GCE Examinations Advanced Subsidiary / Advanced Level

Decision Mathematics Module D1

Paper A

MARKING GUIDE

This guide is intended to be as helpful as possible to teachers by providing concise solutions and indicating how marks should be awarded. There are obviously alternative methods that would also gain full marks.

Method marks (M) are awarded for knowing and using a method.

Accuracy marks (A) can only be awarded when a correct method has been used.

(B) marks are independent of method marks.



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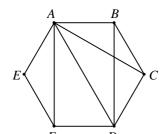
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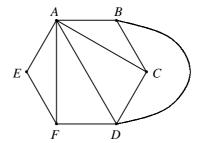
D1 Paper A - Marking Guide

1. e.g. ABCDFEA (a)

B2







e.g. start with AC on inside, move BD outside, giving plane drawing

M3 A2

(7)

PMT

2. (a)

giving 46 35 24 23 11 10

M2 A2

7 + 6 + 5 + 4 + 3 + 2 + 1 = 28(b)

35

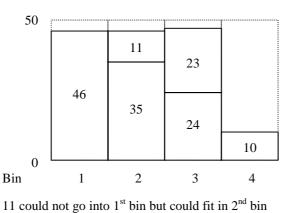
35

46

46 46

A1

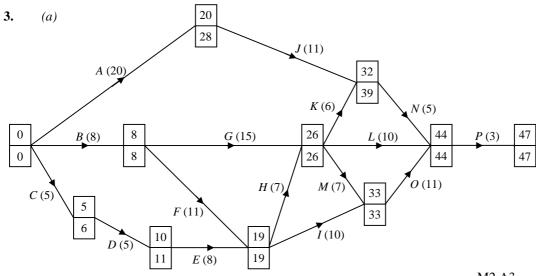
(c)



M1 A1

B1

(8)

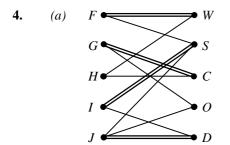


M2 A3

(b) B, F, H, M, O, P M1 A1

(c) 47 days

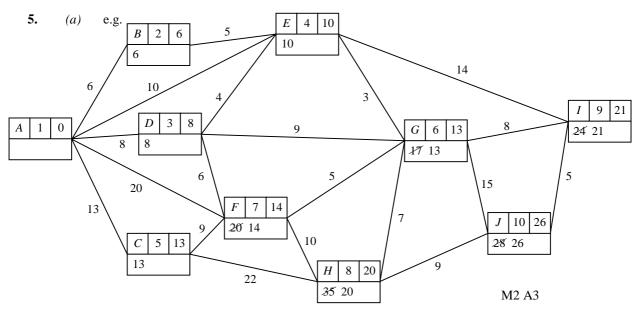
(8) A1



M1 A1

- (b) initial matching shown by search for alternating path giving e.g. H - C = G - O (breakthrough) change status giving H = C - G = Ocomplete matching e.g. F - W, G - O, H - C, I - S, J - D
- **B**1
- M1 A1 M1
- M1 A1

(8)



label J – label I = 5 = weight IJ

label I – label G = 8 = weight GI

label G – label E = 3 = weight EG

label E – label A = 10 = weight AE M1 A1 so A E G I J is path of least weight; weight = 26 A2

- (b) there are no other paths of least weight these would have been revealed by the backward scan B1
- (c) e.g. finding shortest distance by road between two towns B1 (12)
- **6.** (a) $C_1 = 80$; $C_2 = 94$

A2

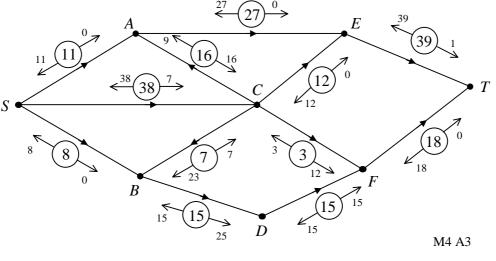
(b) minimum cut: $\{S, A, B, C, D, F\} \mid \{E, T\} = 57$

M1 A1

(c) x = 15, y = 10, z = 36

A3

(d) augment SCET by 2 and SCAET by 1 giving maximum flow below



this is maximum flow as it is equal to the minimum cut

B1 (15)

7. maximise P = 10x + 12y + 8z given *(a)*

$$x + 2y + 4z \le 20$$

$$4x + 3y + 14z \le 75$$

$$5x + 2y + 10z \le 60$$

$$x \ge 0$$
, $y \ge 0$, $z \ge 0$

M2 A2

(b) using slack variables s, t and u gives

$$x + 2y + 4z + s = 20$$

 $4x + 3y + 14z + t = 75$

$$4x + 3y + 14z + t = 75$$

 $5x + 2y + 10z + u = 60$

objective function becomes

$$R - 10x - 12y - 8z = 0$$

hence the given initial tableau

M1 A1

to change inequalities into equations (c)

B1

 θ values are 10, 25 and 30 so pivot row is 1st row (*d*)

2nd tableau is:

Basic Var.	х	у	z	S	t	и	Value
у	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	2	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	10
t	$\frac{5}{2}$	0	8	$-\frac{3}{2}$	1	0	45
и	4	0	6	⁻ 1	0	1	40
R	- 4	0	16	6	0	0	120

M2 A2

choose to increase x next

 θ values are 20, 18 and 10 so pivot row is 3rd row

3rd tableau is:

Basic Var.	х	у	z	S	t	и	Value
у	0	1	$\frac{5}{4}$	<u>5</u> 8	0	$-\frac{1}{8}$	5
t	0	0	$\frac{17}{4}$	$-\frac{7}{8}$	1	$-\frac{5}{8}$	20
x	1	0	$\frac{3}{2}$	$-\frac{1}{4}$	0	$\frac{1}{4}$	10
R	0	0	22	5	0	1	160

M2 A2

optimal solution as all values on the objective row are ≥ 0 (e) company donates 10 two-person and 5 four-person boats

B1 **B**1

> Total (75)

(17)

Performance Record – D1 Paper A

Question no.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Total
Topic(s)	graphs, planarity	bubble sort, bin packing	critical path	matching	Dijkstra's	flows	simplex	
Marks	7	8	8	8	12	15	17	75
Student								