always** longer than the diameter?

Circle your answer.

[1 mark]

chord

arc

radius

circumference

can be shorter

half

5 Work out  $83 \times 26$

[3 marks]

$$\begin{array}{r}
 83 \\
 \times 26 \\
 \hline
 498 \\
 1660 \quad + \\
 \hline
 2158
 \end{array}$$

Answer 2158



6 The cost of 3 calendars is £18

Work out the cost of 5 calendars.

[2 marks]

$$\begin{array}{l} \div 3 \quad 3 : \text{£}18 \\ \quad \quad 1 : \text{£}6 \\ \times 5 \quad 5 : \\ \text{Answer } \text{£} \quad 30 \end{array}$$

7 A helicopter blade does 3206 full turns in 7 minutes.

Work out the number of full turns per minute.

[2 marks]

$$3206 \div 7 = \text{turns in 1 minute.}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 0458 \\ 7 \overline{) 3206} \end{array}$$

Answer 458

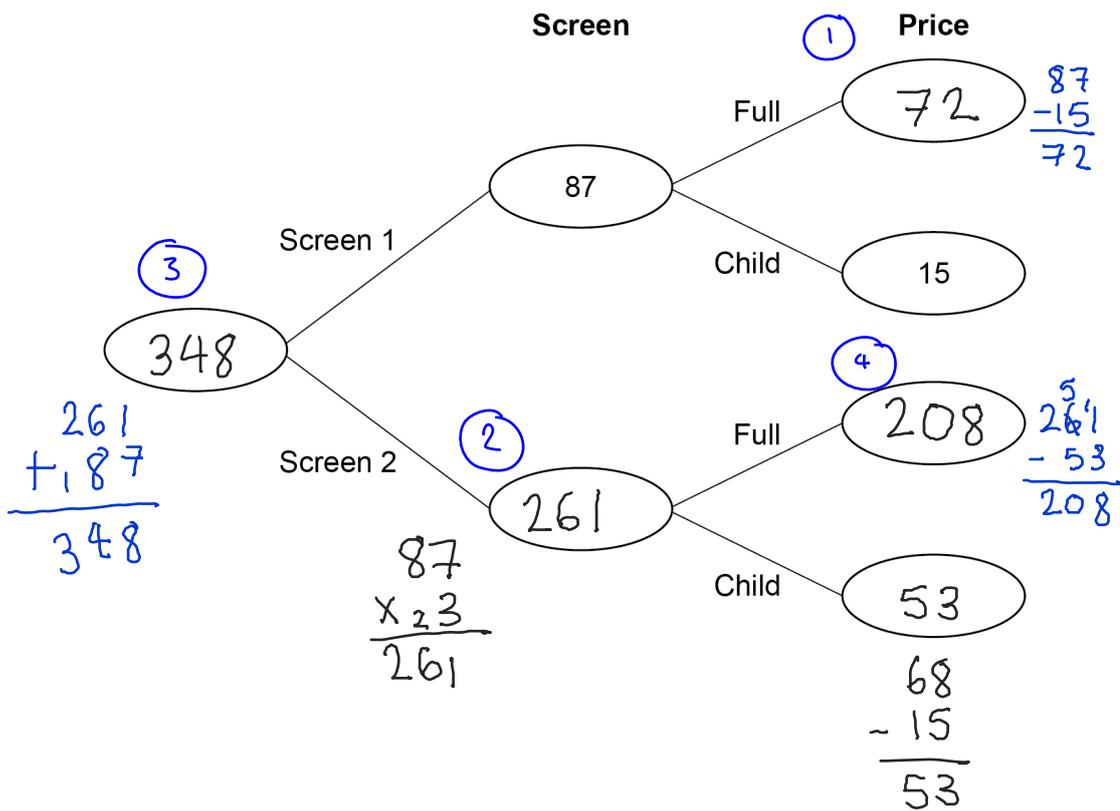


8 At a cinema, films are shown on Screen 1 and Screen 2  
Customers pay full price or child price.

There are three times as many customers in Screen 2 as Screen 1  
68 customers paid child price.

