

Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information

Candidate surname

Other names

Pearson Edexcel
International
Advanced Level

Centre Number

Candidate Number

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Wednesday 22 January 2020

Morning (Time: 1 hour 30 minutes)

Paper Reference **WME02/01**

Mathematics

International Advanced Subsidiary/Advanced Level Mechanics M2

You must have:

Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables (Blue), calculator

Total Marks

**Candidates may use any calculator permitted by Pearson regulations.
Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation,
differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical
formulae stored in them.**

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B).
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
– *there may be more space than you need*.
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear.
Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Whenever a numerical value of g is required, take $g = 9.8 \text{ m s}^{-2}$, and give your answer to either 2 significant figures or 3 significant figures.

Information

- A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.
- There are 8 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question*.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.
- If you change your mind about an answer, cross it out and put your new answer and any working underneath.

Turn over ▶

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1. A cyclist and his bicycle have a total mass of 75 kg. The cyclist is moving down a straight road that is inclined at an angle α to the horizontal, where $\sin \alpha = \frac{1}{15}$

The cyclist is working at a constant rate of 56W. The magnitude of the resistance to motion is modelled as a constant force of magnitude 40N. At the instant when the speed of the cyclist is $V \text{ ms}^{-1}$, his acceleration is $\frac{1}{3} \text{ ms}^{-2}$

Find the value of V .

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Q1

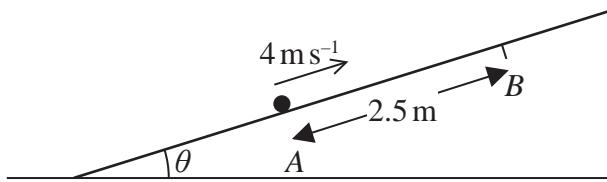
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**Figure 1**

A rough straight ramp is fixed to horizontal ground. The ramp is inclined at an angle θ to the horizontal, where $\sin \theta = \frac{1}{7}$. The points A and B are on a line of greatest slope of the ramp with $AB = 2.5 \text{ m}$ and B above A , as shown in Figure 1. A package of mass 2kg is projected up the ramp from A with speed 4 m s^{-1} and first comes to instantaneous rest at B . The coefficient of friction between the package and the ramp is μ . The package is modelled as a particle.

Use the work-energy principle to find the value of μ .

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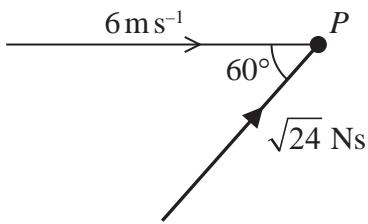
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**Figure 2**

A particle P of mass 0.75 kg is moving along a straight line on a horizontal surface. At the instant when the speed of P is 6 m s^{-1} , it receives an impulse of magnitude $\sqrt{24} \text{ Ns}$. The impulse acts in the plane of the horizontal surface. At the instant when P receives the impulse, the line of action of the impulse makes an angle of 60° with the direction of motion of P , as shown in Figure 2.

Find

- the speed of P immediately after receiving the impulse,
- the size of the angle between the direction of motion of P immediately before receiving the impulse and the direction of motion of P immediately after receiving the impulse.

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Q3**(Total 7 marks)**

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[The centre of mass of a uniform semicircular lamina of radius r is $\frac{4r}{3\pi}$ from the centre.]

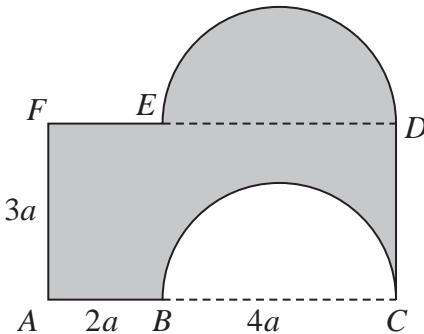


Figure 3

The uniform rectangular lamina $ABCDEF$ has sides $AC = FD = 6a$ and $AF = CD = 3a$. The point B lies on AC with $AB = 2a$ and the point E lies on FD with $FE = 2a$.

The template, T , shown shaded in Figure 3, is formed by removing the semicircular lamina with diameter BC from the rectangular lamina and then fixing this semicircular lamina to the opposite side, FD , of the rectangular lamina. The diameter of the semicircular lamina coincides with ED and the semicircular arc ED is outside the rectangle $ABCDEF$. All points of T lie in the same plane.

