

Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2018

Pearson Edexcel International A Level In Mathematics Statistics S3 (WST03/01)

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June 2018 WST03/01 Statistics 3 Mark Scheme

General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme.
 Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

EDEXCEL IAL MATHEMATICS

General Instructions for Marking

- 1. The total number of marks for the paper is 75.
- 2. The Edexcel Mathematics mark schemes use the following types of marks:
- M marks: method marks are awarded for 'knowing a method and attempting to apply it', unless otherwise indicated.
- A marks: Accuracy marks can only be awarded if the relevant method (M) marks have been earned.
- B marks are unconditional accuracy marks (independent of M marks)
- Marks should not be subdivided.
- 3. Abbreviations

These are some of the traditional marking abbreviations that will appear in the mark schemes.

- bod benefit of doubt
- ft follow through
- the symbol $\sqrt{}$ will be used for correct ft
- cao correct answer only
- cso correct solution only. There must be no errors in this part of the question to obtain this mark
- isw ignore subsequent working
- awrt answers which round to
- SC: special case
- oe or equivalent (and appropriate)
- dep dependent
- indep independent
- dp decimal places
- sf significant figures
- ***** The answer is printed on the paper
- The second mark is dependent on gaining the first mark
- 4. All A marks are 'correct answer only' (cao.), unless shown, for example, as A1 ft to indicate that previous wrong working is to be followed through. After a misread however, the subsequent A marks affected are treated as A ft, but manifestly absurd answers should never be awarded A marks.
- 5. For misreading which does not alter the character of a question or materially simplify it, deduct two from any A or B marks gained, in that part of the question affected.
- 6. If a candidate makes more than one attempt at any question:
 - If all but one attempt is crossed out, mark the attempt which is NOT crossed out.
 - If either all attempts are crossed out or none are crossed out, mark all the attempts and score the highest single attempt.
- 7. Ignore wrong working or incorrect statements following a correct answer.

June 2018 IAL - WST03/01 Statistics 3

Question Number					Sche	me						Marks
1. (a)	Footballe	er A	В	C	D	Ε	F	G	Н	Ι		
	Rank <i>x</i>	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	-	
	Rank y	6	9	8	2	5	4	7	3	1		
	Rank <i>x</i>	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1		M1
	Rank y	4	1	2	8	5	6	3	7	9		
	$\mathring{a} d^2 = 25 + 49 + 25 + 4 + 0 + 4 + 0 + 25 + 64 = 196$											M1 A1
	$r_{\rm S} = 1 - \frac{6}{9(}$	$\frac{(196)}{9^2 - 1};=$	- 0.633	33333.	or	$-\frac{19}{30}$						dM1; A1
												[5]
(b)	$H_0: \rho_s = 0$											B1
	Critical Va	alue = -().60000	or -0.6	o or C	$R: r_{\rm S} \leq$	≤-0.60	000				B1
	Since $r_{\rm S} =$	- 0.6333	lies i	in the C	R (or	- 0.633	3 < - 0	.6), rej	ect H ₀			M1
		clude that ussell's cla ootballers	<u>aim</u> is <u>t</u>		/II are s	slower					Conclusion in context	A1
												[4]
(c)	Both Criti does not li								<u>H₀ (or a</u>			M1
	Conclude	that there	is <u>no n</u>	egative	correla	ation of	2			Contex	t not required here.	Al
(d)	The relationship (between BMI and time taken to complete the obstacle course) is non-linear oe											[2] B1
												[1] 12
1 (a)	1 st N/ [1	Attornat	to nomin	data fa			iestion			(allaw	(norvonce neutrines)	
1. (a)	1 st M1	-				-					reverse rankings)	
	2 nd M1	For finding the difference between each of the ranks and evaluating $\mathring{a} d^2$										
	1 st A1	$angle d^2 = 196$ or from reverse rankings $angle d^2 = 9 + 1 + 1 + 16 + 0 + 0 + 16 + 1 + 0 = 0$									= 44	
	3rd dM1 <i>is dependent on 1st M1</i> for use of $1 - \frac{6("196")}{9(9^2 - 1)}$ with their $\mathring{a} d^2$.											
	2 nd A1	awrt - 0.	.633 or	$-\frac{19}{30}$	or from	m revei	rse ranl	tings $\frac{1}{3}$. <u>9</u> 30			
(b)	1 st B1											
	Note											
	2 nd B1											
	M1	For a con	rrect sta	atement	relatin	ng their	$r_{S}(r_{S})$	<1) w	with the	ir c.v. v	where their c.v. <1	
	A1		ntextua	lised co	mmen	t which	is reje	cting H	I_0 , which	ch must	mention either " <u>ne</u>	
	Note	Follow the	hrough	their r	s with	their c.	v. (pro	vided	their c.	v. <1)		
	M1		0.5822		2	nypothe						

