

D2 Paper B – Marking Guide

1. (a) change all the signs to get B's score and then add 6 to make them positive

		<i>B</i>		
		I	II	III
<i>A</i>	I	0	10	7
	II	8	1	3
	III	1	5	9

new value of game $v = V + 6$

- (b) let *B* play strategies I, II and III with proportions p_1, p_2 and p_3
 $p_1 + p_2 + p_3 + r = 1$
- (c) maximise $P - v = 0$ but must subtract 6 at the end as 6 has been added
- (d) from A I, $0p_1 + 10p_2 + 7p_3 \leq v$ so $v - 10p_2 - 7p_3 + s = 0$
 from A II, $3p_1 + 10p_2 + 8p_3 \leq v$ so $v - 3p_1 - 10p_2 - 8p_3 + t = 0$
 from A III, $10p_1 + 6p_2 + 2p_3 \leq v$ so $v - 10p_1 - 6p_2 - 2p_3 + u = 0$

(8)

2. e.g. using stage, state approach:

Stage	State	Action	Destination	Value
1	<i>H</i>	<i>HK</i>	<i>K</i>	4*
	<i>I</i>	<i>IK</i>	<i>K</i>	4*
	<i>J</i>	<i>JK</i>	<i>K</i>	6*
2	<i>E</i>	<i>EH</i>	<i>H</i>	6 + 4 = 10
		<i>EI</i>	<i>I</i>	5 + 4 = 9*
	<i>F</i>	<i>FH</i>	<i>H</i>	6 + 4 = 10
		<i>FI</i>	<i>I</i>	5 + 4 = 9*
		<i>FJ</i>	<i>J</i>	7 + 6 = 13
	<i>G</i>	<i>GI</i>	<i>I</i>	4 + 4 = 8*
<i>GJ</i>		<i>J</i>	4 + 6 = 10	
3	<i>B</i>	<i>BE</i>	<i>E</i>	7 + 9 = 16
		<i>BF</i>	<i>F</i>	4 + 9 = 13*
	<i>C</i>	<i>CE</i>	<i>E</i>	6 + 9 = 15
		<i>CF</i>	<i>F</i>	6 + 9 = 15
		<i>CG</i>	<i>G</i>	3 + 8 = 11*
	<i>D</i>	<i>DF</i>	<i>F</i>	4 + 9 = 13*
<i>DG</i>		<i>G</i>	5 + 8 = 13*	
4	<i>A</i>	<i>AB</i>	<i>B</i>	3 + 13 = 16*
		<i>AC</i>	<i>C</i>	6 + 11 = 17
		<i>AD</i>	<i>D</i>	6 + 13 = 19

M1

M1 A2

M1 A1

A1

giving route *ABFIK* total distance 1600 miles

A1

(8)

3. need to maximise so subtract all values from 55 giving

M1

				row min.	
18	26	11	4	4	
10	25	12	14	10	
23	28	16	5	5	
12	30	4	0	0	

reducing rows gives:

14	22	7	0
0	15	2	4
18	23	11	0
12	30	4	0

M1 A1

col min. 0 15 2 0

reducing columns gives:

14	7	5	0
0	0	0	4
18	8	9	0
12	15	2	0

A1

2 lines required to cover all zeros, apply algorithm

B1

12	5	3	0
0	0	0	6
16	6	7	0
10	13	0	0

(N.B. a different choice of lines will lead to the same final assignment)

M1 A1

3 lines required to cover all zeros, apply algorithm

7	0*	3	0
0*	0	5	11
11	1	7	0*
5	8	0*	0

A1

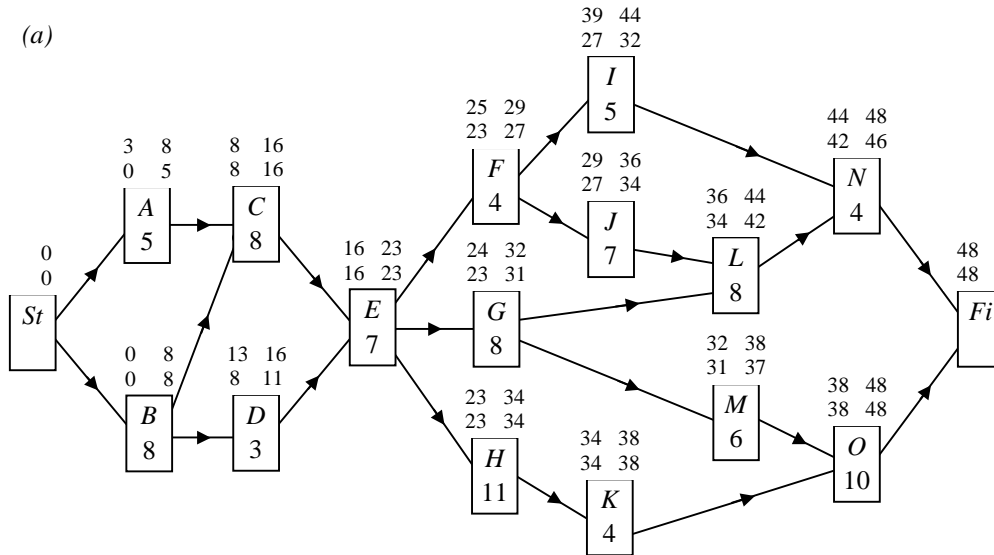
4 lines required to cover all zeros so allocation is possible

