

publication

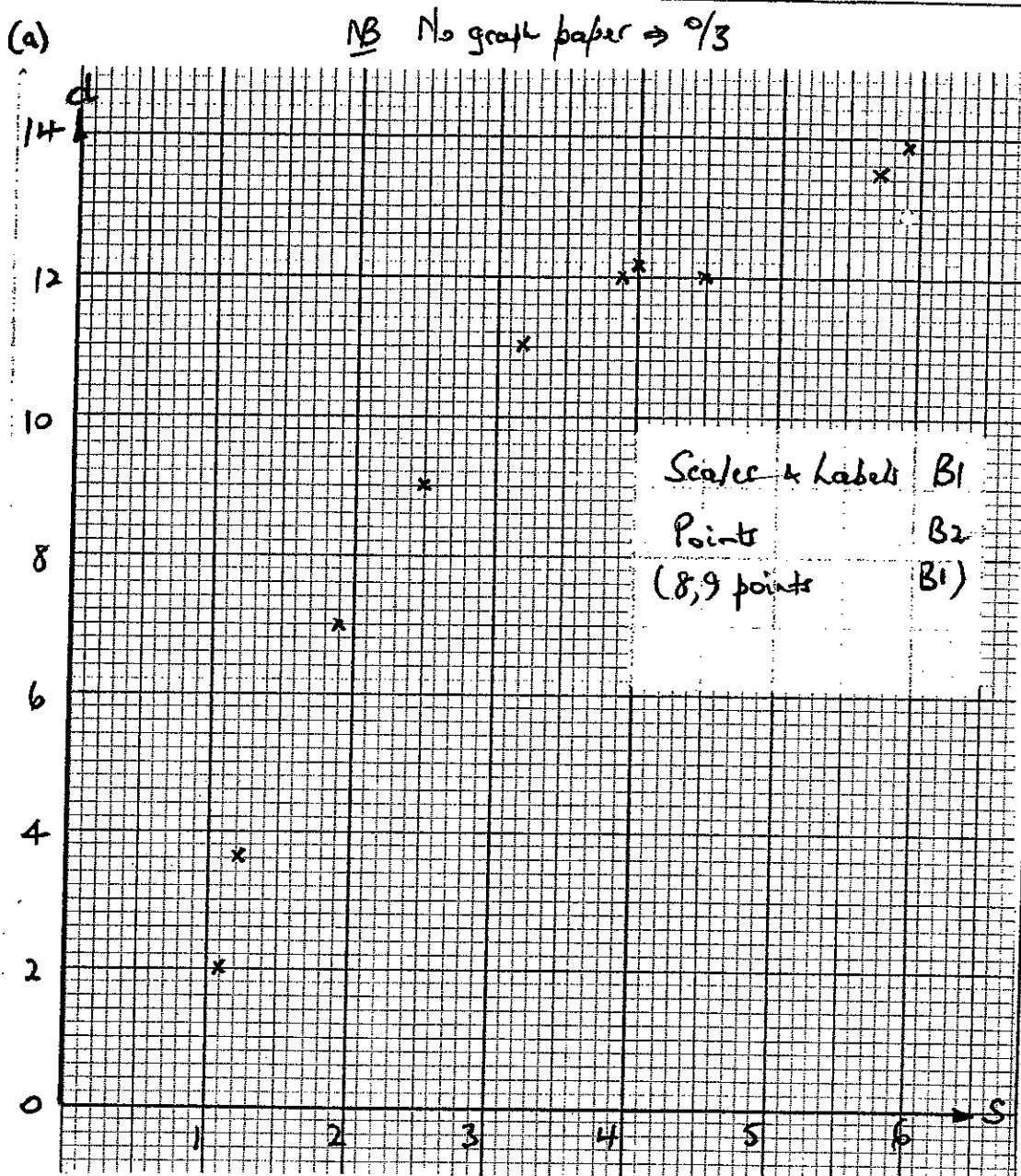
June 2005  
6685 Statistics S3  
Mark Scheme

