

• 31 JAN 04

1)  $\sum M = 150$   $\sum t = 716$   $\sum M^2 = 5500$   $\sum t^2 = 930$   
 $\sum Mt = 2147$   $n = 6$  ( $t=y$   $m=x$ )

a)  $S_{mt} = \sum Mt - \frac{(\sum M)(\sum t)}{n} = 2147 - \frac{150 \times 716}{6} = 357$

$S_{mm} = \sum M^2 - \frac{(\sum M)^2}{n} = 5500 - \frac{150^2}{6} = 1750$

b)  $t = a + bm$   $b = \frac{S_{mt}}{S_{mm}} = \frac{357}{1750} = 0.204$

$a = \bar{t} - b\bar{m} = \left(\frac{716}{6}\right) - 0.204\left(\frac{150}{6}\right) = 6.83$

$t = 6.83 + 0.204m$

c)  $m = 35 \Rightarrow t = 6.83 + 0.204 \times 35 = 13.97$

d) i) No, too far outside data range to be considered reliable.

ii) No, nothing to suggest model would be reliable one month later.

2) Normal distribution  $\Rightarrow$  i) mode = median = mean

b)  $X \sim N(27, 10^2)$

$P(26 < X < 28)$

$\Rightarrow P\left(\frac{26-27}{10} < Z < \frac{28-27}{10}\right)$

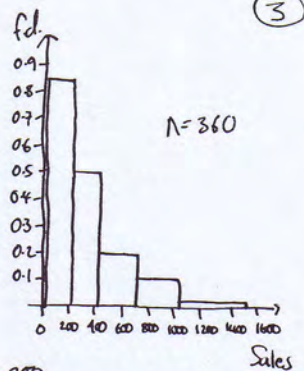
$= P(-0.1 < Z < 0.1)$

$= \Phi(0.1) - \Phi(-0.1)$

$= \Phi(0.1) - (1 - \Phi(0.1)) = 0.5398 - 0.4602 = 0.0796$

- ii) Continuous data
- iii) bell shaped distribution
- iv) Symmetrical distribution
- v) 68.3% data lies within 1 $\sigma$  of mean
- 95% of data lies within 2 $\sigma$  of mean
- 99.7% of data lies within 3 $\sigma$  of mean.

Sales	freq	CW	f.d.	fd.
1-200	166 (166)	200	0.83	0.83
201-400	100 (266)	200	0.50	0.50
401-700	59 (325)	300	0.197	0.197
701-1000	30 (355)	300	0.10	0.10
1001-1500	5 (360)	500	0.01	0.01



b)  $Q_1 \frac{1}{4}n = 90 \Rightarrow Q_1 = \frac{200}{200} = 1.200 \Rightarrow 0.5 + \left(\frac{90-0}{166}\right) \times 200 = 108.9$

$Q_2 \frac{2}{4}n = 180 \Rightarrow Q_2 = \frac{200}{200} = 2.01-400 \Rightarrow 200.5 + \left(\frac{180-166}{100}\right) \times 200 = 228.5$

$Q_3 \frac{3}{4}n = 270 \Rightarrow Q_3 = \frac{200}{200} = 4.01-700 \Rightarrow 400.5 + \left(\frac{270-266}{59}\right) \times 300 = 420.8$

$IQR = 420.8 - 108.9 = 311.9$

Median = 228.5

c)  $x$  = midpoint of sales

$\sum fx = 166 \times 100.5 + 100 \times 300.5 + 59 \times 550.5 + 30 \times 850.5 + 5 \times 1250.5$

$\sum fx = 110980$

$\sum fx^2 = 166 \times 100.5^2 + 100 \times 300.5^2 + \dots = 58105890$

$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum fx}{n} = \frac{110980}{360} = 308.3$   $Var = \frac{\sum fx^2}{n} - \bar{x}^2 = 66370$

$Sd.x = \sqrt{Var} = 257.6$

d) Median/IQR data is heavily positively skewed.

(1)

3) a)  $P(1 < X < 3) = P(3) + P(2) = \frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{12} = \frac{1}{6}$

b)  $F(2.6) = P(2) + P(1) + P(0) = \frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{11}{12}$

c)  $X$  0 1 2 3  
 $x \downarrow P$   $\frac{1}{3}$   $\frac{1}{2}$   $\frac{1}{12}$   $\frac{1}{12}$

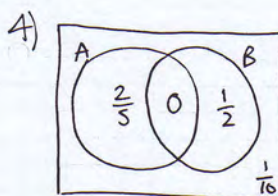
$E(X) = 0 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{12} + \frac{3}{12} = \frac{11}{12}$

d)  $E(2X-3) = 2E(X) - 3 = \frac{22}{12} - 3 = \frac{-14}{12} = \frac{-7}{6}$

e)  $X^2$  0 1 4 9  
 $x \downarrow P$   $\frac{1}{3}$   $\frac{1}{2}$   $\frac{1}{12}$   $\frac{1}{12}$

$E(X^2) = 0 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{4}{12} + \frac{9}{12} = \frac{19}{12}$

$V(X) = E(X^2) - E(X)^2 = \left(\frac{19}{12}\right) - \left(\frac{11}{12}\right)^2 = \frac{208}{144} - \frac{121}{144} = \frac{107}{144}$



$P(A|B') = \frac{P(A \cap B')}{P(B')} \Rightarrow \frac{4}{5} = \frac{P(A \cap B')}{(\frac{1}{2})}$

i)  $P(A \cap B') = \frac{4}{5} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{4}{10} = \frac{2}{5}$

$1 - \frac{2}{5} - \frac{1}{2} = 1 - \frac{4}{10} - \frac{5}{10} = \frac{1}{10}$

ii)  $P(A \cap B) = 0$  (iii)  $P(A \cup B) = \frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{9}{10}$  iv)  $P(A|B) = 0$

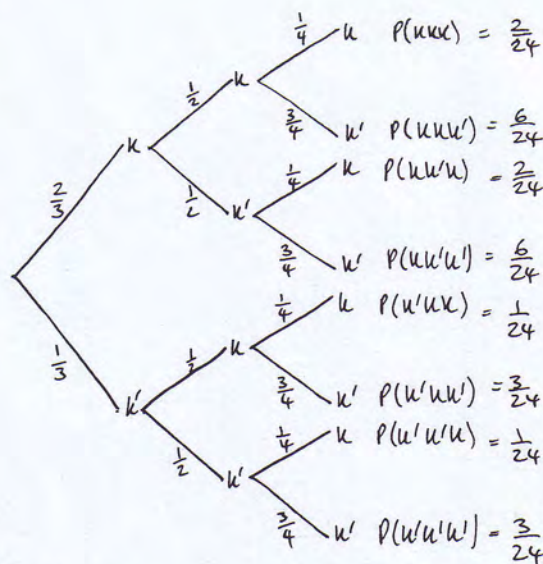
b) i) Mutually exclusive, Yes since  $P(A \cap B) = 0$

ii) Independent, No  $P(A) \times P(B) = \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{10} = \frac{1}{5}$

$P(A \cap B) = 0 \neq P(A) \times P(B)$

(3)

6)



b)  $P(KKK) = \frac{2}{24} = \frac{1}{12}$

c)  $P(KKK') + P(K'KK') + P(K'KK) = \frac{6}{24} + \frac{3}{24} + \frac{1}{24} = \frac{10}{24} = \frac{5}{12}$

d)  $P(K'KKK) + P(K'KK') + P(KKK'K) = \frac{3}{24} + \frac{1}{24} + \frac{6}{24} = \frac{10}{24} = \frac{5}{12}$

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