CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

General Certificate of Education Advanced Subsidiary Level and Advanced Level
Advanced International Certificate of Education

MATHEMATICS 9709/06 STATISTICS 0390/06

Paper 6 Probability & Statistics 1 (S1)

May/June 2003

1 hour 15 minutes

Additional materials: Answer Booklet/Paper

Graph paper

List of Formulae (MF9)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

If you have been given an Answer Booklet, follow the instructions on the front cover of the Booklet.

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen on both sides of the paper.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer all the questions.

Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place in the case of angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total number of marks for this paper is 50.

Questions carrying smaller numbers of marks are printed earlier in the paper, and questions carrying larger numbers of marks later in the paper.

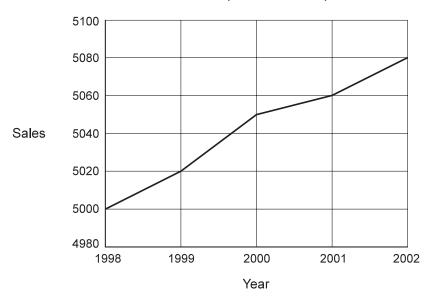
The use of an electronic calculator is expected, where appropriate.

You are reminded of the need for clear presentation in your answers.

[Turn over

1 (i)





The diagram represents the sales of Superclene toothpaste over the last few years. Give a reason why it is misleading. [1]

(ii) The following data represent the daily ticket sales at a small theatre during three weeks.

52, 73, 34, 85, 62, 79, 89, 50, 45, 83, 84, 91, 85, 84, 87, 44, 86, 41, 35, 73, 86.

- (a) Construct a stem-and-leaf diagram to illustrate the data. [3]
- (b) Use your diagram to find the median of the data. [1]
- 2 A box contains 10 pens of which 3 are new. A random sample of two pens is taken.
 - (i) Show that the probability of getting exactly one new pen in the sample is $\frac{7}{15}$. [2]
 - (ii) Construct a probability distribution table for the number of new pens in the sample. [3]
 - (iii) Calculate the expected number of new pens in the sample. [1]
- 3 (i) The height of sunflowers follows a normal distribution with mean 112 cm and standard deviation 17.2 cm. Find the probability that the height of a randomly chosen sunflower is greater than 120 cm. [3]
 - (ii) When a new fertiliser is used, the height of sunflowers follows a normal distribution with mean 115 cm. Given that 80% of the heights are now greater than 103 cm, find the standard deviation.

- **4** Kamal has 30 hens. The probability that any hen lays an egg on any day is 0.7. Hens do not lay more than one egg per day, and the days on which a hen lays an egg are independent.
 - (i) Calculate the probability that, on any particular day, Kamal's hens lay exactly 24 eggs. [2]
 - (ii) Use a suitable approximation to calculate the probability that Kamal's hens lay fewer than 20 eggs on any particular day. [5]
- 5 A committee of 5 people is to be chosen from 6 men and 4 women. In how many ways can this be done
 - (i) if there must be 3 men and 2 women on the committee, [2]
 - (ii) if there must be more men than women on the committee, [3]
 - (iii) if there must be 3 men and 2 women, and one particular woman refuses to be on the committee with one particular man? [3]
- 6 The people living in 3 houses are classified as children (C), parents (P) or grandparents (G). The numbers living in each house are shown in the table below.

House number 1	House number 2	House number 3	
4C, 1P, 2G	2C, 2P, 3G	1 <i>C</i> , 1 <i>G</i>	

- (i) All the people in all 3 houses meet for a party. One person at the party is chosen at random. Calculate the probability of choosing a grandparent. [2]
- (ii) A house is chosen at random. Then a person in that house is chosen at random. Using a tree diagram, or otherwise, calculate the probability that the person chosen is a grandparent. [3]
- (iii) Given that the person chosen by the method in part (ii) is a grandparent, calculate the probability that there is also a parent living in the house. [4]
- A random sample of 97 people who own mobile phones was used to collect data on the amount of time they spent per day on their phones. The results are displayed in the table below.

Time spent per day (t minutes)	0 ≤ <i>t</i> < 5	5 ≤ <i>t</i> < 10	$10 \leqslant t < 20$	20 ≤ <i>t</i> < 30	$30 \leqslant t < 40$	$40 \leqslant t < 70$
Number of people	11	20	32	18	10	6

- (i) Calculate estimates of the mean and standard deviation of the time spent per day on these mobile phones. [5]
- (ii) On graph paper, draw a fully labelled histogram to represent the data. [4]

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