(b) $\frac{12(3+5+18+28+17+4) \text{ or } 12(75) [900]}{12} \text{ See notes.} $ $\frac{12}{(2+5+18+28+17+4) \text{ or } 12(75) [900]} \text{ See notes.} $ $\frac{12}{(2+5+18+28+17+4) \text{ or } 12(75) [900]} \text{ Min} $ $\frac{12}{(3+5+18+28+17+4) \text{ or } 12(75) [900]} \text{ Min} $ $\frac{12}{(3+5+18+28+17+4) \text{ or } 12(75) [900]} \text{ Min} $ $\frac{12}{(3+5+18+28+17+4) \text{ or } 12(75) [900]} \text{ Min} $ $\frac{12}{(3+5+18+28+17+4) \text{ or } 12(75) [900]} \text{ Min} $ $\frac{12}{(3+5+18+28+17+4) \text{ or } 12(75) [900]} \text{ Min} $ $\frac{12}{(3+5+18+28+17+4) \text{ or } 12(2+5+18+28+18-26+6.93)} \text{ Min} $ $\frac{12}{(3+5+18+28+17+4) \text{ or } 12(2+48+22.04+18.26+6.93)} \text{ Min} $ $\frac{12}{(3+5+18+28+17+4) \text{ or } 12(2+6+18,26+6.93)} \text{ Min} $ $\frac{12}{(3+5+18+28+17+4) \text{ or } 12(2+6+18,26+18,28)} \text{ Min} $ $\frac{12}{(3+5+18+28+17+4) \text{ or } 12(2+6+18,28)} \text{ Min} $ $\frac{12}{(3+5+18+28+17+4) \text{ or } 12(2+28+22.04+16,11755571755717} \text{ Min} $ $\frac{12}{(3+5+18+28+17+4) \text{ or } 12(2+28+22.04+16,117555717} \text{ Min} $ $\frac{12}{(3+5+18+28+17+4) \text{ or } 12(2+28+22.04+18,26+0.0869} \text{ Min} $ $\frac{12}{(3+5+18+28+17+4) \text{ or } 12(2+28+22.04+16,117555717} \text{ Min} $ $\frac{12}{(3+5+18+28+17+4) \text{ or } 12(2+28+22.04+18,22.04+18,22.3088} \text{ Min} $ $\frac{12}{(3+5+18+28+17+4) \text{ or } 12(2+28+22.04+18,22.04+18,23.3088} \text{ Min} $ $\frac{12}{(3+5+1+28+28+17+4) \text{ or } 12(2+28+22.04+18,22.3088} \text{ Min} $ $\frac{12}{(3+5+1+28+28+17+4) \text{ or } 12(2+28+22.04+18,22.3088} \text{ Min} \text{ All } 2325 \text{ Totals } 4.2925 \text{ To } 12.238 \text{ 2.3088} \text{ Min} $ $\frac{12}{(3+5+1+28+28+17+4) \text{ or } 12(2+28+18,22.04+18,22.3088} \text{ Min} \text{ Min}$	Question Number				Scheme				Marks		
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		$\hat{p} = \frac{7(3) + 12}{12}$	$\frac{8(5)}{(3+5+)}$	9(18) + 10	(28) +11(17 17 + 4) or 1	$\frac{7}{2(75)} + \frac{12(4)}{2(75)} \left\{ = \frac{7}{9} \right\}$	$\left. \frac{738}{900} \right\} = 0.82(*)$	-	M1 A1cso [2]		
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	(b)	$r = 75^{-12}C_9(0.82)^9(0.18)^3 \{= 16.1296941\}$ (formula)									
(c) $ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $											
(c) H ₁ : Binomial distribution is a suitable (or good) model (or fit) H ₁ : Binomial distribution is not a suitable model $\frac{\#}{H_1} O_i E_i Comb Comb Comb Comb Comb Comb E_i E_i E_i E_i E_i E_i E_i E_i E_i E_i$							r = awrt	16.13; s = awrt 0.87	A1; A1		
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	(c)						(or fit)		[3] B1		
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		#	<i>O</i> _{<i>i</i>}	E_{i}			$\frac{\left(O_{i}-E_{i}\right)^{2}}{E_{i}}$	$\frac{O_i^2}{E_i}$			
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		≤ 6	0	0.87			t	t			
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		-			8	11.64	1.1383	5.4983			
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			-		18	16.13	0.2168	20.0868	M1		
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		-							1111		
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			-						M1		
$X^2 = awrt 4.3$ A1 $v = 5 - 1 - 1 = 3$ B1 ft $\chi_3^2(0.10) = 6.251 \Rightarrow CR: X^2 \ge 6.251$ B1 ft[does not lie in the CR/not significant/Do not reject H ₀ /Accept H ₀]B1 ftBinomial distribution is a suitableA correct conclusion (context not required here) which is based on their X ² -value and their χ^2 -critical value.M1At least 2 non zero products on the numerator and correct division for their methodA1 csoCorrect answer $p = 0.82$ with no incorrect working seenM1For any correct method (or a correct expression) for finding either r or s .A1; A1 $r = awrt 16.13; s = awrt0.87$ (c)1 ^{at} M1For an attempt to pool 8, 7 and ≤ 6 germinating seeds ONLY.2 nd M1For an attempt to pool 8, 7 and ≤ 6 germinating seeds ONLY.2 nd M1For an attempt at the test statistic, at least 2 correct expressions/values (to awrt 2 d.p. or truncated 2 d.p.)1 ^{at} A1awrt 4.32 nd B1ftFor their evaluated $n - 1 - 1$. i.e. realising that they must subtract 2 from their n .3 rd B1ftFor a correct ft for their $\chi_4^2(0.10)$, from their degrees of freedomNoteFor 0.10 significance: $\chi_6^2 = 10.645$ $\chi_5^2 = 9.236$ $\chi_4^2 = 7.779$ $\chi_2^2 = 4.605$ Final A1Dependent on the 2 nd Method mark only. A correct conclusion (context not required) which is accepting H_0NoteNot Hovigh on their hypotheses if they are stated the wrong way round.NoteNot Hovigh on their hypothese of A. E.g. "significant, do not reject H ₀ ".			4								
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A1 csoCorrect answer $p = 0.82$ with no incorrect working seenM1For any correct method (or a correct expression) for finding either r or s .A1; A1 $r = awrt 16.13$; $s = awrt0.87$ (c)1st B1Must have both hypotheses and mention Binomial at least once. Inclusion of 0.82 for p in hypotheses is B0 but condone in conclusion.1st M1For an attempt to pool 8, 7 and ≤ 6 germinating seeds ONLY. 2^{nd} M1For an attempt at the test statistic, at least 2 correct expressions/values (to awrt 2 d.p. or truncated 2 d.p.)1st A1awrt 4.3 2^{nd} B1ftFor their evaluated $n - 1 - 1$. i.e. realising that they must subtract 2 from their n . 3^{rd} B1ftFor a correct ff for their $\chi_k^2(0.10)$, from their degrees of freedomNoteFor 0.10 significance: $\chi_6^2 = 10.645$ $\chi_5^2 = 9.236$ $\chi_4^2 = 7.779$ $\chi_2^2 = 4.605$ Final A1Dependent on the 2^{nd} Method mark only. A correct conclusion (context not required) which is accepting H_0NoteNo follow through on their hypotheses if they are stated the wrong way round. Note											
 (b) M1 For any correct method (or a correct expression) for finding either <i>r</i> or <i>s</i>. A1; A1 <i>r</i> = awrt 16.13; <i>s</i> = awrt0.87 (c) 1st B1 Must have both hypotheses and mention Binomial at least once. Inclusion of 0.82 for <i>p</i> in hypotheses is B0 but condone in conclusion. 1st M1 For an attempt to pool 8, 7 and ≤ 6 germinating seeds ONLY. 2nd M1 For an attempt at the test statistic, at least 2 correct expressions/values (to awrt 2 d.p. or truncated 2 d.p.) 1st A1 awrt 4.3 2nd B1ft For their evaluated <i>n</i> - 1 - 1. i.e. realising that they must subtract 2 from their <i>n</i>. 3rd B1ft For a correct ft for their χ²_k(0.10), from their degrees of freedom Note For 0.10 significance: χ²₆ = 10.645 χ²₅ = 9.236 χ²₄ = 7.779 χ²₂ = 4.605 Final A1 Dependent on the 2nd Method mark only. A correct conclusion (context not required) which is accepting H₀ Note No follow through on their hypotheses if they are stated the wrong way round. Note Contradictory statements score A0. E.g. "significant, do not reject H₀". 	2. (a)							sion for their method			
(c) A1; A1 $r = awrt 16.13$; $s = awrt 0.87$ Must have both hypotheses and mention Binomial at least once. Inclusion of 0.82 for p in hypotheses is B0 but condone in conclusion. 1 st M1 For an attempt to pool 8, 7 and ≤ 6 germinating seeds ONLY. 2 nd M1 For an attempt at the test statistic, at least 2 correct expressions/values (to awrt 2 d.p. or truncated 2 d.p.) 1 st A1 awrt 4.3 2 nd B1ft For their evaluated $n - 1 - 1$. i.e. realising that they must subtract 2 from their n . 3 rd B1ft For a correct ft for their $\chi_k^2(0.10)$, from their degrees of freedom Note For 0.10 significance: $\chi_6^2 = 10.645 \chi_5^2 = 9.236 \chi_4^2 = 7.779 \chi_2^2 = 4.605$ Final A1 Dependent on the 2 nd Method mark only. A correct conclusion (context not required) which is accepting H ₀ Note No follow through on their hypotheses if they are stated the wrong way round. Note Contradictory statements score A0. E.g. "significant, do not reject H ₀ ".	(1)						_				
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Final A1 Dependent on the 2 nd Method mark only. A correct conclusion (context not required) which is accepting H ₀ Note No follow through on their hypotheses if they are stated the wrong way round. Note Contradictory statements score A0. E.g. "significant, do not reject H ₀ ".		3 rd B1ft	For a correct ft for their $\chi^2_k(0.10)$, from their degrees of freedom								
A correct conclusion (context not required) which is accepting H ₀ Note No follow through on their hypotheses if they are stated the wrong way round. Note Contradictory statements score A0. E.g. "significant, do not reject H ₀ ".		Note	For 0	.10 signific	ance: χ_6^2 =	= 10.645 χ_5^2 =	9.236 $\chi_4^2 = 7.779$	$\theta \chi_2^2 = 4.605$			
NoteNo follow through on their hypotheses if they are stated the wrong way round.NoteContradictory statements score A0. E.g. "significant, do not reject H ₀ ".		Final A1	Depe	ndent on th	ne 2 nd Meth	od mark only.					
Note Contradictory statements score A0. E.g. "significant, do not reject H_0 ".			A con	rect conclu	sion (conte	xt not required)	A				
Note Condone mentioning of B(12, 0.82) in conclusion.								eject $H_0^{\prime\prime}$.			

