

MECHANICS 3 (A) TEST PAPER 10 : ANSWERS AND MARK SCHEME

1. $R \cos 8^\circ = mg$, $R \sin 8^\circ = \frac{mv^2}{10}$ $\tan 8^\circ = \frac{v^2}{9.8 \times 10}$ M1 A1 M1 A1
 $\frac{v^2}{9.8} = \tan 8^\circ$ $v = 3.71 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ M1 A1 6
2. $APB = 90^\circ$ $\sin \theta = 0.6$, $\cos \theta = 0.8$ $T \cos \theta + S \sin \theta = 0.8g$ B1 M1
 $4T + 3S = 39.2$ Horiz : $S \cos \theta = T \sin \theta$, so $4S = 3T$ A1 B1
Solve : $S = 4.704 \text{ N}$, $T = 6.272 \text{ N}$ Now $S = \frac{\mu}{0.2} \times 0.2 = \mu$, M1 A1 (both)
 $T = \frac{\lambda}{0.2} \times 0.1 = \frac{\lambda}{2}$ So $\lambda = 12.5$, $\mu = 4.70$ M1 A1 A1 9
3. (a) $\frac{dv}{dt} = -v^2 \sin\left(\frac{t}{100}\right)$ $\int \frac{1}{v^2} dv = -\int \sin\left(\frac{t}{100}\right) dt$ M1 A1
 $-\frac{1}{v} = 100 \cos(t/100) + c$ $t = 0, v = 0.2 : c = -105$ A1 M1 A1
 $\frac{1}{v} = 105 - 100 \cos\left(\frac{t}{100}\right)$ $v = \frac{1}{105 - 100 \cos\left(\frac{t}{100}\right)}$ M1 A1
(b) $v_{\max} = 0.2 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ (initial speed) $v_{\min} = 0.00952 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ ($t = 50\pi$) M1 A1 A1 10
4. (a) $\bar{x} \int_0^\pi y dx = \int_0^\pi xy dx$ $\bar{x} \int_0^\pi 1 + \cos x dx = \int_0^\pi x + x \cos x dx$ M1 A1 A1
 $\bar{x} [x + \sin x]_0^\pi = \left[\frac{1}{2}x^2 + x \sin x + \cos x\right]_0^\pi$ (R.H.S. by parts) M1 A1 A1 A1
 $\pi\bar{x} = \frac{\pi^2}{2} - 2$ $\bar{x} = \frac{\pi^2 - 4}{2\pi}$ M1 A1
(b) $\tan \theta = \frac{\pi^2 - 4}{2\pi} \cdot \frac{4}{5} = 0.7473$ $\theta = 36.8^\circ$ M1 A1 A1 12
5. (a) $T = F = \mu R$, so $T = \frac{1}{4}g$ $T \cos \theta = 0.2g$ B1 M1 A1
 $\cos \theta = 0.8$ $\theta = 36.9^\circ$ A1
(b) $T \sin \theta = 0.2v^2 / (0.4 \sin \theta)$ $v^2 = 0.5g \sin^2 \theta = 1.764$ M1 A1
 $v = \sqrt{1.764} = 1.33 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ A1
(c) Now $T = 0.2g$ $0.2g + 0.25g = 0.5 \frac{v^2}{r}$ B1 M1 A1
 $0.45g = 0.5(0.84^2)/r$ $r = 0.08$ M1 A1 12
6. (a) $24g = 2T = 2 \frac{\lambda}{l} (0.3)$ $\frac{\lambda}{l} = \frac{24 \times 9.8}{2 \times 0.3} = 392$ $\lambda = 392l$ M1 A1
(b) At dist. x from A, $mg - 2 \frac{\lambda}{l} (0.3 + x) = mx$ M1 A1 A1
 $\ddot{x} = -\frac{2\lambda}{m}x = -\frac{98}{3}x$ Hence S.H.M. with centre A A1 A1
(c) $\omega^2 = \frac{98}{3} = 32.7$ Freq. = $\frac{\omega}{2\pi} = \frac{\sqrt{32.7}}{2\pi} = 0.91 \text{ osc. s}^{-1}$ M1 A1 A1
(d) Max. acc. = $\omega^2(0.2) = 6.54 \text{ ms}^{-2}$ M1 A1 12
7. (a) Radius of vert. circle = $0.4 \sin \theta$ At top, $T = 0$ (just) B1 B1
 $2mg(0.4 \sin \theta) + \frac{1}{2}mv^2 = \frac{1}{2}mu^2$ $T + mg = \frac{mv^2}{0.4 \sin \theta}$ M1 A1 M1 A1
 $v^2 = 0.4g \sin \theta$ $u^2 = 2g \sin \theta$ A1 A1
(b) In subsequent horizontal motion, with tension S in string, B1
 $S \sin \theta = mg$, $S \cos \theta = \frac{mu^2}{0.4 \cos \theta} = \frac{2mg \sin \theta}{0.4 \cos \theta}$ M1 A1 A1
Hence $S \cos^2 \theta = 5S \sin^2 \theta$ $\frac{\sin^2 \theta}{\cos^2 \theta} = \frac{1}{5}$ $\tan \theta = \frac{1}{5} \sqrt{5}$ M1 A1 14