

1. Solve the equation $\tan 2\theta = 3$ for $0^\circ < \theta < 360^\circ$. [3]
2. Given that $\arcsin x = \arccos y$, prove that $x^2 + y^2 = 1$. [Hint: Let $\arcsin x = \theta$] [3]
3. In this question you must show detailed reasoning.
Solve the equation
$$2\tan \theta + \cos \theta = 0$$

in the range $0^\circ < \theta < 360^\circ$. [7]
4. Solve the equation $\cos 2\theta = 0.3$ for $0^\circ \leq \theta < 360^\circ$. [3]

END OF QUESTION paper

Mark scheme

Question		Answer/Indicative content	Marks	Part marks and guidance	
1		<p>71.5 (6505118..) soi</p> <p>35.7 to 36</p> <p>125.78..., 215.78..., 305.78... to 3 or more sf</p>	<p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>A1</p>	<p>or 1.24 (9045772..) (rad) or 79.5 (1672353..) (grad)</p> <p>if A0, SC1 for all four answers in radians or grad r.o.t to 3 or more sf 0.62452286, 2.195319213, 3.76611554, 5.336911867 (rad), but 0 if extra values in range</p> <p>if M1A0A0, SC1 for 251.565..., 431.565..., 611.565...</p> <p>Examiner's Comments</p> <p>Most candidates started correctly, a few doubled 71.6 instead of halving it, but most successfully obtained 35.8°. 215.835.8° was frequently found, but the other two values were often missed. Some candidates rounded off their calculator value, and then over-specified their final values (215.79 etc was common), thus losing the second A mark. A common error was arctan(1.5) to start, and some candidates unwittingly worked in radians and went on to add multiples of 90°.</p>	<p>39.75836177..., 139.75..., 239.75...339.75...(grad)</p> <p>for second A1, ignore extra values outside range, A0 if extra values in range</p>
		Total	3		
2		<p>$\arcsin x = \theta$ $\Rightarrow x = \sin \theta$</p> <p>$\arccos y = \theta \Rightarrow y = \cos \theta$</p>	<p>M1(AO1.1)</p> <p>M1(AO1.1)</p> <p>E1(AO2.1)</p>		

		$\sin^2\theta + \cos^2\theta = 1$ $\Rightarrow x^2 + y^2 = 1$ AG	[3]	
		Total	3	
3		$\frac{2 \sin \theta}{\cos \theta} + \cos \theta = 0$ $2 \sin \theta + 1 - \sin^2 \theta = 0$ $\sin \theta = 1 \pm \sqrt{2}$ $\sin \theta = 1 + \sqrt{2} \text{ has no roots since } -1 \leq \sin \theta \leq 1$ <p>If $\sin \theta = 1 - \sqrt{2}$, $\theta = -24.47$ or -155.53</p> <p>204</p> <p>335</p>	M1(AO1.1) M1(AO3.1a) A1(AO1.1) E1(AO2.3) A1(AO1.1) A1(AO3.2a) A1(AO1.1)	<p>DR Use of identity</p> <p>Multiplication by $\cos \theta$ and use of Pythagoras</p> <p>Both answers from correct factorizing or correct use of quadratic formula</p> <p>allow 204.5 or 204.47 allow 335.5 or 335.53</p> <p>Ignore extra values outside range. Deduct one mark if extra values in range. If AOAO allow</p>

