

SEQUENCES AND SERIES

- 1 Expand $(1 + 4x)^4$ in ascending powers of x , simplifying the coefficients. (4)
- 2 A geometric series has first term 3 and common ratio -2 .
- a Find the fifth term of the series. (2)
- b Find the sum of the first ten terms of the series. (2)
- c Show that the sum of the first eight positive terms of the series is 65 535. (4)
- 3 a Expand $(1 + 3x)^7$ in ascending powers of x up to and including the term in x^4 , simplifying each coefficient in the expansion. (4)
- b Use your series with a suitable value of x to estimate the value of 1.03^7 correct to 5 decimal places. (3)
- 4 Evaluate $\sum_{r=3}^{12} 2^r$. (4)
- 5 a Expand $(2 + x)^5$, simplifying the coefficient in each term. (4)
- b Hence, or otherwise, write down the expansion of $(2 - x)^5$. (1)
- c Show that
- $$(2 + \sqrt{5})^5 - (2 - \sqrt{5})^5 = k\sqrt{5},$$
- where k is an integer to be found. (4)
- 6 Ginny opens a savings account and decides to pay £200 into the account at the start of each month. At the end of each month, interest of 0.5% is paid into the account.
- a Find, to the nearest penny, the interest paid into the account at the end of the third month. (4)
- b Show that the total interest paid into the account over the first 12 months is £79.45 to the nearest penny. (5)
- 7 Find the first four terms in the expansion of $(1 - 3x)^8$ in ascending powers of x , simplifying each coefficient. (4)
- 8 a Prove that the sum, S_n , of the first n terms of a geometric series with first term a and common ratio r is given by
- $$S_n = \frac{a(1 - r^n)}{1 - r}.$$
- (4)
- b Find the exact sum of the first 16 terms of the geometric series with fourth term 3 and fifth term 6. (5)
- 9 a Write down the first three terms in the binomial expansion of $(1 + ax)^n$, where n is a positive integer, in ascending powers of x . (2)
- Given that the coefficient of x^2 is three times the coefficient of x ,
- b show that $n = \frac{6+a}{a}$. (4)
- Given also that $a = \frac{2}{3}$,
- c find the coefficient of x^3 in the expansion. (3)

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continued

- 10** Find the first three terms in the expansion of $(2 + 5x)^6$ in ascending powers of x , simplifying each coefficient. (4)
- 11** The first term of a geometric series is 162 and the sum to infinity of the series is 486.
- a** Find the common ratio of the series. (3)
- b** Find the sixth term of the series. (2)
- c** Find, to 3 decimal places, the sum of the first ten terms of the series. (4)
- 12** **a** Expand $(1 + 3x)^4$ in ascending powers of x , simplifying the coefficients. (4)
- b** Find the coefficient of x^2 in the expansion of $(1 + 4x - x^2)(1 + 3x)^4$. (3)
- 13** In a computer game, each player must complete the tasks set at each level within a fixed amount of time in order to progress to the next level.
- The time allowed for level 1 is 2 minutes and the time allowed for each of the other levels is 10% less than that allowed in the previous level.
- a** Find, in seconds, the time allowed for completing level 4. (2)
- b** Find, in minutes and seconds, the maximum total time allowed for completing the first 12 levels of the game. (4)
- 14** Given that
- $$\left(1 + \frac{x}{2}\right)^8(1 - x)^6 \equiv 1 + Ax + Bx^2 + \dots,$$
- find the values of the constants A and B . (7)
- 15** The terms of a sequence are defined by the recurrence relation
- $$u_r = 2u_{r-1}, \quad r > 1, \quad u_1 = 6.$$
- a** Write down the first four terms of the sequence. (1)
- b** Evaluate $\sum_{r=1}^{10} u_r$. (3)
- 16** **a** Expand $(1 + x)^4$ in ascending powers of x . (2)
- b** Hence, or otherwise, write down the expansion of $(1 - x)^4$ in ascending powers of x . (1)
- c** By using your answers to parts **a** and **b**, or otherwise, solve the equation
- $$(1 + x)^4 + (1 - x)^4 = 82,$$
- for real values of x . (5)
- 17** The common ratio of a geometric series is 1.5 and the third term of the series is 18.
- a** Find the first term of the series. (2)
- b** Find the sum of the first six terms of the series. (2)
- c** Find the smallest value of k such that the k th term of the series is greater than 8000. (4)
- 18** The first two terms in the expansion of $\left(1 + \frac{ax}{2}\right)^{10} + (1 + bx)^{10}$, in ascending powers of x , are 2 and $90x^2$.
- Given that $a < b$, find the values of the constants a and b . (9)