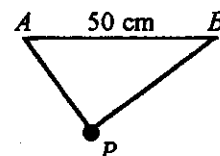


**MECHANICS (A) UNIT 3****TEST PAPER 10**

Take  $g = 9.8 \text{ ms}^{-2}$  and give all answers correct to 3 significant figures where necessary.

1. A cyclist travels on a banked track inclined at  $8^\circ$  to the horizontal. He moves in a horizontal circle of radius 10 m at a constant speed of  $v \text{ ms}^{-1}$ . If there is no sideways frictional force on the cycle, calculate the value of  $v$ . (6 marks)

2. The figure shows a particle  $P$ , of mass  $0.8 \text{ kg}$ , attached to the ends of two light elastic strings.  $AP$  has natural length  $20 \text{ cm}$  and modulus of elasticity  $\lambda \text{ N}$ .  $BP$  has natural length  $20 \text{ cm}$  and modulus of elasticity  $\mu \text{ N}$ .  $A$  and  $B$  are fixed to points on the same horizontal level so that  $AB = 50 \text{ cm}$ . When  $P$  is suspended in equilibrium,  $AP = 30 \text{ cm}$  and  $BP = 40 \text{ cm}$ . Calculate the values of  $\lambda$  and  $\mu$ . (9 marks)

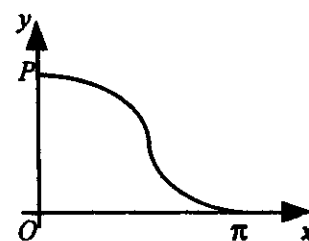


3. Suraiya, whose mass is  $m \text{ kg}$ , takes a running jump into a swimming pool so that she begins to swim in a straight line with speed  $0.2 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ . She continues to move in the same straight line, the only force acting on her being a resistance of magnitude  $mv^2 \sin\left(\frac{t}{100}\right) \text{ N}$ , where  $v \text{ ms}^{-1}$  is her speed at time  $t$  seconds after entering the pool and  $0 \leq t \leq 50\pi$ .

- (a) Find an expression for  $v$  in terms of  $t$ . (7 marks)  
 (b) Calculate her greatest and least speeds during her motion. (3 marks)

4. A uniform lamina is in the shape of the region enclosed by the coordinate axes and the curve with equation  $y = 1 + \cos x$ , as shown.

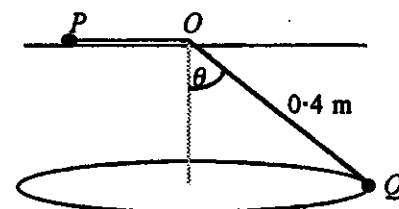
- (a) Show by integration that the centre of mass of the lamina is at a distance  $\frac{\pi^2 - 4}{2\pi}$  from the  $y$ -axis. (9 marks)



Given that the centre of mass is at a distance  $0.75$  units from the  $x$ -axis, and that  $P$  is the point  $(0, 2)$  and  $O$  is the origin  $(0, 0)$ ,

- (b) find, to the nearest degree, the angle between the line  $OP$  and the vertical when the lamina is freely suspended from  $P$ . (3 marks)

5. A particle  $P$ , of mass  $0.5 \text{ kg}$ , rests on the surface of a rough horizontal table. The coefficient of friction between  $P$  and the table is  $0.5$ .  $P$  is connected to a particle  $Q$ , of mass  $0.2 \text{ kg}$ , by a light inextensible string passing through



[Turn over ...

**MECHANICS 3 (A) TEST PAPER 10 Page 2**

5. continued ...

a small smooth hole at a point  $O$  on the table, such that the distance  $OQ$  is  $0.4$  m.  $Q$  moves in a horizontal circle while  $P$  remains in limiting equilibrium.

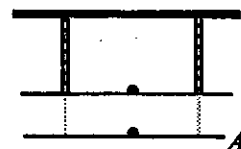
(a) Calculate the angle  $\theta$  which  $OQ$  makes with the vertical. (4 marks)

(b) Show that the speed of  $Q$  is  $1.33 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ . (3 marks)

The motion is altered so that  $Q$  hangs at rest below  $O$  and  $P$  moves in a horizontal circle on the table with speed  $0.84 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ , at a constant distance  $r$  m from  $O$  but tending to slip *away* from  $O$ .

(c) Find the value of  $r$ . (5 marks)

6. The figure shows a swing consisting of two identical vertical light springs attached symmetrically to a light horizontal cross-bar and supported from a strong fixed horizontal beam. When a mass of  $24$  kg is placed at the mid-point of the cross-bar, both springs extend by  $30$  cm to the position  $A$ , as shown.



Each spring has natural length  $l$  m and modulus of elasticity  $\lambda$  N.

(a) Show that  $\lambda = 392l$ . (2 marks)

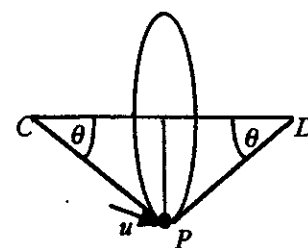
The  $24$  kg mass is left on the bar and the bar is then displaced downwards by a further  $20$  cm.

(b) Prove that the system comprising the bar and the mass now performs simple harmonic motion with the centre of oscillation at the level  $A$ . (5 marks)

(c) Calculate the number of oscillations made per second in this motion. (3 marks)

(d) Find the maximum acceleration which the mass experiences during the motion. (2 marks)

7. A particle  $P$  of mass  $m$  kg is attached to points  $C$  and  $D$  on the same horizontal level by means of two light inextensible strings  $CP$  and  $DP$ , both of length  $40$  cm.  $P$  is projected with speed  $u \text{ ms}^{-1}$  so as to move in a vertical circle in a plane perpendicular to  $CD$ , so that angle  $PCD = \text{angle } PDC = \theta$  throughout the motion.



If  $u$  is just large enough for the strings to remain taut as  $P$  describes this circular path,

(a) show that  $u^2 = 2g \sin \theta$ . (8 marks)

The string  $DP$  breaks when  $P$  is at its lowest point.  $P$  then immediately starts to move in a horizontal circle on the end of the string  $CP$ .

(b) Prove that  $\tan \theta = \frac{1}{5}\sqrt{5}$ . (6 marks)