Question Number		Scheme		Marl	ks
3. (a)	$\left\{ \hat{m}_{x}=\overline{x}\right\}$	$=\frac{92.0}{20} \Rightarrow \overline{x} = 4.6 \text{ (cm)}$	4.6	B1	
	$\left\{\hat{S}_{x}^{2}=\right\}$	$s_x^2 = \frac{433.4974 - 20(4.6)^2}{20 - 1} = 0.541968 (cm)^2$	Applies $\frac{a^2 - 20(\text{their } \overline{x})^2}{20 - 1}$	M1	
		20 1	awrt <u>0.542</u>	A1	[3]
(b)	Combine	ed Sample: Mean $=\frac{92.0 + 142.5}{20 + 30} = 4.69$	4.69 Can be implied.	B1	[3]
	. 433	$4974 + 6895078 - 50(469)^2$		M1;	
	$s^2 = \frac{155}{2}$	$\frac{.4974 + 689.5078 - 50(4.69)^2}{20 + 30 - 1}; = 0.4734734694$	awrt 0.473 or 0.4735 (can be implied)	A1	
	$s \sqrt{0}$	0.4734734694	For use of $s/\sqrt{50}$	M1;	
	$\overline{\sqrt{n}} = -$	$\frac{0.4734734694}{\sqrt{50}}; = 0.09731119868$	awrt <u>0.0973</u>	A1	
					[5]
(c)	$H_0: m =$	4.5 $H_1: m > 4.5$	Correct hypotheses	B1	
		$\frac{69''-4.5}{0.71}; = 1.892257583$	$\pm \frac{\text{their } 4.69 - 4.5}{\frac{0.71}{\sqrt{50}}} \text{ or equivalent.}$	M1;	
		V50	awrt <u>1.89</u>	A1	
		d c.v. $Z = 1.6449$ or CR: $Z \ge 1.6449$ ue = awrt 0.029 or awrt 0.029 < 0.05	Critical value of 1.6449 or a correct probability comparison.	B1	
	[in the C]	R/significant/Reject $H_0/0.029 < 0.05$]			
		e either is evidence to <u>support</u> the <u>farmer's claim</u> he <u>mean width</u> of duck <u>eggs</u> is <u>greater than 4.5</u> cm.	A correct conclusion which is rejecting H_0 in context and is based on <i>their z</i> -value and <i>their</i> critical value, where $ c.v. > 1$.	A1	
					[5]
		Question 3 Note	8		13
3. (a)	M1	Also allow M1 for applying $\frac{20}{(20-1)} \left(\frac{\sum x^2}{20} - (\text{their})\right)$	$(\overline{x})^2$		
(b)	1 st M1	Also allow 1 st M1 for applying $\frac{50}{(50-1)} \left(\frac{\sum x^2 + \sum y}{20+30} \right)$	$\frac{2}{-}$ - (their \overline{x}_{comb}) ²		
	Note	Award B1M1A1M1A1 for awrt 0.0973 which follo	ws from no working.		
(c)	1 st M1 2 nd A1	Condone use of 4.6 for this M1 mark. Conclusion must refer to either "farmer's claim" oe	or "mean width" and "eggs".		