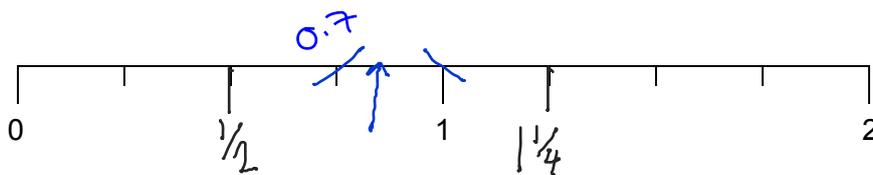
Complete the frequency tree.

[5 marks]



9

Work out the fraction that is halfway between  $\frac{1}{2}$  and  $1\frac{1}{4}$



[3 marks]

Half way between 0.75 and 1  
=  $0.75 + 0.125$

Answer 0.875 or  $\frac{7}{8}$

10

$x$  is a positive integer.

$35 \div x$  is a positive integer.

Work out the **four** possible values of  $x$ .

[2 marks]

4 factors of 35:  $1 \times 35 = 35$   
 $5 \times 7 = 35$

Answer 1 5 7 35



11 A fair dice has six sides, numbered 1 to 6  
After it is rolled, five of the numbers can be seen.

11 (a) Write down the probability that one of these five numbers is 2

out of 6, 5

[1 mark]

Answer                      $\frac{5}{6}$                     

11 (b) Work out the greatest possible sum of the five numbers.

[2 marks]

Add the 5 biggest numbers:

$$\begin{array}{cccccc} 2 & + & 3 & + & 4 & + & 5 & + & 6 \\ & & & & 5 & & 9 & & 14 & & 20 \end{array}$$

Answer                     20                    

Turn over for the next question



12 Work out  $\frac{2}{7} + \frac{6}{7} = \frac{8}{7} = 1\frac{1}{7}$

Circle your answer.

[1 mark]

$$1\frac{1}{7}$$

$$\frac{8}{14}$$

$$\frac{8}{49}$$

$$1\frac{5}{7}$$

13 Work out  $4 + (3 \times 5) - 1$

Circle your answer.

$$= 4 + 15 - 1$$

$$= 19 - 1$$

[1 mark]

16

18

28

34

14 The  $n$ th term of a sequence is  $5n - 2$

Work out the 3rd term.  $n = 3$

Circle your answer.

$$5(3) - 2 = 15 - 2 = 13$$

[1 mark]

51

5

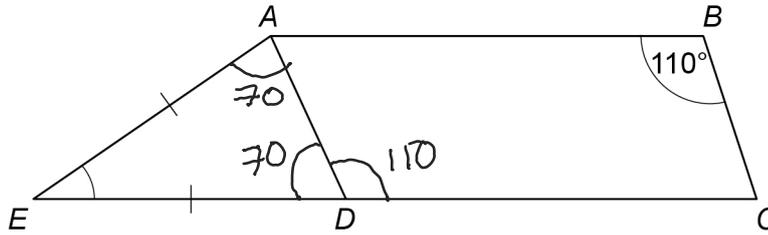
123

13



15 Trapezium  $ABCE$  is made from parallelogram  $ABCD$  and isosceles triangle  $ADE$ .

$AE = DE$



Not drawn accurately

Work out the size of angle  $AED$ .

$\angle ADC = 110^\circ$  opposite angles in a parallelogram are equal [3 marks]

$\angle ADE = 180 - 110 = 70^\circ$  a straight line is  $180^\circ$

$\angle DAE = 70^\circ$  pair of angles in an isosceles triangle are equal

$\angle AED = 180 - 70 - 70 = 40^\circ$  sum of angles in a triangle is  $180^\circ$

Answer 40 degrees

16  $a : b = 1 : 6 \quad \times 3$

$a : c = 3 : 1$

How many times bigger is  $b$  than  $c$ ?

$a : b = 3 : 18 \quad (1 : 6) \times 3$  common factor [2 marks]

$a : c = 3 : 1$

$a : b : c = 3 : 18 : 1 \quad 18 \div 1 = 18$

Answer 18



17 (a) Laura wants to work out 3% of 1700

Her method is  $1700 \times 0.3$

Is her method correct?

