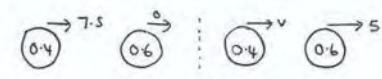
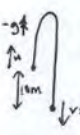


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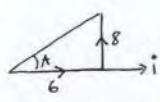
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1) momentum before = 0 ⇒ impulse = 3Ns!
momentum after = 3Ns
 $0.4v = 3 \Rightarrow v = \frac{3}{0.4} = 7.5 \text{ ms}^{-1}$

b) 
Total momentum before = 3Ns
Total momentum after = 0.4v + 0.6x ⇒ 3 = 3 + 0.4v
0.4v = 0 ⇒ v = 0

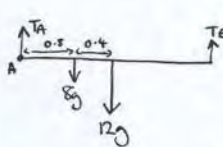
2) 
 $u \uparrow = u$
 $v \uparrow = -17.5$
 $s = -10$
 $a \uparrow = -9.8$
 $v^2 = u^2 + 2as$
 $(-17.5)^2 = u^2 - 19.6 \times -10$
 $u^2 = 110.25 \Rightarrow u = 10.5 \text{ ms}^{-1} \uparrow$

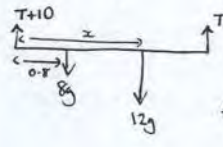
b) $v = u + at$ $-17.5 = 10.5 - 9.8t \Rightarrow t = \frac{-28}{-9.8} = 2.86 \text{ s}$

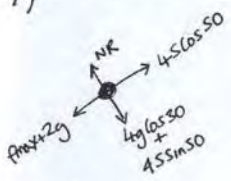
3) 
 $A = \tan^{-1}(\frac{8}{6}) = 53.1^\circ$

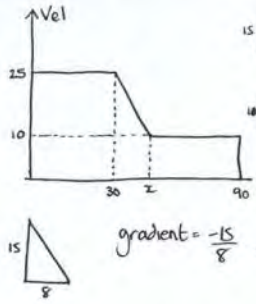
b) $Rf = ma \Rightarrow F = 0.4(6i + 8j) = 2.4i + 3.2j$
 $|F| = \sqrt{2.4^2 + 3.2^2} = 4 \text{ N}$

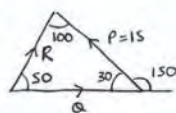
c) $V = \text{original vel} + t(\text{acc})$
 $V = (9i - 10j) + 5(6i + 8j) = (39i + 30j) \text{ ms}^{-1}$

6) 
 $A \downarrow 8g \times 0.8 + 12g \times 1.2 = T_B \times 2.4$
 $T_B = \frac{20.8g}{2.4} = \frac{26}{3}g = 84.9 \text{ N}$

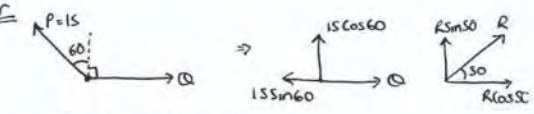
b) 
 $Rf \uparrow = 0 \Rightarrow 2T + 10 = 20g$
 $2T = 186$
 $T = 93 \text{ N}$
 $A \downarrow 0.8 \times 8g + 12g \times x = 93 \times 2.4$
 $12g \times x = 160.48$
 $x = 1.36 \text{ m}$

7) 
 $NR = 4g \cos 30 + 4S \sin 50$
 $NR = 68.4 \text{ N}$
 $f_{\text{max}} = \mu NR = 68.4 \mu$
 $Rf \uparrow = 0 \Rightarrow 68.4 \mu + 2g = 4S \cos 50 \Rightarrow 68.4 \mu = 9.325$
 $\mu = 0.136$

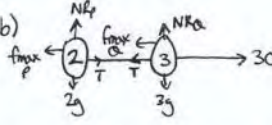
4) 
 $A = \frac{(30+x) \times 15}{2} = 225 + 7.5x$
 $A = 900 \text{ m}$
 $1410 = 900 + 225 + 7.5x$
 $7.5x = 285 \Rightarrow x = 38 \text{ s}$
gradient = $\frac{-15}{8} = -1.875 \Rightarrow \text{dec} = 1.875 \text{ ms}^{-2}$

5) 
 $\frac{R}{\sin 30} = \frac{15}{\sin 50} \Rightarrow R = \frac{7.5}{\sin 50}$
 $R = 9.79 \text{ N}$

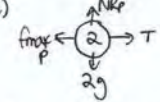
b) $\frac{Q}{\sin 100} = \frac{15}{\sin 50} \Rightarrow Q = 19.3 \text{ N}$

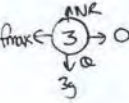
or 
 $R \sin 50 = 15 \cos 60 \Rightarrow R = 9.79 \text{ N}$
 $R \cos 50 = Q - 15 \sin 60 \Rightarrow Q = 19.3 \text{ N}$

8) $u = 0$ $t = 3$ $s = 6$
 $s = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2 \Rightarrow 6 = 0 + \frac{1}{2}(a)3^2 \Rightarrow a = \frac{4}{3} \text{ ms}^{-2}$

b) 
 $NR_2 = 3g$ $NR_3 = 2g$
 $f_{\text{max}2} = 3\mu \times 3g$
 $f_{\text{max}3} = 2\mu \times 2g$

whole system $Rf = ma$
 $30 - f_{\text{max}2} - f_{\text{max}3} = (3+2) \times \frac{4}{3}$ (T cancels in the system)
 $30 - 5\mu g = \frac{20}{3} \Rightarrow 5\mu g = \frac{20}{3} \Rightarrow \mu = \frac{10}{15g} = \frac{10}{21} = 0.476$

c) 
 $T - f_{\text{max}2} = ma$
 $T - 2g \times \frac{10}{21} = 2 \times \frac{4}{3} \Rightarrow T = 12 \text{ N}$

d) inextensible ⇒ same acceleration for P and Q
e) $u = 0$ $t = 3$ $s = 6$ $a = \frac{4}{3}$ $v = u + at \Rightarrow v = \frac{4}{3} \times 3 = 4 \text{ ms}^{-1}$
once force is removed

 $Rf = 0 = f_{\text{max}} = 3a \Rightarrow -\frac{10}{21} \times 3g = 3a$
 $\Rightarrow a = -\frac{14}{3} \text{ ms}^{-2}$
 $u = 4$ $a = -\frac{14}{3}$ $v = 0$
 $v = u + at \Rightarrow 0 = 4 - \frac{14}{3}t \Rightarrow t = \frac{6}{7} = 0.86 \text{ s}$