

# EXPONENTIALS AND LOGARITHMS

- 1** Express each of the following in the form  $\log_a b = c$ .
- a**  $10^3 = 1000$       **b**  $3^4 = 81$       **c**  $256 = 2^8$       **d**  $7^0 = 1$   
**e**  $3^{-3} = \frac{1}{27}$       **f**  $32^{-\frac{1}{5}} = \frac{1}{2}$       **g**  $19^1 = 19$       **h**  $216 = 36^{\frac{3}{2}}$
- 2** Express each of the following using index notation.
- a**  $\log_5 125 = 3$       **b**  $\log_2 16 = 4$       **c**  $5 = \log_{10} 100\,000$       **d**  $\log_{23} 1 = 0$   
**e**  $\frac{1}{2} = \log_9 3$       **f**  $\lg 0.01 = -2$       **g**  $\log_2 \frac{1}{8} = -3$       **h**  $\log_6 6 = 1$
- 3** Without using a calculator, find the exact value of
- a**  $\log_7 49$       **b**  $\log_4 64$       **c**  $\log_2 128$       **d**  $\log_3 27$   
**e**  $\log_5 625$       **f**  $\log_8 8$       **g**  $\log_7 1$       **h**  $\log_{15} \frac{1}{15}$   
**i**  $\log_3 \frac{1}{9}$       **j**  $\lg 0.001$       **k**  $\log_{16} 2$       **l**  $\log_4 8$   
**m**  $\log_9 243$       **n**  $\log_{100} 0.001$       **o**  $\log_{25} 125$       **p**  $\log_{27} \frac{1}{9}$
- 4** Without using a calculator, find the exact value of  $x$  in each case.
- a**  $\log_5 25 = x$       **b**  $\log_2 x = 6$       **c**  $\log_x 64 = 3$       **d**  $\lg x = -3$   
**e**  $\log_x 16 = \frac{2}{3}$       **f**  $\log_5 1 = x$       **g**  $\log_x 9 = 1$       **h**  $\lg 10^{12} = x$   
**i**  $2 \log_x 7 = 1$       **j**  $\log_4 x = 1.5$       **k**  $\log_x 0.1 = -\frac{1}{3}$       **l**  $3 \log_8 x + 1 = 0$
- 5** Express in the form  $\log_a n$
- a**  $\log_a 4 + \log_a 7$       **b**  $\log_a 10 - \log_a 5$       **c**  $2 \log_a 6$   
**d**  $\log_a 9 - \log_a \frac{1}{3}$       **e**  $\frac{1}{2} \log_a 25 + 2 \log_a 3$       **f**  $\log_a 48 - 3 \log_a 2 - \frac{1}{2} \log_a 9$
- 6** Express in the form  $p \log_q x$
- a**  $\log_q x^5$       **b**  $\frac{1}{2} \log_q x^{15}$       **c**  $\log_q \frac{1}{x}$       **d**  $\log_q \sqrt[3]{x}$   
**e**  $4 \log_q \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$       **f**  $\log_q x^2 + \log_q x^5$       **g**  $\log_q \frac{1}{x^2} + \log_q \frac{1}{x^3}$       **h**  $3 \log_q x^2 - \frac{1}{2} \log_q x^4$
- 7** Express in the form  $\lg n$
- a**  $\lg 5 + \lg 4$       **b**  $\lg 12 - \lg 6$       **c**  $3 \lg 2$       **d**  $4 \lg 3 - \lg 9$   
**e**  $\frac{1}{2} \lg 16 - \frac{1}{5} \lg 32$       **f**  $1 + \lg 11$       **g**  $\lg \frac{1}{50} + 2$       **h**  $3 - \lg 40$
- 8** Without using a calculator, evaluate
- a**  $\log_3 54 - \log_3 2$       **b**  $\log_5 20 + \log_5 1.25$       **c**  $\log_2 16 + \log_3 27$   
**d**  $\log_6 24 + \log_6 9$       **e**  $\log_3 12 - \log_3 4$       **f**  $\log_4 18 - \log_4 9$   
**g**  $\log_9 4 + \log_9 0.25$       **h**  $2 \lg 2 + \lg 25$       **i**  $\frac{1}{3} \log_3 8 - \log_3 18$   
**j**  $\frac{1}{3} \log_4 64 + 2 \log_5 25$       **k**  $\frac{1}{2} \log_5 (1\frac{9}{16}) + 2 \log_5 10$       **l**  $\log_3 5 - 2 \log_3 6 - \log_3 (3\frac{3}{4})$