Tick a box.

Yes

No

Give a reason for your answer.

[1 mark]

$3\% = 0.03$  not  $0.3$

$3 \div 100 = 0.03$

It should be  $\times 0.03$

17 (b) Laura also wants to work out  $\frac{30}{29}$  of 60

Her answer is 58

Is her answer correct?

Tick a box.

Yes

No

Give a reason for your answer.

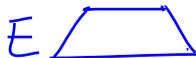
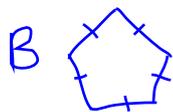
[1 mark]

$\frac{30}{29}$  is bigger than 1 so her answer would need to be more than 60.

OR 60 is not divisible by 29 so the answer would be a decimal.



18 Here are five shapes, A to E.



A	Parallelogram
B	Regular pentagon
C	Rhombus
D	Scalene triangle
E	Trapezium

In the Venn diagram,

$\xi$  is the set of all shapes

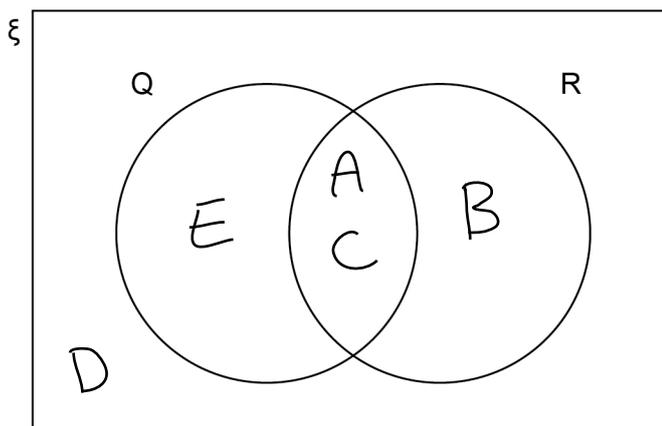
Q is the set of quadrilaterals

*A, C, E have 4 sides*

R is the set of shapes which **always** have rotational symmetry.

*A, C, B*

*same when  
turned  
around a  
point*



Complete the Venn diagram with the letters A to E.

[3 marks]



19

$a = 7$  and  $b = 2$

Work out the value of  $\frac{a}{b} - a^b$

[3 marks]

$\frac{7}{2} - 7^2$       *Substitute values*

$= 3.5 - 49$        ~~$49^8 = 0$~~   
 $\quad\quad\quad - 3.5$   
 $\quad\quad\quad \underline{\quad\quad}$   
 $\quad\quad\quad 45.5$

Answer  $-45.5$  or  $-\frac{91}{2}$

20

Solve  $3x - 8 = 19$

[2 marks]

$3x = 27$   
 $\quad\quad\quad \uparrow +8$   
 $\div 3 \rightarrow x = 9 \leftarrow \div 3$

$x =$  9



21 Here are five number cards.



Two of the five cards are picked at random.

Work out the probability that the total of the two numbers is **more than 30**

[3 marks]

	17	12	23	15	16
17	/	29	40	32	33
12	29	/	35	27	28
23	40	35	/	38	39
15	32	27	38	/	31
16	33	28	39	31	/

Out of 20 possibilities, 14 are more than 30.

