

# OCR Maths M2

## Topic Questions from Papers

### Statics

### Answers

<b>1</b>	(i)	$60T = 15 \times 30 \cos \theta$	M1		moments about A		
		“	A1				
		$60T = 15 \times 30 \times 0.6$	A1		$\cos \theta = 0.6$		
			$T = 4.5 \text{ N}$	A1	4	<b>AG</b>	
	(ii)		$X = T \sin \theta$	M1		res. horiz. (or moments)	
			$X = 3.6 \text{ N}$	A1			
			$Y + T \cos \theta = 15$	M1		res. vert.(3 terms) (or moments)	
			$Y = 12.3 \text{ N}$	A1			
			$R = 12.8 \text{ N}$	A1✓		✓(their $X^2 + Y^2$ )	
		$73.7^\circ$ to horizontal	A1✓	6	or $16.3^\circ$ to vert. ✓ $\tan^{-1}$ their(Y/X)	<b>10</b>	
	<b>or triangle of forces:</b> Triangle (M1) $R^2 = 15^2 + 4.5^2 - 2 \times 15 \times 4.5 \times 0.6$ (M1A1)						
	$R = 12.8$ (A1) $\sin \theta / 4.5 = \sin \alpha / 12.8$ (M1) $\theta = 16.3^\circ$ to vert. (A1)						

(Q5, June 2005)

<b>2</b>	(i)	$50 \times 9.8 \times 2 = R \times 3.75 + 80 \times 9.8 \times 0.25$	M1		moments about D.		
		“	A1		SR/no g/ $R = 21.3$ (M1A1A0)		
		$R = 209 \text{ N}$	A1	3			
	(ii)		$130 \bar{x} = 50 \times 2 + 80 \times 4.25$	M1 A1		moments about BC or FE..... $130 \bar{x} = 80 \times 0.25 + 50 \times 2.5$	
			$\bar{x} = 3.385$	A1		$\bar{x} = 1.115$	
			$130 \bar{y} = 50 \times 0.125 + 80 \times 0.25$	M1 A1		moments about EC	
			$\bar{y} = 0.202$	A1			
			$\tan \theta = 0.615 / 0.202$	M1			
		$\theta = 71.8^\circ$ to the horizontal	A1	8	$71.6^\circ$ to $72.0^\circ$	<b>11</b>	

(Q7, June 2005)

<b>3</b>		$\tan \theta = \frac{1}{3}$ ( $\theta = 18.4^\circ$ at B)	B1		$71.6^\circ$ at C	
		$3 \times T \sin \theta = 20 \times 1.5$ must	M1		M(A) ( $d = 3/\sqrt{10}$ )	
		have two distances and no g	A1			
		$T = 31.6 \text{ N}$	A1	4		<b>4</b>

(Q1, Jan 2006)

<b>4</b>	(i)	horiz comps in opp direct	B1		at E & F	
		Right at E + Left at F	B1	2		
	(ii)	$1.6 \times 9.8 \times 30 = 20X$ or	M1		or $10X + 1.6g \times 30 = 30X$ M(A)	
		$0.5 \times 30g + 0.7 \times 30g + 0.2 \times 60g = 20X$	A1		or $10X + (\dots = 470.4) = 30X$ M mark ok without g but 3 parts	
		$X = 23.5 \text{ N}$	A1	3		

(Q4, Jan 2006)

<b>5 (ii)</b>	1.2 T	B1	
	0.8 F	B1	
	0.8F = 1.2T	M1	
	F = 3T/2	A1 <b>4</b>	aef
<b>(iii)</b>	F + Tcos30°	B1	<b>or</b> 45 x 0.8 sin30°
	45sin30° must be involved in res.	B1	T x (1.2 + 0.8cos30°)
	resolving parallel to the slope	M1	mom. about point of contact
	F + Tcos30° = 45sin30° aef	A1	45.0.8sin30°=T(1.2+0.8cos30°)
	T = 9.51	A1	
	F = 14.3	A1 <b>6</b>	<b>16</b>
<b>or</b>	T + Fcos30° = Rsin30°	B1	res. horizontally
<b>(iii)</b>	Rcos30° + Fsin30° = 45	B1	res. vertically
	tan30°=(T+Fcos30°)/(45-Fsin30°)	M1	eliminating R

(Q8, June 2007)

