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Pearson Edexcel Level 3 GCE

Thursday 25 May 2023

Afternoon
(Time: 1 hour 30 minutes)

Paper reference **9FM0/01**

Further Mathematics

Advanced

PAPER 1: Core Pure Mathematics 1

You must have:
Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables (Green), calculator

Total Marks

Candidates may use any calculator permitted by Pearson regulations. Calculators must not have the facility for algebraic manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B).
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
– *there may be more space than you need.*
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear. Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Inexact answers should be given to three significant figures unless otherwise stated.

Information

- A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.
- There are 8 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ►

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1. The cubic equation

$$x^3 - 7x^2 - 12x + 6 = 0$$

has roots α , β and γ .

Without solving the equation, determine a cubic equation whose roots are $(\alpha + 2)$, $(\beta + 2)$ and $(\gamma + 2)$, giving your answer in the form $w^3 + pw^2 + qw + r = 0$, where p , q and r are integers to be found.

(5)

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4. Prove by induction that for $n \in \mathbb{N}$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^n = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2n \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

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7.

In this question you must show all stages of your working.

Solutions relying on calculator technology are not acceptable.

(a) Explain why, for $n \in \mathbb{N}$

$$\sum_{r=1}^{2n} (-1)^r f(r) = \sum_{r=1}^n (f(2r) - f(2r-1))$$

for any function $f(r)$.

(2)

(b) Use the standard summation formulae to show that, for $n \in \mathbb{N}$

$$\sum_{r=1}^{2n} r((-1)^r + 2r)^2 = n(2n+1)(8n^2 + 4n + 5)$$

(6)

(c) Hence evaluate

$$\sum_{r=14}^{50} r((-1)^r + 2r)^2$$

(4)

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8. A colony of small mammals is being studied.
In the study, the mammals are divided into 3 categories

N (newborns)	0 to less than 1 month old
J (juveniles)	1 to 3 months old
B (breeders)	over 3 months old

- (a) State one limitation of the model regarding the division into these categories. (1)

A model for the population of the colony is given by the matrix equation

$$\begin{pmatrix} N_{n+1} \\ J_{n+1} \\ B_{n+1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 2 \\ a & b & 0 \\ 0 & 0.48 & 0.96 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} N_n \\ J_n \\ B_n \end{pmatrix}$$

where a and b are constants, and N_n , J_n and B_n are the respective numbers of the mammals in each category n months after the start of the study.

At the start of the study the colony has breeders only, with no newborns or juveniles.

According to the model, after 2 months the number of newborns is 48 and the number of juveniles is 40

- (b) (i) Determine the number of mammals in the colony at the start of the study.
(ii) Show that $a = 0.8$ (4)
- (c) Determine, in terms of b ,

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0.8 & b & 0 \\ 0 & 0.48 & 0.96 \end{pmatrix}^{-1}$$

(3)

Given that the model predicts approximately 1015 mammals **in total** at the start of a particular month, and approximately 596 **newborns**, 464 **juveniles** and 437 **breeders** at the start of the next month,

- (d) determine the value of b , giving your answer to 2 decimal places. (3)

It is decided to monitor the number of **newborn** males and females as a part of the study. Assuming that 42% of newborns are male,

- (e) refine the matrix equation for the model to reflect this information, giving a reason for your answer.
(There is no need to estimate any unknown values for the refined model, but any known values should be made clear.) (2)



