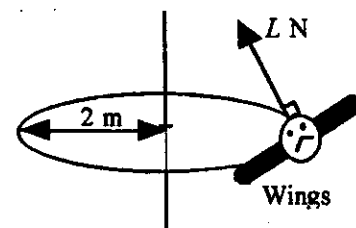


**MECHANICS (A) UNIT 3****TEST PAPER 1**

Take  $g = 9.8 \text{ ms}^{-2}$  and give all answers correct to 3 significant figures where necessary.

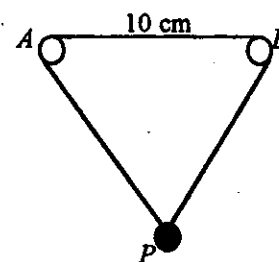
1. A bird of mass  $0.5 \text{ kg}$ , flying around a vertical feeding post at a constant speed of  $6 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ , banks its wings to move in a horizontal circle of radius  $2 \text{ m}$ . The aerodynamic lift  $L$  newtons is perpendicular to the bird's wings, as shown.



Modelling the bird as a particle, find, to the nearest degree, the angle that its wings make with the vertical.

**(7 marks)**

2. A thin elastic string, of modulus  $\lambda \text{ N}$  and natural length  $20 \text{ cm}$ , passes round two small, smooth pegs  $A$  and  $B$  on the same horizontal level to form a closed loop.  $AB = 10 \text{ cm}$ . The ends of the string are attached to a weight  $P$  of mass  $0.7 \text{ kg}$ .



When  $P$  rests in equilibrium,  $APB$  forms an equilateral triangle.

- (a) Find the value of  $\lambda$ . **(6 marks)**  
 (b) State one assumption that you have made about the weight  $P$ , explaining how you have used this assumption in your solution. **(1 mark)**

3. A particle  $P$  of mass  $0.5 \text{ kg}$  moves along a straight line. When  $P$  is at a distance  $x \text{ m}$  from a fixed point  $O$  on the line, the force acting on it is directed towards  $O$  and has magnitude  $\frac{8}{x^2} \text{ N}$ .

When  $x = 2$ , the speed of  $P$  is  $4 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ .

Find the speed of  $P$  when it is  $0.5 \text{ m}$  from  $O$ .

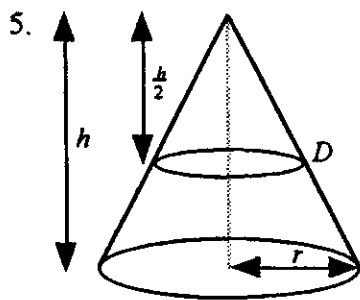
**(8 marks)**

4. A particle  $P$  of mass  $m \text{ kg}$  is attached to one end of a light elastic string of natural length  $l$  and modulus of elasticity  $\lambda \text{ N}$ . The other end of the string is attached to a fixed point  $O$ .  $P$  is released from rest at  $O$  and falls vertically downwards under gravity. The greatest distance below  $O$  reached by  $P$  is  $2l \text{ m}$ .

- (a) Show that  $\lambda = 4mg$ . **(3 marks)**  
 (b) Find, in terms of  $l$  and  $g$ , the speed with which  $P$  passes through the point  $A$ , where

$$OA = \frac{5l}{4} \text{ m.}$$

**(6 marks)**

**MECHANICS 3 (A) TEST PAPER 1 Page 2**

A uniform solid right circular cone has height  $h$  and base radius  $r$ . The top part of the cone is removed by cutting through the cone parallel to the base at a height  $\frac{h}{2}$ .

- (a) Show that the centre of mass of the remaining solid is at a height  $\frac{11h}{56}$  above the base, along its axis of symmetry. (7 marks)

The remaining part of the solid is suspended from the point  $D$  on the circumference of its smaller circular face, and the axis of symmetry then makes an angle  $\alpha$  with the vertical, where  $\tan \alpha = \frac{1}{2}$ .

- (b) Find the value of the ratio  $h : r$ . (5 marks)

6. A light elastic string, of natural length  $l$  m and modulus of elasticity  $\frac{mg}{2}$  newtons, has one end fastened to a fixed point  $O$ . A particle  $P$ , of mass  $m$  kg, is attached to the other end of the string.  $P$  hangs in equilibrium at the point  $E$ , vertically below  $O$ , where  $OE = (l + e)$  m

- (a) Find the numerical value of the ratio  $e : l$ . (2 marks)

$P$  is now pulled down a further distance  $\frac{3l}{2}$  m from  $E$  and is released from rest.

In the subsequent motion, the string remains taut. At time  $t$  s after being released,  $P$  is at a distance  $x$  m below  $E$ .

- (b) Write down a differential equation for the motion of  $P$  and show that the motion is simple harmonic. (4 marks)
- (c) Write down the period of the motion. (2 marks)
- (d) Find the speed with which  $P$  first passes through  $E$  again. (2 marks)
- (e) Show that the time taken by  $P$  after it is released to reach the point  $A$  above  $E$ , where

$$AE = \frac{3l}{4} \text{ m, is } \frac{2\pi}{3} \sqrt{\frac{2l}{g}} \text{ s.} \quad (5 \text{ marks})$$

7. A particle  $P$  is attached to one end of a light inextensible string of length  $l$  m. The other end of the string is attached to a fixed point  $O$ . When  $P$  is hanging at rest vertically below  $O$ , it is given a horizontal speed  $u$   $\text{ms}^{-1}$  and starts to move in a vertical circle.

Given that the string becomes slack when it makes an angle of  $120^\circ$  with the downward vertical through  $O$ ,

- (a) show that  $u^2 = \frac{7gl}{2}$ . (10 marks)

- (b) Find, in terms of  $l$ , the greatest height above  $O$  reached by  $P$  in the subsequent motion.

(7 marks)