<b>6</b>	direction of R perp. to wall R at 70° to rod 0.8 x 25cos60° = 1.6 x R sin70° 0.8 x 25 cos60° 1.6 x R sin70° R = 6.65 N	B1 B1 M1 A1 A1 A1 <b>6</b>	10° to horiz. moments about A <b>6</b>
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(Q3, Jan 2008)

<b>7</b>	20cos10° x T 15cos10° x 9.63 15sin10° x 4.43 20cos10°.T=15cos10°x9.63– 15sin10°x4.43 (needs 3 parts) T = 6.64 N	B1 B1 B1 M1 A1 <b>5</b>	= or 10.6 (A to com) 34.7° ∠ comAH =15x10.6xcos34.7° <b>16</b>
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(Q8, Jan 2008)

<b>8(i)</b>	com of Δ 3 cm right of C (48+27) $\bar{x}$ = 48x4 + 27x11 $\bar{x}$ = 6.52 com of Δ 2 cm above AD (48+27) $\bar{y}$ = 48x3 + 27x2 $\bar{y}$ = 2.64	B1 M1 A1 A1 B1 M1 A1 A1 <b>8</b>	
<b>(ii)</b>	14F 3gcos30° x 6.52 3gsin30° x 2.64 14F=3gcos30°x6.52- 3gsin30°x2.64 F = 9.09 N	B1 B1 B1 M1 A1 <b>5</b>	can be implied e.g. 7/sin30°. F 7.034 (AG) or (6.52-2.64tan30°) 52.0° (GAH) or (above)xcos30° (5.00)xcos30° (4.33) 14F = 3x9.8x7.034xcos52.0° <b>13</b>

(Q8, June 2008)

<b>9</b>	$\bar{x} = 8$	B1	
	$T \sin 30^\circ \times 12 = 8 \times 2 \times 9.8$	M1	ok if g omitted
		A1 ft	ft their $\bar{x}$
	$T = 26.1$	A1 <b>4</b>	<b>4</b>

(Q2, Jan 2009)

<b>10 (i)</b>	$140 \times X = 40 \times 70$	M1	
	$X = 20 \text{ N}$	A1	
	at $F$ 20 N to the right	B1	inspect diagram
	at $G$ 20 N to the left	B1 <b>4</b>	<b>SR</b> B1 for correct directions only

(Q3, Jan 2009)

<b>11 (i)</b>	$\cos \theta = 5/13$ or $\sin \theta = 12/13$ or $\theta = 67.4^\circ$ $0.5 \times F \sin \theta = 70 \times 1.4 + 50 \times 2.8$ $F = 516 \text{ N}$	B1 M1 A1 A1 <b>4</b>	any one of these moments about $A$ (ok without 70) $0.5 \sin \theta = 0.4615$ <b>SR</b> 1 for 303 (omission of beam)
<b>(ii)</b>	$F \sin \theta = 120 + Y$ (resolving vertically) $Y = 356$ ✓ their $F \times 12/13 - 120$ $X = F \cos \theta$ (resolving horizontally) $X = 198$ ✓ their $F \times 5/13$ Force = $\sqrt{(356^2 + 198^2)}$ 407 or 408 N	M1 A1 ✓ M1 A1 ✓ M1 A1 <b>6</b>	M1/A1 for moments (B) $Y \times 2.8 + 1.4 \times 70 = 2.3 \times 516$ ✓ $\times 12/13$ (C) $0.5 \times Y = 0.9 \times 70 + 2.3 \times 50$ (D) $1.2X = 1.4 \times 70 + 2.8 \times 50$

(Q3, June 2009)

<b>12 (ii)</b>	$s = 0.5$ $T \sin 80^\circ \times 0.5 = 0.47 \times 0.5 \times 9.8$ $T = 4.68 \text{ N}$	B1 M1 A1 A1 <b>[4]</b>	slant height, may be implied <b>8</b>
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(Q3, Jan 2010)

<b>13 (i)</b>	$4T\cos 20^\circ = 5 \times g \times 2.5$ $T = 32.6 \text{ N}$	M1 A1 A1 <b>3</b>	Using moments; allow sin/cos mix Allow with omission of g
<b>(ii)</b>	$X = T\sin 20^\circ$ $X = 11.1$ FT $Y + T\cos 20^\circ = 5 \times g$ or $2.5Y = 1.5 \times T\cos 20^\circ$ or $4Y = 1.5 \times 5g$ $Y = 18.4$ FT  $R = \sqrt{(X^2 + Y^2)}$ or $\tan^{-1}(Y/X)$ or $\tan^{-1}(X/Y)$  $R = 21.5 \text{ N}$ $\theta = 58.8^\circ$ above the horizontal	M1 A1 M1 A1  M1  A1 A1 <b>7</b>	allow sin/cos mix FT their T  FT their T, but not from omission of g $X \neq 0, Y \neq 0$  or $31.2^\circ$ to left of vertical <b>10</b>