Question Number					Scheme		Mar	:ks		
4. (a)	warehouse.	_			_	000 employees is the <u>same</u> at each 000 employees is <u>not the same</u> .	B1			
	Warehouse	e Calcula	tion	Evnoo	tod	Some attempt at using the				
	A	-	<u>(2)(114)</u> 19			correct formula to find their 5 expected values (expected number of incidents).				
	В	<u>(1)(11</u> 12	4)	9.5		Can be implied by at least one correct E_i .				
	С	$\frac{(3.8)(1)}{12}$	14)	36.1						
	D	<u>(3)(11</u> 12		28.5	;	All expected frequencies are correct.	A1			
	E	$\frac{(2.2)(1)}{12}$	14)	20.9)					
			(0	E) ²	O^2					
	Observed 15	Expected 19	0.842	$\frac{(-E)^2}{E}$	$\frac{\frac{O^2}{E}}{11.8421}$	Dependent upon previous M1 At least 3 correct terms for $\frac{(O-E)^2}{E} \text{ or } \frac{O^2}{E}$	dM1			
	10 40	9.5 36.1	0.02	63	10.5263 44.3213					
	26 23	28.5 20.9	0.21	93	23.7193 25.3110	Accept 2 sf accuracy for the dM1 mark.				
		Z0.9 Totals		2110 25.3110 7200 115.72						
	$X^{2} = \sum \frac{(O-E)^{2}}{E}$ or $\sum \frac{O^{2}}{E} - 114 = \text{awrt } 1.72$ awrt <u>1.72</u>									
	$n = 5 - 1 = 4 \triangleright \chi_4^2(0.05) = 9.488 \Rightarrow CR: X^2 \ge 9.488$ [not in the CR/not significant/Do not Reject H ₀ /Accept H ₀]									
	Conclude either:A correct conclusion in context• manager's claim is supportedA correct conclusion in context• that the mean number of reported first-aid incidents per 1000 employees is the same at each warehouse.and their χ^2 -critical value.									
(b)	Select <u>every 4th record</u> from warehouse <i>C</i> .									
	{having chosen the first record by} selecting a random number.									
		Question 4 Notes								
					Question					

