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1. The rudder on a ship is modelled as a uniform plane lamina having the same shape as the region R which is enclosed between the curve with equation $y = 2x - x^2$ and the x -axis.

(a) Show that the area of R is $\frac{4}{3}$. **(4)**

(b) Find the coordinates of the centre of mass of the lamina. **(5)**



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2. An open container C is modelled as a thin uniform hollow cylinder of radius h and height h with a base but no lid. The centre of the base is O .

(a) Show that the distance of the centre of mass of C from O is $\frac{1}{3}h$. **(5)**

The container is filled with uniform liquid. Given that the mass of the container is M and the mass of the liquid is M ,

(b) find the distance of the centre of mass of the filled container from O . **(5)**



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4. A light inextensible string of length l has one end attached to a fixed point A . The other end is attached to a particle P of mass m . The particle moves with constant speed v in a horizontal circle with the string taut. The centre of the circle is vertically below A and the radius of the circle is r .

Show that

$$gr^2 = v^2 \sqrt{(l^2 - r^2)}. \quad (9)$$



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Question 5 continued

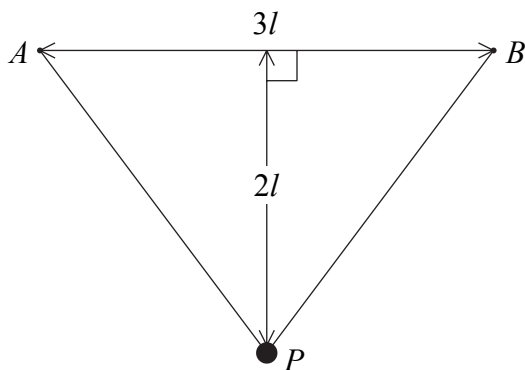
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7.

Figure 1



A light elastic string, of natural length $3l$ and modulus of elasticity λ , has its ends attached to two points A and B , where $AB = 3l$ and AB is horizontal. A particle P of mass m is attached to the mid-point of the string. Given that P rests in equilibrium at a distance $2l$ below AB , as shown in Figure 1,

(a) show that $\lambda = \frac{15mg}{16}$. **(9)**

The particle is pulled vertically downwards from its equilibrium position until the total length of the elastic string is $7.8l$. The particle is released from rest.

(b) Show that P comes to instantaneous rest on the line AB . **(6)**