(Q4, June 2010)

<b>14 (ii) (a)</b>	$mg(0.09\cos 45^\circ) =$ $2(0.6+0.6\cos 45^\circ+0.6\sin 45^\circ)$ $m = 4.65\text{kg}$	M1 A1 A1 A1 <b>[4]</b>	Attempt at moments (must resolve), allow without g  $2(0.6+\sqrt{[0.6^2+0.6^2]})$ (4.6451...)
<b>(ii) (b)</b>	$2/4.6451g$ $\mu \geq 0.0439$	M1 A1 A1 <b>[3]</b>	Ratio force/weight cv(4.65) Correct inequality sign, accept 0.044

(Q5, Jan 2011)

<b>15 i</b>	$F \times 0.8 =$ $0.6\cos 60^\circ \times 550$ $F = 206.25$	M1 A1 A1 A1 <b>[4]</b>	Attempt at moments  Accept 206, cao
<b>ii</b>	$T \times 2 \times 0.8/\tan 30^\circ =$ $550 \times (0.8/\sin 30^\circ - 0.6\cos 60^\circ)$ $T = 258$  $R = 550 - T\cos 30^\circ$ $Fr = T\sin 30^\circ$ $\mu = 129/326.6$ $\mu = 0.395$	M1* A1 M1* A1 A1 M1* A1 B1* M1dep* A1 <b>[10]</b>	Moment of T about P $T \times 2.77$ Moment of weight about P $550 \times (1.6 - 0.3)$ Accept to 2sf Resolving vertically, 3 terms needed Value for T not required Value for T not required; accept $<$ or $\leq$ For correct use of $F = \mu R, R \neq 550$
<b>OR</b>	$T \times 0.8/\tan 30^\circ + 550 \times 0.6\cos 60^\circ = R \times 0.8/\cos 60^\circ$  $R = 550 - T\cos 30^\circ$ Solve for T or R $T = 258$ or $R = 326.5625$ $Fr = T\sin 30^\circ$ $\mu = 129/326.6$ $\mu = 0.395$	M1* A2 M1* A1 M1 A1 B1* M1dep* A1 <b>[10]</b>	Moments about V, 3 terms needed A1 for two terms correct Resolving vertically, 3 terms needed  Accept to 2sf Value for T not required; accept $<$ or $\leq$ For correct use of $F = \mu R, R \neq 550$
<b>OR</b>	$Fr \times 1.6\cos 30^\circ + 550 \times (1.6\sin 30^\circ + 0.6\sin 30^\circ) =$ $R \times (1.6 + 1.6\sin 30^\circ)$  $R = 550 - T\cos 30^\circ$ $Fr = T\sin 30^\circ$ Solving for at least one of R, Fr, or T Either $R = 326.5625$ , or $Fr = 129(.0017008)$ , or $T = 258$ $\mu = 129/326.6$ $\mu = 0.395$	M1* A2 M1* A1 B1* M1dep* A1 <b>[10]</b>	Moments about Q, 3 terms needed  A1 for two terms correct Resolving vertically, 3 terms needed  accept $<$ or $\leq$  Only one needed. Accept to 2sf. For correct use of $F = \mu R, R \neq 550$

(Q7, June 2011)

16	(i)	$P \times 1.6 = 10g \cos 60 \times 1.2$ $P = 36.75 \text{ N}$	M1 A1 A1 [3]	Moments about A. Allow 36.8
	(ii)	$R + 36.75 \sin 30 = 10g$ $F = 36.75 \cos 30$ $\mu = 31.8/79.6$ $\mu = 0.4(00)$	M1 A1 FT B1 FT  M1 A1 [5]	Attempt at resolving vertically or taking moments. May be implied. $R = 79.6(25)$ Expect 31.8. Or second correct equation involving $F$ or $R$ or both. For use of (their) $F = \mu(\text{their})R$ $R$ not = $10g$ or their $P$ from (i). AWRT www. Allow inequality

(Q3, Jan 2012)