Observed	Expected	$\frac{(O-E)^2}{E}$			
7.5	9.5	0.4210			
10	9.5	0.0263			
10.5	9.5	0.1108			
8.6	9.5	0.0730			
10.4	9.5	0.0959			
10.4	2.5	0.0202			
Can score B	Totals	0.727)B1A1ft (5 ou] t of 7)		
Can score B	Totals	0.727 $DB1A1ft (5 ou)$ $. used$ $(O - E)^{2}$]	
Can score B Expected va Observed	Totals	0.727 $DB1A1ft (5 out)$ $used$ $\frac{(O-E)^2}{E}$	$\frac{O^2}{E}$]	
Can score B Expected va Observed 7.5	Totals	0.727 DB1A1ft (5 ou . used $\frac{(O-E)^2}{E}$ 0.3948	$\frac{O^2}{E}$ 5.965		
Can score B Expected va Observed 7.5 10	Totals 1M1A0M1A0 lues of 9.43 Expected 9.43 9.43	0.727 $DB1A1ft (5 out)$ $used$ $\frac{(O-E)^2}{E}$ 0.3948 0.0345	$ \frac{O^2}{E} 5.965 10.6050 $		
Can score B Expected va Observed 7.5 10 10.5	Totals 1M1A0M1A0 lues of 9.43 Expected 9.43 9.43 9.43	0.727 $DB1A1ft (5 ou)$ $. used$ $\frac{(O-E)^2}{E}$ 0.3948 0.0345 0.1275	$ \begin{array}{c} \frac{O^2}{E} \\ 5.965 \\ 10.6050 \\ 11.7507 \end{array} $	-	
Can score B Expected va Observed 7.5 10 10.5 8.6	Totals 1M1A0M1A0 lues of 9.43 Expected 9.43 9.43 9.43 9.43	0.727 $DB1A1ft (5 out)$ $used$ $\frac{(O-E)^2}{E}$ 0.3948 0.0345 0.1275 0.0617	$ \begin{array}{c} \frac{O^2}{E} \\ 5.965 \\ 10.6050 \\ 11.7507 \\ 7.9655 \\ \end{array} $	-	
Can score B Expected va Observed 7.5 10 10.5	Totals 1M1A0M1A0 lues of 9.43 Expected 9.43 9.43 9.43	0.727 $DB1A1ft (5 ou)$ $. used$ $\frac{(O-E)^2}{E}$ 0.3948 0.0345 0.1275	$ \begin{array}{c} \frac{O^2}{E} \\ 5.965 \\ 10.6050 \\ 11.7507 \end{array} $	-	