B1

- R_1 goes to A_2
- R_2 goes to A_1
- R_3 goes to A_4
- R_4 goes to A_3

A1 (10)

4. (a)



lower figures give forward scan
minimum time is 48 days

M1 A1
A1

(b) upper figures give backward scan
critical path is BCEHKO

M1 A1
A1

(c) E on critical path \therefore £150 000 penalty
if reduce K by more than 1 day it is no longer on critical path
 \therefore only reduces penalty by £50 000 at cost of £90 000

B2

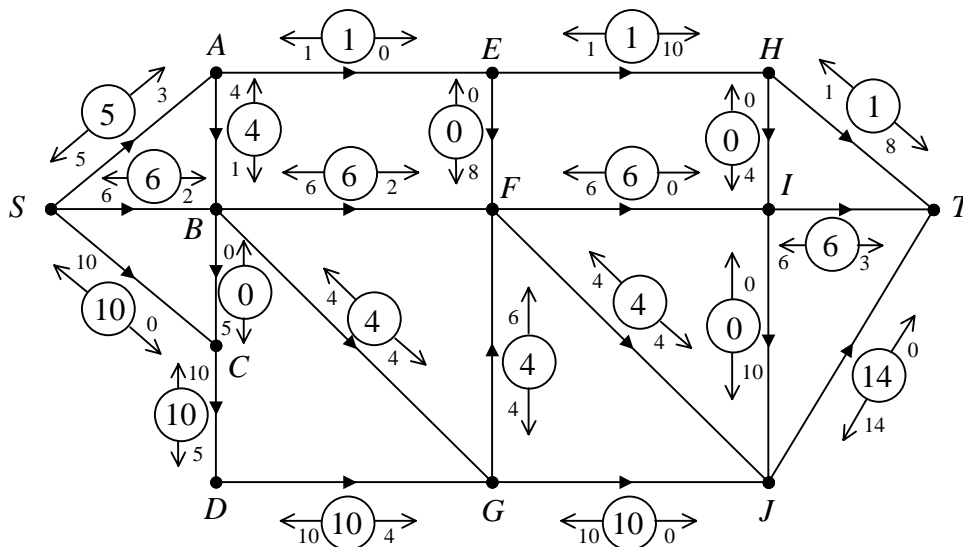
(d) B, C and O:
reducing any of these by 2 days reduces minimum time by 2 days
this reduces penalty by £100 000 at cost of £80 000 \therefore profitable

B3 (11)

5. (a) $1 + 8 + 8 + 15 = 32$

B1

(b) (i), (ii) e.g. augment SABGFJT by 4 giving:



max flow = 21

M2 A3

(c) max flow as = min cut of 21 $\{S, A, B, C, D, F, G, J\} | \{E, H, I, T\}$

M1 A1

(d) new min cut = 24 $\{S, A\} | \{B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, T\}$
 \therefore max flow could increase by 3

M1 A1
A1 (11)

6. (a)

P	x	y	z	r	s	
1	-3	-1	-1	0	0	0
0	4	1	2	1	0	18
0	2	3	5	0	1	11

M1 A1

(b) θ values are $4\frac{1}{2}$ and $5\frac{1}{2}$ so pivot row is 2nd row

P	x	y	z	r	s	
1	0	$-\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	0	$\frac{27}{2}$
0	1	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	0	$\frac{9}{2}$
0	0	$\frac{5}{2}$	4	$-\frac{1}{2}$	1	2

M2 A2

increase y next, θ values are 18 and $\frac{4}{5}$ so pivot row is 3rd row

P	x	y	z	r	s	
1	0	0	$\frac{9}{10}$	$\frac{7}{10}$	$\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{137}{10}$
0	1	0	$\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{3}{10}$	$-\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{43}{10}$
0	0	1	$\frac{8}{5}$	$-\frac{1}{5}$	$\frac{2}{5}$	$\frac{4}{5}$

M2 A2

(c) $x = 4.3, y = 0.8, z = 0, P = 13.7$
optimal solution as all values on the objective row are ≥ 0

A1

B1 (12)

Total (60)