FINAL

Question Number	Scheme	Marks
1.	<p>(a) Population divides into <u>mutually exclusive</u>; groups <u>distinct</u> strata</p> <p>(b) <u>Advantages</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- enables fieldwork to be done quickly</li> <li>- costs kept to a minimum</li> <li>- administration is relatively easy</li> </ul> <p><u>Disadvantages</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- non-random so not possible to estimate sampling error</li> <li>- subject to possible interviewer bias</li> <li>- non-response not recorded</li> </ul>	<p>B1; B1 (2)</p> <p>Any ONE B1</p> <p>Any ONE B1 (2)</p>
2.	<p><math>X \sim N(10, 3^2) \therefore \bar{X} \sim N(10, 9/5)</math> can be implied 10; 9/5</p> <p><math>P(7 \leq \bar{X} \leq 10) = P\left(\frac{7-10}{\sqrt{9/5}} &lt; Z &lt; 0\right)</math> Standardising with 10 &amp; their <math>\sigma</math></p> <p><math>= P(-2.236 &lt; Z &lt; 0)</math> <del>2.236</del></p> <p><math>= \Phi(0) - [1 - \Phi(2.24)]</math></p> <p><math>= \underline{0.4875}</math></p>	<p>B1; B1</p> <p>M1 A1</p> <p><del>A1</del></p> <p>M1 (p &lt; 0.5)</p> <p>A1 (6)</p>

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3.	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>No action</th> <th>Remove diseased branches</th> <th>Spray with Chemicals</th> <th>Total</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Tree died within 1 year</td> <td>10 (7)</td> <td>5 (7)</td> <td>6 (7)</td> <td>21</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Survived 1-4 years</td> <td>5 (7)</td> <td>9 (7)</td> <td>7 (7)</td> <td>21</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Survived &gt; 4 years</td> <td>5 (6)</td> <td>6 (6)</td> <td>7 (6)</td> <td>18</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Totals</td> <td>20</td> <td>20</td> <td>20</td> <td>60</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>					No action	Remove diseased branches	Spray with Chemicals	Total	Tree died within 1 year	10 (7)	5 (7)	6 (7)	21	Survived 1-4 years	5 (7)	9 (7)	7 (7)	21	Survived > 4 years	5 (6)	6 (6)	7 (6)	18	Totals	20	20	20	60	
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$\frac{RT \times CT}{GT}$ $\frac{6 \times 7}{3 \times 6}$					M1 A1 A1																									
<p> <math>H_0</math>: Treatment &amp; Survival are independent (not associated)  <math>H_1</math>: Treatment &amp; Survival are not independent (associated)                     </p>					BI both																									
$\alpha = 0.05$																														
$L = (3-1) \times (3-1) = 4$					BI																									
CR: $\chi^2 > 9.488$					BI ✓																									
$\sum \frac{(O-E)^2}{E} = \frac{9}{7} + \frac{4}{7} + \frac{1}{7} + \frac{4}{7} + \frac{4}{7} + 0 + \frac{1}{6} + 0 + \frac{1}{6}$ $= 3.47619 \dots$ <p style="text-align: right; margin-right: 50px;">                     Use of <math>\sum \frac{(O-E)^2}{E}</math>                      Any 2 values                      AWT 3.48                 </p>					M1 A1 A1																									
<p>Since 3.47619... is NOT in the critical region (ie <math>&lt; 9.488</math>) there is insufficient evidence to reject <math>H_0</math>.</p>																														
<p>There is no evidence of association between treatment and length of survival.</p>					Comparison Conclusion M1 A1 ✓ (11)																									

4



(3)

(b) linear association between s and d

B1 (1)

(c)  $S_{ss} = 141.51 - \frac{33.9^2}{10} = 26.589$ ;  $S_{dd} = 152.444$ ;  $S_{sd} = 59.524$

B1; B1; B1 (3)

(d)  $r = \frac{59.524}{\sqrt{152.444 \times 26.589}}$   
 $= 0.93494\dots$

M1

AWRT 0.935

A1 (2)