Question Number		Scheme		Marks
5.	95% CI f	or <i>m</i> is (30.612, 31.788); <i>c</i> % CI for /	n is (30.66, 31.74)	
(a)	$\frac{2(1.96)s}{\sqrt{25}}$	$-=31.788 - 30.612 \{=1.176\}$	$\frac{2"z"s}{\sqrt{25}} = 31.788 - 30.612$	M1 oe
	N23		1.96	B1
	$\left\{ \Rightarrow S = \cdot \right.$	$\frac{(1.176)(5)}{2(1.96)} \Rightarrow \left\{ S = 1.5 \right.$	<i>S</i> = 1.5	A1
				[3]
(b)	$\frac{2z(1.5)}{\sqrt{25}} =$	= 31.74 - 30.66 {= 1.08}	$\frac{2z("1.5")}{\sqrt{25}} = 31.74 - 30.66$	M1 oe
	$z = \frac{(1.08)}{2("1)}$	$3)(5) \rightarrow z = 1.8$	<i>z</i> = 1.8	A1ft
	$\left\lfloor \frac{c}{100} = \right\rfloor$	2(0.9641)-1	2F(their "1.8") - 1 oe	M1
	$\triangleright c = 92$	2.8 (3sf)	awrt <u>92.8</u>	Al
				[4]
				7
			stion 5 Notes	
5. (a)	M1	Also allow M1 (oe) for $31.2 + \frac{\text{"their z}}{\sqrt{25}}$	$\frac{275}{2} = 31.778$, where $31.2 = \frac{30.612 + 31.778}{2}$	
(b)	1 st M1	Also allow M1 (oe) for $31.2 + \frac{z(\text{their})}{\sqrt{2}}$	$\frac{11.5"}{25} = 31.74$, where $31.2 = \frac{30.66 + 31.74}{2}$	
	1 st A1ft 2 nd M1 Note	For a correct (ft) expression using their awrt 0.928 implies this mark Use of 1.6449 gives $\sigma = 1.787$ and 1		ftM140)
	Note	Use of 1.6449 gives $\sigma = 1./8/$ and I	eads to $z = 1.51$ and $c = 86.9$ (3sf) (M1A1	$\pi MIA0)$