17	(i)	$T \cos 30 \times 1.5 \sin 30 = 15g \times 2$ $T = 453$	M1 A1 A1 [3]	Attempt at moments about A, g can be omitted at this stage
	(ii)	$X = T_s \sin 30 (=226)$ $Y + T_c \cos 30 = 15g$  $R = \sqrt{(226^2 + 245^2)}$ or $\tan \theta = 245/226$ $R = 334$ $\theta = 47.3$ below horizontal (to the left)	B1ft M1 A1ft  M1 A1 A1 [6]	Using their value $T$ or taking moments about $P$ Attempt to resolve vertically or taking appropriate moments Using their value $T$ ; expect $Y = -245$ or better Either or both of these equations can be replaced with moments about an appropriate point eg $P, Q, B, c$ of m of beam. Any relevant angle Allow 333 Allow 47.2, 42.7 to the downward vertical SC: If 392 in (i) leading to $Y = \pm 245$ only in (ii) max M1A1

(Q3, June 2012)

18	(ii)	$\frac{a^2 + 15a + 75}{3(a+10)} = 5$ Solving for $a$ $a = 8.66$ or $5\sqrt{3}$	*M1  dep*M1 A1 [3]	Substitute $x_G$ as 5  $a \leq 8.66$
	(iii)	$(25 + 2.5a)y_G = 25 \times 2.5 + 2.5a \times (\frac{2}{3} \times 5)$ $y_G = \frac{10a + 75}{3(a+10)}$ or 2.89 $\tan \theta = x_G / y_G$ $= 5 / y_G$ $\theta = 60$	*M1 A1ft  A1ft  dep*M1 A1ft A1 [6]	Method to find centre of mass from $AB$ (or $CD$ ) with or without $a$ substituted.  ft their $a$ from (ii), from $CD$ $y_G = 2.11$  Using trig to find an appropriate angle, eg complement of $\theta$ . ft their $a$ from (ii), but not an incorrect $y_G$ $\theta \leq 60$ (anything that rounds to 60)

(Q7, June 2012)

19	(i)	Use of moments $2.5R = 3g \cos 60 \times 2$ $R = 11.76 \text{ N}$	M1 A1 A1 [3]	Trig with $3g$ , no trig with $R$ unless using 2 components. Allow 11.8
	(ii)	$R' + R \cos 60 = 3g$ $F = R \cos 30$ Use $F = \mu R'$ $\mu = 0.433$	M1 A1ft B1ft M1 A1 [5]	Resolve vertically, 3 terms, comp (R). Using $\text{cv}(R)$ Using $\text{cv}(R)$ Not $R' = 3g$ for method Allow 0.435 from use of $R = 11.8$

(Q5, Jan 2013)

<b>20</b>	<b>(i)</b>	$x_G = (2 \times 2) / \pi$ $P(\text{or } X) \times 4 = 0.3g \times x_G$ $Y = 0.3g$ Use $R^2 = X^2 + Y^2$ to find $R$ $R = 3.09 \text{ N}$	B1 *M1 A1ft B1 dep*M1 A1 [6]	$x_G = 1.2732\dots$ May be seen in <b>(ii)</b> , mark only once. Take moments about $A$ or $B$ $P = 0.9358\dots$ ft their $x_G$ for this mark.
	<b>(ii)</b>	$P \times 4 =$ $0.3g \times (2\sin 30 + x_G \sin 60)$ $P = 1.55$	M1 A1 A1 A1 [4]	Attempt at moments, force $\times$ distance = $0.3g \times$ distance  $0.3g \times 2.1026\dots$ $1.545453\dots$

(Q3, June 2013)

<b>21</b>	<b>(i)</b>	$4.4x_G = 4 \times \frac{1}{4} \times 8$ $- 0.4 \times \frac{1}{3} \times 10$ $x_G = 1.52 \text{ cm}$	M1 A1 A1 A1 [4]	Table of moments idea. Moments about other axes acceptable  Allow $^{50}/_{33}$
	<b>(ii)</b>	$T_{\text{shell}} \times 18 = 4.4g \times (8 - 1.52)$ or $T_{\text{cone}} \times 18 = 4.4g \times (10 + 1.52)$ $T_{\text{shell}} + T_{\text{cone}} = 4.4g$ $T_{\text{shell}} = 15.5$ and $T_{\text{cone}} = 27.6$	M1 A1ft M1 A1 [4]	Or any other correct moment equation. ft on $x_G$ from <b>(i)</b> May use a second moments equation For both

(Q4, June 2013)