$$\frac{14}{20} \xrightarrow{\times 5} \frac{70}{100}$$

Answer 70% or  $\frac{7}{10}$  or 0.7



22 (a) Complete the table of values for  $y = x^2$

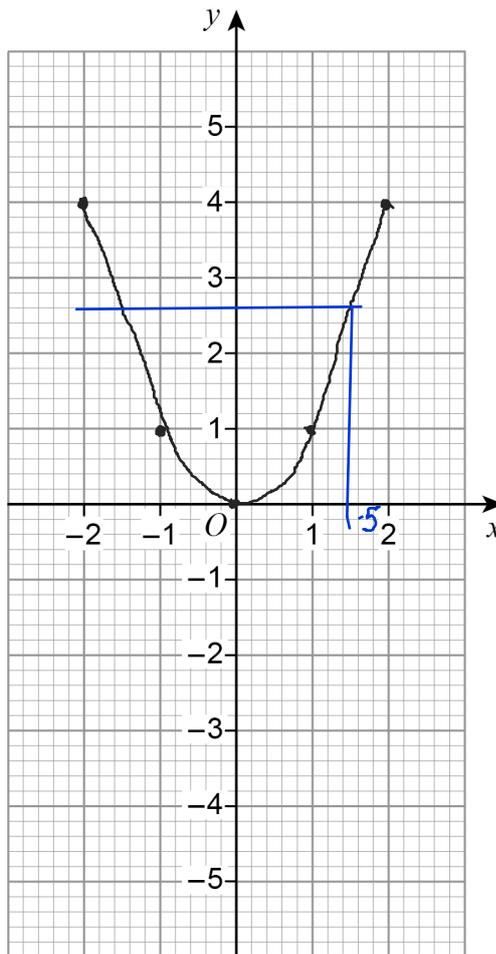
[1 mark]

x	-2	-1	0	1	2
y	4	1	0	1	4

$-2^2$     $-1^2$     $0^2$     $1^2$     $2^2$

22 (b) Draw the graph of  $y = x^2$  for values of x from -2 to 2

[2 marks]



22 (c) Use your graph to estimate the value of  $\sqrt{2.6}$   
 $\pm 1.5$

$y = 2.6$

[2 marks]

Answer 1.5 or -1.5



23 Two consecutive whole numbers are  $n$  and  $n + 1$

23 (a) Simplify  $n - (n + 1)$

[1 mark]

$$\begin{array}{l} \cancel{n} - \cancel{n} - 1 \\ = -1 \end{array}$$

Answer     -1    

23 (b) Multiply out  $\widehat{n(n + 1)}$

$$\begin{array}{l} n \times n = n^2 \\ n \times 1 = n \end{array}$$

[1 mark]

Answer      $n^2 + n$     

23 (c) The two numbers are added.

Show that the answer must be an odd number.

[2 marks]

$$n + n + 1 = 2n + 1$$

$$2n = \text{even} \quad 1 = \text{odd}$$

$$\text{even} + \text{odd} = \text{odd}$$

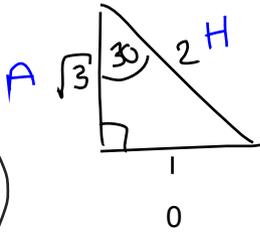


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24 Circle the value of  $\cos 30^\circ$

$$\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$



$$C = \frac{A}{H} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{1}$$

[1 mark]

25 Work out  $8\frac{1}{2} \div 2\frac{2}{3}$

Give your answer as a mixed number.

[4 marks]

$$8\frac{1}{2} = \frac{17}{2}$$

$$2\frac{2}{3} = \frac{8}{3}$$

$$\frac{17}{2} \div \frac{8}{3}$$

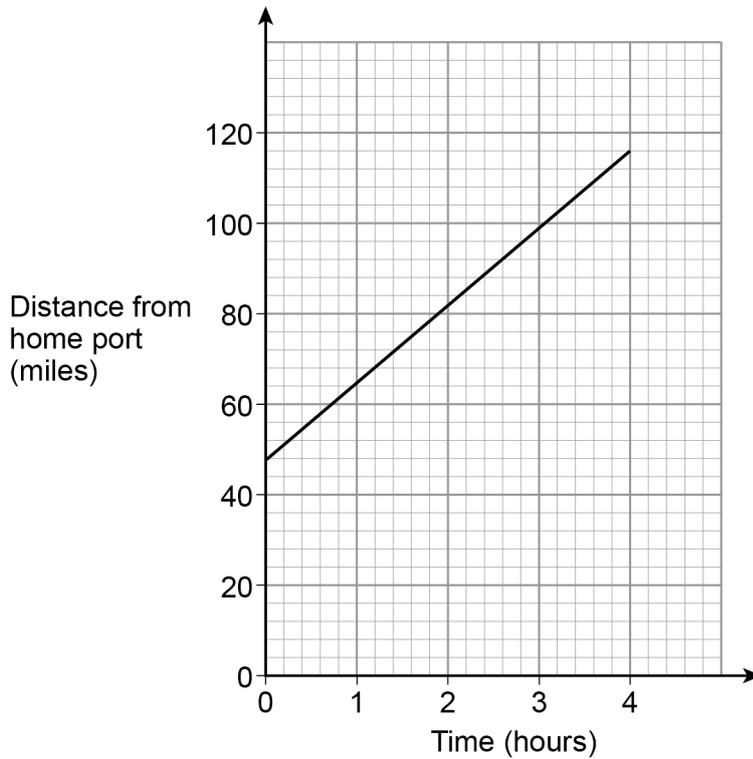
$$= \frac{17}{2} \times \frac{3}{8} = \frac{51}{16} = 3\frac{3}{16}$$

