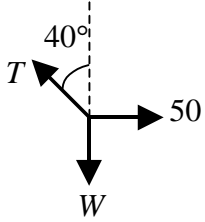
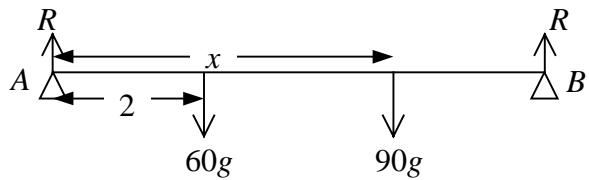
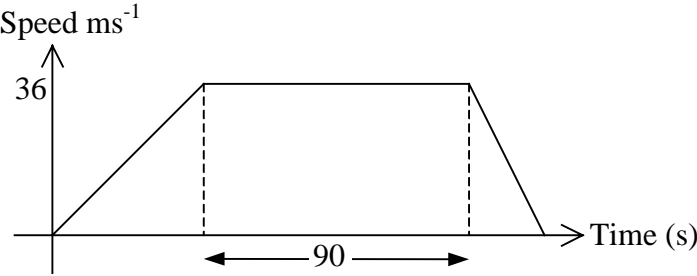
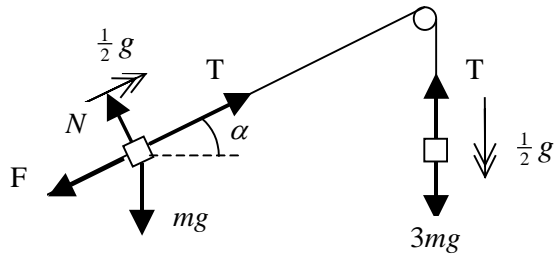


Question number	Scheme	Marks
1. (a)	$T \sin 40^\circ = 50 \Rightarrow T \approx 77.8 \text{ N}$	M1 A1, A1 (3)
(b)	 $(\uparrow) \quad W = T \cos 40^\circ$ $W = 77.8 \cos 40^\circ \approx 59.6 \text{ N}$	M1 A1 M1 A1 (4)
		(7 marks)
2. (a)	“ $v = u + at$ ” $v_B = 10 + 3 \times 6 = 28 \text{ m s}^{-1}$	M1A1 (2)
(b)	$OA: “v^2 = u^2 + 2as” \quad 10^2 = 0 + 2 \times 4 \times OA \Rightarrow OA = 12.5 \text{ m}$ $AB: “s = ut + \frac{1}{2} at^2” \quad OB = 10 \times 6 + \frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times 36 = 114 \text{ m}$ $OB = 12.5 + 114 = 126.5 \text{ m}$	M1A1 M1A1 A1 ft (5)
		(7 marks)
3.		
(a)	$R(\uparrow) \quad R + R = 60g + 90g$ $R = 75g = 735 \text{ N}$	M1 A1 (2)
(b)	$M(A) \quad 60g \cdot 2 + 90g \cdot x = 75g \cdot 6$ $90x = 450 - 120 = 330$ $x = \underline{3\frac{2}{3} \text{ m}} \quad \text{accept AWRT 3.67}$	M1 A1 A1 ft M1 A1 (5)
(c)(i)	Plank remains a straight line/rigid.	B1
(ii)	Weight of woman acts at C.	B1 (2)
		(9 marks)

Question number	Scheme	Marks
<p>4. (a)</p>  <p>(b) Time to accelerate : time to decelerate 18 s 12 s Distance = area under graph $= \frac{1}{2} \times 36 \times (90 + 120) \text{ m}$ $= 3780 \text{ m}$</p> <p>(c) There is no period of constant maximum velocity (OR “it speeds up and then immediately slows down again” OR “it attains a greater maximum speed”)</p> <p>(d) Let greatest speed be $V \text{ m s}^{-1}$ then $\frac{1}{2} \times 150 \times V_{\text{max}} = 3780$ $V = 50.4$</p>	<p>Shape M1A1</p> <p>36,90 B1 (3)</p> <p>M1 A1</p> <p>M1 A1</p> <p>A1 (5)</p> <p>B1 (1)</p> <p>M1 A1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>(9 marks)</p>	

Question number	Scheme	Marks
5.	<p>(a) Conservation of linear momentum applied</p> $3000 \times 3 - 4 \times 1000 = 4000 \times V$ $V = 1.25$ <p>Direction AB</p> <p>(b) Impulse = $3000 [3 - 1.25]$ Ns</p> $= 5250 \text{ Ns}$ <p>(c) Trucks are assumed to be particles</p> <p>(d) $F = ma \Rightarrow 250 = 4000 a$</p> $a = \frac{1}{16}$ $v^2 = u^2 + 2as \Rightarrow 0 = (1.25)^2 - 2\left(\frac{1}{16}\right) d$ $d = 12.5$	<p>M1 A1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>A1 (4)</p> <p>M1 A1 ft</p> <p>A1 (3)</p> <p>B1 (1)</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1 (4)</p> <p>(12 marks)</p>
6.	 <p>(a) $B: 3mg - T = 3m \cdot \frac{1}{2} g$</p> $T = \frac{3}{2} mg$ <p>(b) $A: T - F - mg \cdot \frac{3}{5} = m \cdot \frac{1}{2} g$</p> $\Rightarrow F = \frac{2}{5} mg$ $N = mg \cdot \frac{4}{5}$ $\mu = \frac{F}{N} = \frac{1}{2}$	<p>M1 A1</p> <p>M1 A1 (4)</p> <p>M1 A1 A1</p> <p>M1 A1 ft</p> <p>M1 A1</p> <p>M1 A1 (9)</p> <p>(13 marks)</p>

Question number	Scheme	Marks
7. (a)	$\mathbf{r} = 20 \mathbf{i}$	B1
	$\mathbf{s} = (300 + 10t)\mathbf{i} + (10t)\mathbf{j}$	M1 A1 (3)
(b)	$\overrightarrow{AB} = \mathbf{s} - \mathbf{r} = (300 - 10t)\mathbf{i} + (10t)\mathbf{j}$	B1 ft (1)
(c)	Bearing of B from A $045^\circ \Rightarrow \overrightarrow{AB} //^c \mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j}$	M1
	$\Rightarrow \frac{10t}{300 - 10t} = 1$	M1 A1
	$\Rightarrow 10t = 300 - 10t \Rightarrow t = 15$	M1 A1 (5)
(d)	Distance = 300 $\Rightarrow s - r ^2 = 300^2$	M1
	$\Rightarrow (300 - 10t)^2 + (10t)^2 = 300^2$	M1 A1 ft
	$\Rightarrow 300^2 - 6000t + 100t^2 + 100t^2 = 300^2$	A1 ft
	$\Rightarrow 200t^2 = 6000t$	
	$t = 0$ or $30 \Rightarrow t = 30$	M1A1 (6) (15 marks)