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# AS FURTHER MATHEMATICS

Paper 2 – Mechanics

Thursday 17 May 2018

Afternoon

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

### Materials

- You must have the AQA formulae and statistical tables booklet for A-level Mathematics and A-level Further Mathematics.
- You should have a scientific calculator that meets the requirements of the specification. (You may use a graphical calculator.)
- You must ensure you have the other optional Question Paper/Answer Book for which you are entered (**either** Discrete **or** Statistics). You will have 1 hour 30 minutes to complete **both** papers.

### Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Pencil should only be used for drawing.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer **all** questions.
- You must answer each question in the space provided for that question. If you require extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do **not** write outside the box around each page.
- Show all necessary working; otherwise marks for method may be lost.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

### Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 40.

### Advice

- Unless stated otherwise, you may quote formulae, without proof, from the booklet.
- You do not necessarily need to use all the space provided.

For Examiner's Use	
Question	Mark
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
<b>TOTAL</b>	



Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided.

- 1** A particle  $A$ , of mass  $0.2\text{ kg}$ , collides with a particle  $B$ , of mass  $0.3\text{ kg}$

Immediately before the collision, the velocity of  $A$  is  $\begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix} \text{ m s}^{-1}$

and the velocity of  $B$  is  $\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix} \text{ m s}^{-1}$

As a result of the collision the particles coalesce to become a single particle.

Find the velocity of the single particle.

Circle your answer.

**[1 mark]**

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0.5 \\ 1.5 \end{bmatrix} \text{ m s}^{-1}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} \text{ m s}^{-1}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \text{ m s}^{-1}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix} \text{ m s}^{-1}$$

- 2** A train is travelling at maximum speed with its engine using its maximum power of  $1800\text{ kW}$

When travelling at this speed the train experiences a total resistive force of  $40\,000\text{ N}$

Find the maximum speed of the train.

Circle your answer.

**[1 mark]**

$$22\text{ m s}^{-1}$$

$$45\text{ m s}^{-1}$$

$$54\text{ m s}^{-1}$$

$$90\text{ m s}^{-1}$$



**3** The kinetic energy,  $E$ , of a compound pendulum is given by

$$E = \frac{1}{2}I\omega^2$$

where  $\omega$  is the angular speed and  $I$  is a quantity called the moment of inertia.

**3 (a)** Show that for this formula to be dimensionally consistent then  $I$  must have dimensions  $ML^2$ , where  $M$  represents mass and  $L$  represents length.

**[2 marks]**

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**3 (b)** The time,  $T$ , taken for one complete swing of a pendulum is thought to depend on its moment of inertia,  $I$ , its weight,  $W$ , and the distance,  $h$ , of the centre of mass of the pendulum from the point of suspension.

The formula being proposed is

$$T = kI^\alpha W^\beta h^\gamma$$

where  $k$  is a dimensionless constant.

Determine the values of  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  and  $\gamma$ .

**[3 marks]**

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Turn over ►









**5 (b)** Gary assumes that on a wet day typical values for friction,  $F$ , are

$$5400 \text{ N} \leq F \leq 10\,000 \text{ N}$$

Comment on the validity of Gary's revised assumption.

**[2 marks]**

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**Turn over for the next question**

**Turn over ►**



- 6** At a fairground a dodgem car is moving in a straight horizontal line towards a side wall that is perpendicular to the velocity of the car.

The speed of the car is  $1.8 \text{ m s}^{-1}$

It collides with the side wall and rebounds along its original path with a speed of  $1.2 \text{ m s}^{-1}$

The total mass of the dodgem car and the passengers is 250 kg

- 6 (a)** Find the magnitude of the impulse on the car during the collision with the side wall. **[2 marks]**

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- 6 (b)** A possible model for the magnitude of the force,  $F$  newtons, acting on the dodgem car due to its collision with the side wall is given by

$$F = kt(4 - 5t) \quad \text{for } 0 \leq t \leq 0.8$$

- 6 (b) (i)** Find the value of  $k$ . **[3 marks]**

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**6 (b) (ii)** Determine the maximum magnitude of the force predicted by the model.

**[2 marks]**

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**Turn over for the next question**

**Turn over ►**



**7 Use  $g$  as  $9.8 \text{ m s}^{-2}$  in this question.**

Dominic, a bungee jumper of mass  $75 \text{ kg}$ , has his ankles attached to one end of a cord. The other end of the cord is attached to a bridge which is  $50 \text{ metres}$  above the surface of a river.

The cord can be modelled as a light elastic cord of natural length  $25 \text{ metres}$  and modulus of elasticity  $3200 \text{ N}$ . Dominic is modelled as a particle.

Dominic steps off the bridge at the point where the cord is attached and falls vertically downwards.

**7 (a)** Find Dominic's speed at the point when the cord initially becomes taut.

**[2 marks]**

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**7 (b)** Determine whether or not Dominic enters the river and gets wet.

**[5 marks]**

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**7 (c)** One limitation of this model is that Dominic is not a particle.

Explain the effect of revising this assumption on your answer to part (b).

**[2 marks]**

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**END OF QUESTIONS**



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ANSWER IN THE SPACES PROVIDED**









Question number	<b>Additional page, if required.</b> <b>Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.</b>
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