Answer  $3\frac{3}{16}$



26

A ship is sailing in a straight line from its home port.  
The distance-time graph shows 4 hours of the journey.



Work out the speed of the ship during these 4 hours.

[3 marks]

$$\text{speed} = \frac{\text{dist}}{\text{time}}$$

$$\text{Dist} = 116 - 48 = 68$$

$$\text{speed} = \frac{68}{4} = 17$$

Answer \_\_\_\_\_ 17 \_\_\_\_\_ mph



**27** Kim works at an airport in the UK.  
She records the number of planes landing between 10 am and 2 pm each day.  
The table shows the data for the first 10 days in January.

Day	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Number of planes	148	151	147	155	153	147	155	102	151	154

**27 (a)** The airport was affected by fog on one of the days.

Which day do you think it was?  
Give a reason for your answer.

[1 mark]

Day 8

Reason Lowest value, it's an anomaly

**27 (b)** Kim uses the data to predict how many planes will land at the airport in a year.

In her method, she

uses an estimate of 150 planes in each 4-hour period throughout the day  
assumes the same number of planes each day.

Work out her prediction.

[3 marks]

*6 4hour period*

$$150 \times 6 = 900$$


---


$$900 \times 365 = 328,500$$


---

$$\begin{array}{r} 365 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline 3285 \end{array}$$

Answer 328,500



**27 (c)** In fact,  
fewer planes land in winter than in summer  
fewer planes land at night than during the day.

What does this tell you about Kim's prediction?

Tick **one** box.

- Her prediction is too low
- Her prediction is too high
- Her prediction could be too low or too high

Give a reason for your answer.

**[2 marks]**

- few landings at night would  
make it too high

- fewer landings in winter would  
make it too low

**Turn over for the next question**

6

**Turn over ►**



28

The sum of the angles in any quadrilateral is  $360^\circ$

For example, in a rectangle  $4 \times 90^\circ = 360^\circ$

Zak writes,

$5 \times 90^\circ = 450^\circ$  so the sum of the angles in any pentagon must be  $450^\circ$

Is he correct?

Tick a box.

Yes

No

Show working to support your answer.

[2 marks]

$180(n-2)$  is the sum of angle for  
n sides.

pentagon:  $180(5-2)$   
 $= 180 \times 3 = 540$

$540 > 450$ , so it cannot be  
all right angles



29

$$\sqrt{6^2 + 8^2} = \sqrt[3]{125a^3}$$

Work out the value of  $a$ . 36+64

[4 marks]

$$6^2 + 8^2 = 100$$

$$\sqrt{100} = 10$$

$$\sqrt[3]{125a^3} = 5a$$

$$5a = 10$$

$$a = 2$$

Answer 2

30

Work out the percentage increase from 80 to 280

[3 marks]

$$\% \text{ increase} = \frac{\text{Change}}{\text{original}} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{280 - 80}{80} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{200}{80} \times 100 = 2.5 \times 100 = 250$$

Answer 250 %

Turn over for the next question



31

Solve  $x^2 - x - 12 = 0$

[3 marks]

Factorise  $x$  to  $-12$ ,  $+$  to  $-1$   
 $(-4$  and  $3)$

$$(x - 4)(x + 3) = 0$$

Answer  $x = 4$   
 $x = -3$

**END OF QUESTIONS**



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