	<p>(e) <math>H_0: \rho = 0</math>; <math>H_1: \rho &gt; 0</math></p> <p>Critical Value at 1% = 0.7155</p> <p>Reject <math>H_0</math>; Levels of serum &amp; disease are positively correlated</p> <p>(f) linear correlation significant <del>is</del> <sup>but</sup> scatter diagram looks non-linear.</p>	<p>B1</p> <p>B1</p> <p>B1 (3)</p> <p>B1 (1)</p>																							
<p>5.</p>	<p><math>H_0</math>: Poisson distribution is a suitable model <span style="float: right;">both</span></p> <p><math>H_1</math>: Poisson distribution is not a suitable model</p> $\hat{\lambda} = \frac{(0 \times 99) + (1 \times 65) + \dots + (4 \times 2)}{200} = \frac{153}{200} = 0.765$ <p>Using <math>P(X=x) = \frac{0.765^x e^{-0.765}}{x!}</math> where <math>X</math> represents the number of restarts given <span style="float: right;"><math>200 \times P(X=x)</math></span></p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: center;">X</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Observed Frequency</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Expected Frequency</th> <th></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">0</td> <td style="text-align: center;">99</td> <td style="text-align: center;">93.06678...</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">1</td> <td style="text-align: center;">65</td> <td style="text-align: center;">71.19604...</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0, 1, 2</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">2</td> <td style="text-align: center;">22</td> <td style="text-align: center;">27.23250...</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">3</td> <td style="text-align: center;">12</td> <td style="text-align: center;">6.94428...</td> <td rowspan="2" style="vertical-align: middle;">} 8.50468</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"><math>\geq 4</math></td> <td style="text-align: center;">2</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1.56040...</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><math>\chi^2 = 4 - 1 - 1 = 2</math>; CR: <math>\chi^2 &gt; 5.991</math> from Poisson</p> <p><math>\chi^2 = 4 - 1 = 3</math>; CR: <math>\chi^2 &gt; 7.815</math> from Poisson (0.765)</p> <p><math>\sum \frac{(O-E)^2}{E} = 5.47368...</math> <span style="float: right;">OR <math>\sum \frac{(O-E)}{E}</math></span></p> <p>5.47 is not in the critical region.</p> <p>Number of computer failures per day can be modelled by a Poisson distribution</p>	X	Observed Frequency	Expected Frequency		0	99	93.06678...		1	65	71.19604...	0, 1, 2	2	22	27.23250...		3	12	6.94428...	} 8.50468	$\geq 4$	2	1.56040...	<p>B1</p> <p>M1 A1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1, A1 (-1e.2.)</p> <p>A1</p> <p>B1; B1✓</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>A1✓ (12)</p>
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<p>6.</p>	<p>(a) Let <math>X</math> represent repair time  <math>\therefore \sum x = 1435 \quad \therefore \bar{x} = \frac{1435}{5} = \underline{287}</math>  <math>\sum x^2 = 442575 \quad \therefore s^2 = \frac{1}{4} \left\{ 442575 - \frac{1435^2}{5} \right\}</math>  <math>= \underline{7682.5}</math></p> <p>(b) <math>P( \mu - \bar{x}  &lt; 20) = 0.95</math>  <math>\therefore \frac{20}{\sigma/\sqrt{n}} = 1.96</math>  <math>\therefore n = \frac{1.96^2 \sigma^2}{20^2} = \frac{1.96^2 \times 100^2}{400} = \underline{96.04}</math>  <math>\therefore \underline{\text{Sample size } (\geq) 97 \text{ required}}</math></p>	<p>BI          MIAI          AI (4)  <del>MIAI</del> MI          BI  <del>MIAI</del> AI          MI          AI          AI (6)</p>
<p>7.</p>	<p>Let <math>W = C_1 - C_2</math> <del>is</del> <math>W = C_1 + C_2 \Rightarrow</math> MIA or MI only          (a) <math>\therefore W \sim N(0, 16)</math> Normal  <math>\therefore P( W  &gt; 6) = 2P(W &gt; 6)</math> <math>0; 16</math>  <math>= 2 \times P\left(Z &gt; \frac{6-0}{\sqrt{16}}\right)</math>  <del>is</del> <math>W = C - L</math> treat as MR <math>\text{Prob} = 0.4846</math> Standardizing, their <math>\sigma</math>  <math>= 2 \times P(Z &gt; 1.5)</math>  <math>= 2 \times (1 - 0.9332) = \underline{0.1336}</math></p> <p>(b) Let <math>W = C - L</math>  <math>\therefore W \sim N(5, 25)</math> <math>5; 25</math>  <math>P(W &gt; 0) = P\left(Z &gt; \frac{0-5}{\sqrt{25}}\right)</math>  <math>= P(Z &lt; 1)</math>  <math>= \underline{0.8413}</math></p>	<p>MI          AI; MI          MI          MI          AI (6)          BI; BI          MIAI          MI (<math>p &gt; 0.5</math>)          AI (6)</p>

$$(g) \text{ Let } W = C_1 + \dots + C_{24} + B$$

$$\therefore E(W) = 24 \times 350 + 100 = \underline{8500}$$

$$\text{Var}(W) = 24 \times 8 + 2^2 = \underline{196}$$

$$P(8510 \leq W \leq 8520) = P\left(\frac{8510 - 8500}{\sqrt{196}} \leq Z \leq \frac{8520 - 8500}{\sqrt{196}}\right)$$

$$= P(0.714 \leq Z \leq 1.428) \text{ AwRT}$$

$$= 0.9236 - 0.7611$$

$$= \underline{0.1625}$$

$$0.61 - 0.163$$

(d) All random variables are independent.

BI

BI

MI

AI/AI

AI (6)

BI (1)

Y.E. Stephens  
13/06/05