Question Number	Scheme		Marks
6.	<i>Y</i> has a continuous uniform distribution $[a - 3, a + 6]$		
(a)	E(Y) = $\frac{a+6+a-3}{2} \left\{ = \frac{(2a+3)}{2} \text{ or } a+\frac{3}{2} \right\}$		M1
	Var(Y) = $\frac{(a+6-a+3)^2}{12} \left\{ = \frac{81}{12} \text{ or } \frac{27}{4} \text{ or } 6.75 \right\}$	May be implied	M1
	$\overline{Y} \sim \mathrm{N}\!\left(a + rac{3}{2},rac{9}{80} ight)$	$N\left(a+\frac{3}{2},\frac{9}{80^{\frac{1}{7}}}\right)$	A1
			[3
(b)	$13.4 - 2.3263\sqrt{\frac{9}{80}} < m < 13.4 + 2.3263\sqrt{\frac{9}{80}}$	$13.4 \pm "z"$ (their $SE_{\overline{Y}}$)	M1
(0)	$13.4 - 2.3263\sqrt{\frac{1}{80}} < 11 < 13.4 + 2.3263\sqrt{\frac{1}{80}}$	2.3263	B1
	$13.4 - 2.3263\sqrt{\frac{9}{80}} < a + \frac{3}{2} < 13.4 + 2.3263\sqrt{\frac{9}{80}}$		
	$13.4 - 2.3263\sqrt{\frac{9}{80}} + 4.5 < a + 6 < 13.4 + 2.3263\sqrt{\frac{9}{80}} + 4.5$	$13.4 \pm "z"$ (their $SE_{\overline{y}}$) + 4.5	M1
	17.11973576 < <i>a</i> + 6 < 18.68026474	awrt (17.1, 18.7)	Al
			[4
	Alternative Method for part (b)		
(b)	$13.4 - 2.3263\sqrt{\frac{9}{80}} < m < 13.4 + 2.3263\sqrt{\frac{9}{80}}$	$13.4 \pm "z"$ (their $SE_{\overline{Y}}$)	M1
	180 180	2.3263	B1
	11.11973526 < <i>a</i> < 12.68026474		
	11.11973526+6 < a + 6 < 12.68026474+6	$13.4 \pm "z"$ (their $SE_{\bar{y}}$) - 1.5 + 6	M1
	17.11973576 < a + 6 < 18.68026474	awrt (17.1, 18.7)	A1
			[4
	Question 6 Notes		
(b)	1 st M1 The inequalities may be seen separately. For only cons (usually the upper tail) allow access to 1 st M1 only (so M1B1M A second division of their SE by 60 is 1 st M0		val

