

- (c) State one refinement that could be made to the model, apart from air resistance, that would make the model more realistic.
- (1)**

This image shows a single sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

2.

At time $t = 0$, a small stone is projected vertically upwards with speed $U \text{ m s}^{-1}$ from the point A.

At time $t = T$ seconds, the stone hits the ground.

The speed of the stone as it hits the ground is 10 m s^{-1}

In an initial model of the motion of the stone as it moves from A to where it hits the ground

- the stone is modelled as a particle moving freely under gravity
- the acceleration due to gravity is modelled as having magnitude 10 m s^{-2}**

Using the model,

(a) find the value of U ,

(3)

(b) find the value of T . (2)

(c) Suggest one refinement, apart from including air resistance, that would make the model more realistic.

In reality the stone will not move freely under gravity and will be subject to air resistance.

(d) Explain how this would affect your answer to part (a). (1)

(1)

At time $t = 0$, P is moving with velocity $4\mathbf{i} \text{ m s}^{-1}$

(2)

(b) Find the position vector of P relative to O at time $t = 3$ seconds.

(2)

The car then accelerates along the road with a constant acceleration of 3.2 m s^{-2}

(a) the speed of the car after 5 s,

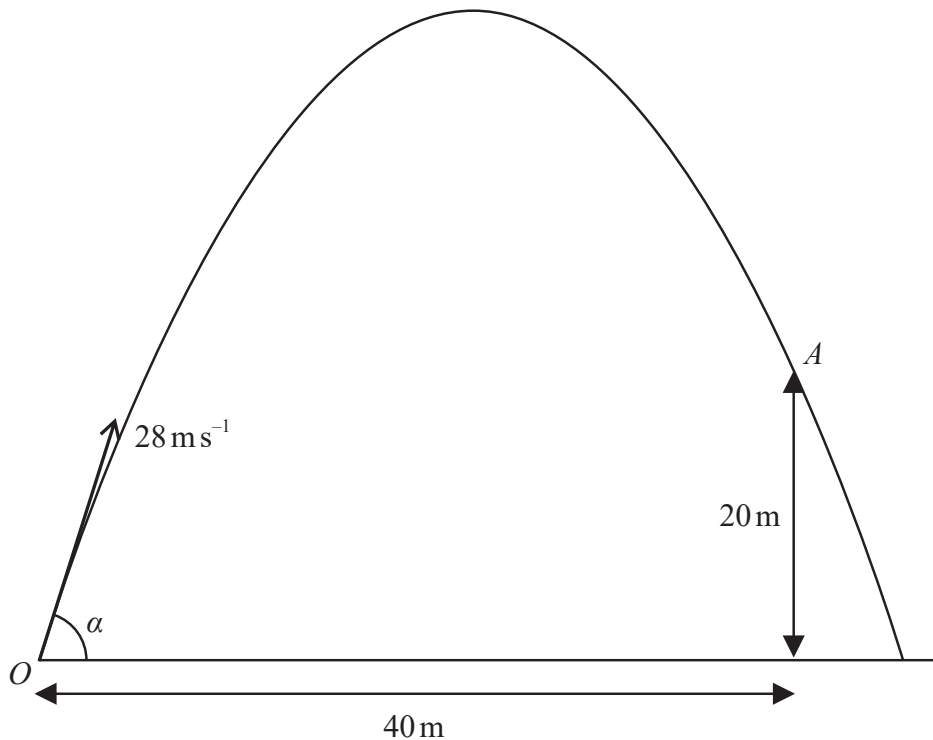
(1)

(b) the distance travelled by the car in the first 5 s.

(2)

(3)

7.

**Figure 2**

A small ball is projected with speed 28 m s^{-1} from a point O on horizontal ground.

After moving for T seconds, the ball passes through the point A .

The point A is 40 m horizontally and 20 m vertically from the point O , as shown in Figure 2.

The motion of the ball from O to A is modelled as that of a particle moving freely under gravity.

Given that the ball is projected at an angle α to the ground, use the model to

(a) show that $T = \frac{10}{7 \cos \alpha}$ (2)

(b) show that $\tan^2 \alpha - 4 \tan \alpha + 3 = 0$ (5)

(c) find the greatest possible height, in metres, of the ball above the ground as the ball moves from O to A . (3)

The model does not include air resistance.

(d) State one other limitation of the model. (1)
