Write your name here		
Surname	Other na	nmes
Pearson Edexcel Level 3 GCE	Centre Number	Candidate Number
Further M Advanced Subsidiary Further Mathematics of Further Pure Mathemat	otions	tics
Sample Assessment Material for first t Time: 50 minutes	eaching September 2017	Paper Reference 8FM0/2B
You must have: Mathematical Formulae and Sta	atistical Tables, calculato	r Total Marks

Candidates may use any calculator permitted by Pearson regulations. Calculators must not have the facility for algebraic manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.

Instructions

- Use black ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B).
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 - there may be more space than you need.
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear.
 Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Answers should be given to three significant figures unless otherwise stated.

Information

- A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.
- There are 5 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 40.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets
 - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ▶

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Answer ALL questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

1. (a) Use the substitution $t = \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$ to show that

$$\sec x - \tan x \equiv \frac{1-t}{1+t} \qquad x \neq (2n+1)\frac{1}{2}, \ n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

(3)

(b) Use the substitution $t = \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$ and the answer to part (a) to prove that

$$\frac{1-\sin x}{1+\sin x} \equiv (\sec x - \tan x)^2 \qquad x \neq (2n+1)\frac{1}{2}, \ n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

(3)

Question 1 continued	
	(Total for Question 1 is 6 marks)
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2. The value, *V* hundred pounds, of a particular stock *t* hours after the opening of trading on a given day is modelled by the differential equation

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}V}{\mathrm{d}t} = \frac{V^2 - t}{t^2 + tV} \qquad 0 < t < 8.5$$

A trader purchases £300 of the stock one hour after the opening of trading.

Use two iterations of the approximation formula $\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)_0 \approx \frac{y_1 - y_0}{h}$ to estimate, to the nearest £, the value of the trader's stock half an hour after it was purchased.

(6)

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	Question 2 continued
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(Total for Question 2 is 6 marks)

3. Use algebra to find the set of values of <i>x</i>	for which	
	$\frac{1}{x} < \frac{x}{x+2}$	
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Question 3 continued	
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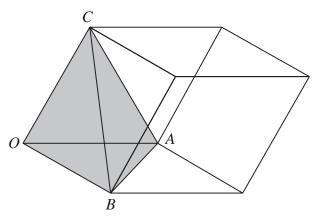


Figure 1

Figure 1 shows a sketch of a solid sculpture made of glass and concrete. The sculpture is modelled as a parallelepiped.

The sculpture is made up of a concrete solid in the shape of a tetrahedron, shown shaded in Figure 1, whose vertices are O(0, 0, 0), A(2, 0, 0), B(0, 3, 1) and C(1, 1, 2), where the units are in metres. The rest of the solid parallelepiped is made of glass which is glued to the concrete tetrahedron.

(a) Find the surface area of the glued face of the tetrahedron.

(4)

(b) Find the volume of glass contained in this parallelepiped.

(5)

(c) Give a reason why the volume of concrete predicted by this model may not be an accurate value for the volume of concrete that was used to make the sculpture.

(1)

Question 4 continued	
	(Total for Question 4 is 10 ma

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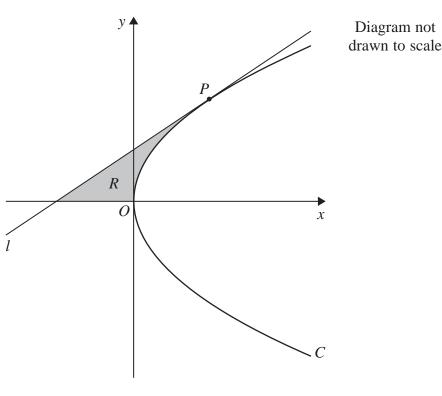


Figure 2

You may quote without proof that for the general parabola $y^2 = 4ax$, $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2a}{y}$

The parabola C has equation $y^2 = 16x$.

(a) Deduce that the point $P(4p^2, 8p)$ is a general point on C.

(1)

The line l is the tangent to C at the point P.

(b) Show that an equation for l is

$$py = x + 4p^2 \tag{3}$$

The finite region R, shown shaded in Figure 2, is bounded by the line l, the x-axis and the parabola C.

The line *l* intersects the directrix of *C* at the point *B*, where the *y* coordinate of *B* is $\frac{10}{3}$ Given that p > 0

(c) show that the area of *R* is 36

(8)

Question 5 continue	ed		

Question 5 continued

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	TOTAL IS 40 MARKS