Question Number		Scheme	Marks
7. (i)	A N(2	$(21, 2^2)$, B N(32, 7 ²) and C N(45, 9 ²) A, B, C are independent.	
(a)	T = A +		
	E(T) = 1	21+32+45 or $Var(T) = 2^2 + 7^2 + 9^2$ A fully correct method of finding $E(T)$ or $Var(T)$	M1
	E(T) =	98 and $Var(T) = 134$ Both $E(T) = 98$ and $Var(T) = 134$	Al
	{So <i>T</i>	~ N(98,134)}	
	$\left\{\mathbf{P}(T > \mathbf{P})\right\}$	90)= } $P\left(Z > \frac{90 - 98}{\sqrt{134}}\right)$ Standardising (±) with their mean and their standard deviation	M1
		= P(Z > -0.69109)	
		= 0.7549 (or 0.75525) awrt <u>0.755</u>	A1
	([4]
(b)	$\{\mathbf{P}(A >$	$B) = P(A - B > 0) \Big\}$	
	,	$B = 21 - 32 \text{ or } Var(T) = 2^2 + 7^2$ A fully correct method of finding $E(A - B)$ or $Var(A - B)$	M1
	`````	B) = -11 and $Var(A - B) = 53$ Both $E(A - B) = -11$ and $Var(A - B) = 53$	A1
	{So <i>A</i> -	<i>B</i> N(-11, 53)}	
	$\Big\{ \mathbf{P}(A - \mathbf{x}) \Big\}$	$B > 0) \} \Rightarrow P\left(Z > \frac{011}{\sqrt{53}}\right)$ Standardising (±) with their mean and their standard deviation	M1
		= P(Z > 1.510966)	
		$= 0.06539855\frac{1}{4} \text{ (or } 0.0655) \qquad \qquad \underline{0.0655} \text{ or awrt } \underline{0.0654}$	A1
	( (		[4]
(ii)	$\Big\{ P \Big( X_1 > \Big) \Big\}$	$\overline{X} + kS = 0.1 \bowtie P(X_1 - \overline{X} > kS) = 0.1$	
	$X_1 - \overline{X};$	$\left\{ = X_1 - \frac{(X_1 + X_2 + X_3 + X_4)}{4} = \frac{3X_1 - (X_2 + X_3 + X_4)}{4} \right\}$ For attempting to find the distribution of $X_1 - \overline{X}$	M1
	$E(X_1 - $	$\overline{X}$ ) = 0 Correct mean	A1
	$\mathbf{L}(\mathbf{A}_1 - \mathbf{A}_1)$		
	$\operatorname{Var}(X_1)$	$-\overline{X} = \frac{9\sigma^2 + 3\sigma^2}{4^2}; \Rightarrow X_1 - \overline{X} \sim N(0, 0.75\sigma^2) - \frac{\text{Correct expression for } \text{Var}(X_1 - \overline{X})}{X_1 - \overline{X} - N(0, 0.75\sigma^2)}$	dM1 A1
		$\overline{X} > kS = 0.1 \Rightarrow P\left(Z > \frac{kS - 0}{\sqrt{0.75S^2}}\right) = 0.1$	
	l		
	So, $\frac{k}{\sqrt{0}}$	Standardising using their $\sqrt{Var(X_1 - \overline{X})}$ . = 1.2816 Note that S must cancel and equating to a z-value, $ z  > 1$ .	M1
	v 0.	1.2816	B1
	$\begin{cases} k = \sqrt{0} \end{cases}$	$(1.2816)$ $\triangleright k = 1.109898157$ awrt $1.11$	Al
	·\ 	,,	[7]
		Question 7 Notes	15
<b>7.</b> (i) (a)	1 st M1	Can be implied by either a correct $E(T)$ or $Var(T)$	
(i) (b)		Allow equivalent method using $B - A < 0$	
(ii)	Final A1	Dependent upon all previous M marks in (ii)	

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