

Write your name here

Surname

Other names

**Pearson Edexcel**  
**International**  
**Advanced Level**

Centre Number

--	--	--	--	--

Candidate Number

--	--	--	--

# Mechanics M1

## Advanced/Advanced Subsidiary

Monday 23 January 2017 – Afternoon

**Time: 1 hour 30 minutes**

Paper Reference

**WME01/01****You must have:**

Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables (Blue)

Total Marks

**Candidates may use any calculator allowed by the regulations of the Joint Council for Qualifications. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.**

### Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B). Coloured pencils and highlighter pens must not be used.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided  
– *there may be more space than you need.*
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear. Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Whenever a numerical value of  $g$  is required, take  $g = 9.8 \text{ m s}^{-2}$ , and give your answer to either two significant figures or three significant figures.
- When a calculator is used, the answer should be given to an appropriate degree of accuracy.

### Information

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets  
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

### Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ►

P48326A

©2017 Pearson Education Ltd.

1/1/1/



Pearson

Leave  
blank

1. A train moves along a straight horizontal track between two stations  $R$  and  $S$ . Initially the train is at rest at  $R$ . The train accelerates uniformly at  $\frac{1}{2} \text{ m s}^{-2}$  from rest at  $R$  until it is moving with speed  $15 \text{ m s}^{-1}$ . For the next 200 seconds the train maintains a constant speed of  $15 \text{ m s}^{-1}$ . The train then decelerates uniformly at  $\frac{1}{4} \text{ m s}^{-2}$  until it comes to rest at  $S$ .

Find

- (a) the time taken by the train to travel from  $R$  to  $S$ , (3)
- (b) the distance from  $R$  to  $S$ , (4)
- (c) the average speed of the train during the journey from  $R$  to  $S$ . (2)

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA



















Leave blank

6.

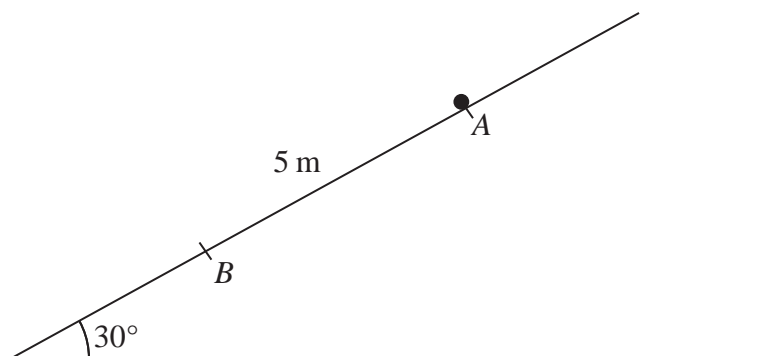


Figure 3

A particle  $P$  of mass  $4\text{ kg}$  is held at rest at the point  $A$  on a rough plane which is inclined at  $30^\circ$  to the horizontal. The point  $B$  lies on the line of greatest slope of the plane that passes through  $A$ . The point  $B$  is  $5\text{ m}$  down the plane from  $A$ , as shown in Figure 3. The coefficient of friction between the plane and  $P$  is  $0.3$

The particle is released from rest at  $A$  and slides down the plane.

(a) Find the speed of  $P$  at the instant it reaches  $B$ .

(7)

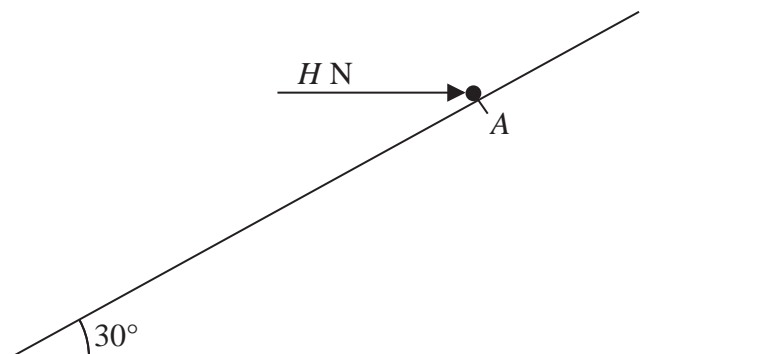


Figure 4

The particle is now returned to  $A$  and is held in equilibrium by a horizontal force of magnitude  $H$  newtons, as shown in Figure 4. The line of action of the force lies in the vertical plane containing the line of greatest slope of the plane through  $A$ . The particle is on the point of moving up the plane.

(b) Find the value of  $H$ .

(7)

---



---



---



---



---



---



DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA



Leave blank

7.

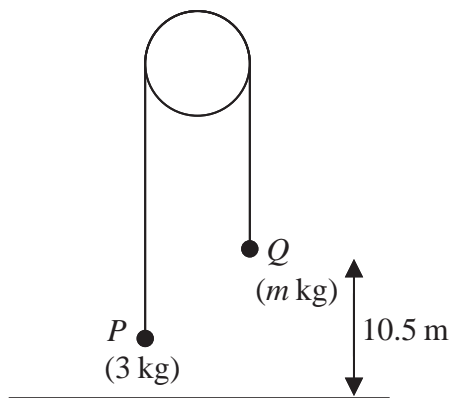


Figure 5

Two particles  $P$  and  $Q$  have masses  $3\text{ kg}$  and  $m\text{ kg}$  respectively ( $m > 3$ ). The particles are connected by a light inextensible string which passes over a smooth light fixed pulley. The system is held at rest with the string taut and the hanging parts of the string vertical. The particle  $Q$  is at a height of  $10.5\text{ m}$  above the horizontal ground, as shown in Figure 5. The system is released from rest and  $Q$  moves downwards. In the subsequent motion  $P$  does not reach the pulley. After the system is released, the tension in the string is  $33.6\text{ N}$ .

(a) Show that the magnitude of the acceleration of  $P$  is  $1.4\text{ m s}^{-2}$ . (3)

(b) Find the value of  $m$ . (3)

The system is released from rest at time  $t = 0$ . At time  $T_1$  seconds after release,  $Q$  strikes the ground and does not rebound. The string goes slack and  $P$  continues to move upwards.

(c) Find the value of  $T_1$  (3)

At time  $T_2$  seconds after release,  $P$  comes to instantaneous rest.

(d) Find the value of  $T_2$  (3)

At time  $T_3$  seconds after release ( $T_3 > T_1$ ) the string becomes taut again.

(e) Sketch a velocity-time graph for the motion of  $P$  in the interval  $0 \leq t \leq T_3$  (2)

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA



