



## Cambridge International AS & A Level

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**MATHEMATICS**

**9709/62**

Paper 6 Probability & Statistics 2

**October/November 2020**

**1 hour 15 minutes**

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: List of formulae (MF19)

### INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **all** questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- If additional space is needed, you should use the lined page at the end of this booklet; the question number or numbers must be clearly shown.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You must show all necessary working clearly; no marks will be given for unsupported answers from a calculator.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

### INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 50.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [ ].

This document has **16** pages. Blank pages are indicated.



2 A six-sided die has faces marked 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6. When the die is thrown 300 times it shows a six on 56 throws.

(a) Calculate an approximate 96% confidence interval for the probability that the die shows a six on one throw. [3]

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(b) Maroulla claims that the die is biased.  
Use your answer to part (a) to comment on this claim. [1]

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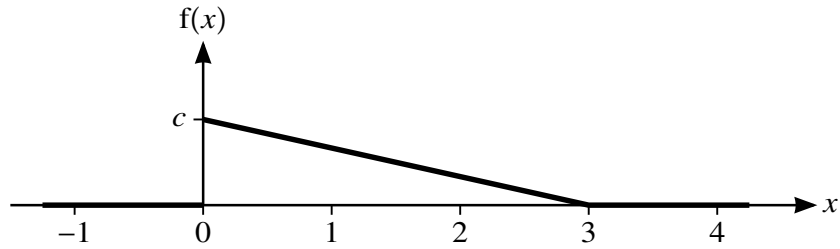
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3



A random variable  $X$  takes values between 0 and 3 only and has probability density function as shown in the diagram, where  $c$  is a constant.

(a) Show that  $c = \frac{2}{3}$ . [1]

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(b) Find  $P(X > 2)$ . [2]

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5 Customers arrive at a shop at a constant average rate of 2.3 per minute.

- (a) State another condition for the number of customers arriving per minute to have a Poisson distribution. [1]

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It is now given that the number of customers arriving per minute has the distribution  $Po(2.3)$ .

- (b) Find the probability that exactly 3 customers arrive during a 1-minute period. [2]

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- (c) Find the probability that more than 3 customers arrive during a 2-minute period. [3]

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