- (a) Show that the centre of mass of T is a distance $\left(\frac{9 + 2\pi}{6}\right)a$ from AC . (4)

The mass of T is M . A particle of mass kM is attached to T at C . The loaded template is freely suspended from A and hangs in equilibrium with AF at angle ϕ to the downward vertical through A .

Given that $\tan \phi = \frac{3}{2}$

- (b) find the value of k . (6)



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5. At time t seconds ($t \geq 0$), a particle P has velocity $\mathbf{v} \text{ m s}^{-1}$, where

$$\mathbf{v} = (3t^2 - 4)\mathbf{i} + (2t - 4)\mathbf{j}$$

When $t = 0$, P is at the fixed point O .

- (a) Find the acceleration of P at the instant when $t = 0$ (2)
- (b) Find the exact speed of P at the instant when P is moving in the direction of the vector $(11\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j})$ for the second time. (4)
- (c) Show that P never returns to O . (4)

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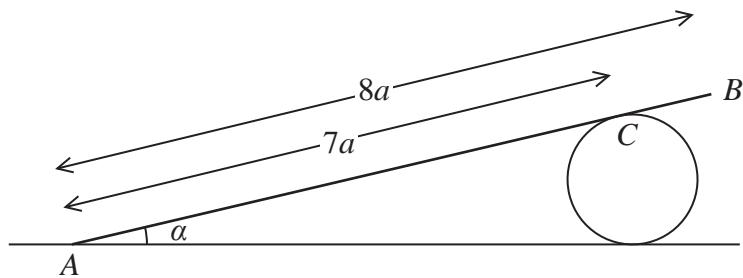


Figure 4

A uniform rod, AB , of weight W and length $8a$, rests in equilibrium with the end A on rough horizontal ground. The rod rests on a smooth cylinder. The cylinder is fixed to the ground with its axis horizontal. The point of contact between the rod and the cylinder is C , where $AC = 7a$, as shown in Figure 4. The rod is resting in a vertical plane that is perpendicular to the axis of the cylinder. The rod makes an angle α with the horizontal.

- (a) Show that the normal reaction of the ground on the rod at A has

$$\text{magnitude } W \left(1 - \frac{4}{7} \cos^2 \alpha \right) \quad (6)$$

Given that the coefficient of friction between the rod and the ground is μ and that $\cos \alpha = \frac{3}{\sqrt{10}}$

- (b) find the range of possible values of μ .

(5)



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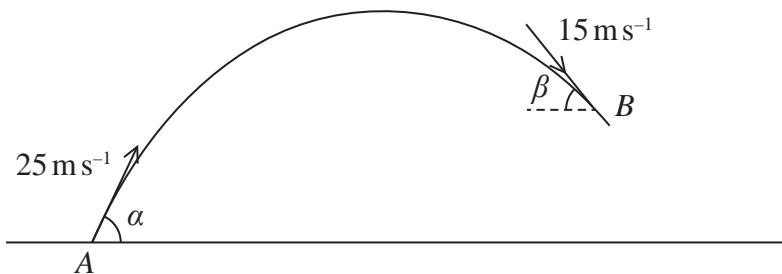
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**Figure 5**

At time $t = 0$ a particle P is projected from a fixed point A on horizontal ground. The particle is projected with speed 25 m s^{-1} at an angle α to the ground. The particle moves freely under gravity. At time $t = 3$ seconds, P is passing through the point B with speed 15 m s^{-1} and is moving downwards at an angle β to the horizontal, as shown in Figure 5.

- (a) By considering energy, find the height of B above the ground. (3)
- (b) Find the size of angle α . (3)
- (c) Find the size of angle β . (3)
- (d) Find the least speed of P as P travels from A to B . (2)
- (e) Find the value of T . (3)



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8. A particle *A* has mass $4m$ and a particle *B* has mass $3m$. The particles are moving along the same straight line on a smooth horizontal plane. They are moving in opposite directions towards each other and collide directly.

Immediately before the collision the speed of *A* is $2u$ and the speed of *B* is $3u$.

The direction of motion of each particle is reversed by the collision.

The total kinetic energy lost in the collision is $\frac{473}{24}mu^2$

Find

- (i) the coefficient of restitution between *A* and *B*,
- (ii) the magnitude of the impulse received by *A* in the collision.

(12)

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