



AS Level Further Mathematics A

Sample Question Paper

Date – Morning/Afternoon

Time allowed: 1 hour 15 minutes

OCR supplied materials:

- Printed Answer Booklet
- Formulae AS Level Further Mathematics A

You must have:

- Printed Answer Booklet
- Formulae AS Level Further Mathematics A
- Scientific or graphical calculator



INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink. HB pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Complete the boxes provided on the Printed Answer Booklet with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all the questions.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided in the Printed Answer Booklet.
- Additional paper may be used if necessary but you must clearly show your candidate number, centre number and question number(s).
- Do **not** write in the bar codes.
- You are permitted to use a scientific or graphical calculator in this paper.
- Final answers should be given to a degree of accuracy appropriate to the context.
- The acceleration due to gravity is denoted by gms^{-2} . Unless otherwise instructed, when a numerical value is needed, use g = 9.8.

INFORMATION

- The total number of marks for this paper is 60.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].
- You are reminded of the need for clear presentation in your answers.
- The Printed Answer Booklet consists of **12** pages. The Question Paper consists of **4** pages.

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Answer all the questions.

1 In this question you must show detailed reasoning.

The equation $x^2 + 2x + 5 = 0$ has roots α and β . The equation $x^2 + px + q = 0$ has roots α^2 and β^2 . Find the values of *p* and *q*. [3]

2 In this question you must show detailed reasoning.

Given that $z_1 = 3 + 2i$ and $z_2 = -1 - i$, find the following, giving each in the form a + bi.

(i) $z_1^* z_2$ [2]

(ii)
$$\frac{z_1 + 2z_2}{z_2}$$
 [2]

3 (i) You are given two matrices, **A** and **B**, where

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \text{ and } \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 \\ 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Show that AB = mI, where *m* is a constant to be determined.

(ii) You are given two matrices, C and D, where

$$\mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 5 \\ 1 & 1 & 3 \\ -1 & 2 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \text{ and } \mathbf{D} = \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 8 & -2 \\ -5 & 9 & -1 \\ 3 & -5 & 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Show that $\mathbf{C}^{-1} = k\mathbf{D}$ where *k* is a constant to be determined.

(iii) The matrices **E** and **F** are given by $\mathbf{E} = \begin{pmatrix} k & k^2 \\ 3 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{F} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ k \end{pmatrix}$ where k is a constant.

Determine any matrix **F** for which
$$\mathbf{EF} = \begin{pmatrix} -2k \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$$
. [5]

4 Draw the region of the Argand diagram for which $|z-3-4i| \le 5$ and $|z| \le |z-2|$. [4]

[2]

[2]

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5 The matrix **M** is given by $\mathbf{M} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{3}{5} & \frac{4}{5} \\ \frac{4}{5} & \frac{3}{5} \end{pmatrix}$.

- (i) The diagram in the Printed Answer Booklet shows the unit square *OABC*. The image of the unit square under the transformation represented by **M** is OA'B'C'. Draw and clearly label OA'B'C'. [3]
- (ii) Find the equation of the line of invariant points of this transformation. [3]
 (iii) (a) Find the determinant of M. [1]
 - (b) Describe briefly how this value relates to the transformation represented by M. [2]
- 6 At the beginning of the year John had a total of £2000 in three different accounts. He has twice as much money in the current account as in the savings account.
 - The current account has an interest rate of 2.5% per annum.
 - The savings account has an interest rate of 3.7% per annum.
 - The supersaver account has an interest rate of 4.9% per annum.

John has predicted that he will earn a total interest of $\pounds 92$ by the end of the year.

- (i) Model this situation as a matrix equation. [2]
 (ii) Find the amount that John had in each account at the beginning of the year. [2]
 (iii) In fact, the interest John will receive is £92 to the nearest pound. Explain how this affects the
- calculations. [2]

7 In this question you must show detailed reasoning.

It is given that $f(z) = z^3 - 13z^2 + 65z - 125$.

The points representing the three roots of the equation f(z)=0 are plotted on an Argand diagram. Show that these points lie on the circle |z|=k, where k is a real number to be determined. [9]

8 Prove that $n! > 2^n$ for $n \ge 4$.

[5]

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9 (i) Find the value of k such that
$$\begin{pmatrix} 1\\2\\1 \end{pmatrix}$$
 and $\begin{pmatrix} -2\\3\\k \end{pmatrix}$ are perpendicular. [2]
Two lines have equations l_1 : $\mathbf{r} = \begin{pmatrix} 3\\2\\7 \end{pmatrix} + \lambda \begin{pmatrix} 1\\-1\\3 \end{pmatrix}$ and l_2 : $\mathbf{r} = \begin{pmatrix} 6\\5\\2 \end{pmatrix} + \mu \begin{pmatrix} 2\\1\\-1 \end{pmatrix}$.
(ii) Find the point of intersection of l_1 and l_2 . [4]

(ii) Find the point of intersection of l_1 and l_2 .

(iii) The vector
$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ a \\ b \end{pmatrix}$$
 is perpendicular to the lines l_1 and l_2 .

Find the values of *a* and *b*.

[5]

END OF QUESTION PAPER

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